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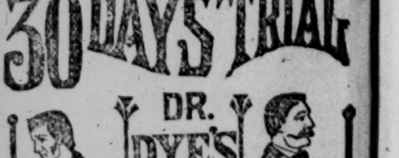

(BEFORE.) (AFTER.)

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J. H. DEWOLF,
President.

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ATHENS, GA., March 29th, 188

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Trains.	No. 50.
Leave Athens	9:15 a m
Arrive at Lula	11:15 a m
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	2:00 p m
Arrive at Atlanta	2:08 p m
Trains.	No. 50.
Leave Tallulah Falls	8:30 a m
Leave Atlanta	8:45 a m
Arrive at Lula	10:45 a m
Arrive at Athens	2:00 p m

Trains daily, Sundays excepted. All make close connection at Lula for passenger on Air Line railroad both east and west.

H. R. BERNARD, Superinten
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUMEE XVI. WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1884. PRICE 5 CENTS.

BROWN ON MORMONISM.

THE UTAH BILL TAKEN UP IN THE SENATE.

Prostitution in New England Should be Punished as well as Polygamy in Utah—The Danville Report Presented—McKinly Unseated—Senator Hoar's Reply to Brown, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—[Special.]—Senator Brown's speech on the Mormon bill to-day created a decided sensation. He had prepared himself with sure fortifications for his propositions, and made a most thorough exposure of the weakness of the bill.

After frequent interruptions of applause, Mr. Turner had a perfect ovation in the house this afternoon at the conclusion of his speech for Mr. Wallace. He never appeared to better advantage. His reply to Mr. Ranney, of Massachusetts, who ranks as the ablest lawyer on the republican side, can only be characterized as annihilating. As Hardeman said, while hearing Turner,

"Old Brooks ought to be proud of her man this day."

COPIAH AND DANVILLE.

Presentation of Reports—Senators Brown and Hoar on Mormonism.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, appeared in his place in the senate this morning, and groups of senators congratulated him on his safe return and improved health. Among the petitions presented was one by Mr. Call from citizens of Key West, Fla., praying for an official inquiry into the conduct of Collector Wickers, and asserting their entire confidence that such inquiry will result in a full vindication of Wickers.

Mr. Hill submitted the report of the committee on postoffices and post roads, on the subject of the postal telegraph bill, relating to which has heretofore been reported from that committee.

THE DANVILLE REPORT.

Mr. Lapham submitted the report of the committee on privileges and elections on the Danville investigation.

Mr. Vance said he would need this week to prepare the minority report.

Mr. Saulsbury submitted the minority report on the Copiah county investigation.

The Danville report was prepared by Senator Lapham. It embodies an exhaustive analysis of the testimony of nearly 200 witnesses, the observations and conclusions of the committee thereon, being distributed throughout the document. It appears from the evidence, the report says, that during the control of the affairs of the state by the democrats or funder party, a constitutional amendment had been adopted in 1876, imposing the payment of a capitation tax of one dollar as a pre-requisite to the right to vote, and a law had been enacted establishing the whipping post as a punishment for minor offenses, persons subject by law to such punishment for certain offenses being disfranchised. The readjuster party having gained the ascendency, amended the constitution: abolished the capitation tax and the whipping post, and for the first time in the history of the state, since the amendment of 1876 was adopted, suffrage at the election in November, 1883, was to be free from such restrictions. Accordingly the democratic party, early in the canvass of last year, renewed its efforts which had before been made to some extent to intensify and excite the race issue in the contest. This was deemed necessary from the fact that the white voters in the state had left their former political associations in such numbers as enabled them, with the aid of the colored voters, to secure a majority in the state and elect the officers of their choice. Without such division of the white votes, success in the state by the coalitionists would have been impossible, as by the census of 1880 the colored voting population in Virginia was only 128,257, while that of the whites was 206,048. While there was no motion, therefore, on the part of the coalition party to excite the race issue, which would inevitably have the effect to alienate the support of the white voters, there was every inducement on the part of the democrats to raise and intensify that issue with the view of recovering the votes of those among the white people who had been supporting the coalition party. The committee here quotes extracts from democratic papers and circulars, illustrating the efforts which it assumes were made to raise and intensify the race issue. The report then deals directly with the Danville riot, claiming that it was premeditated by the whites. Similar recommendations to reduce the representation of states in which suffrage is terrorized, to those in the Copiah report are made.

They quote from the testimony taken by the committee in support of the position taken by them (the minority) that the people of Copiah county are as law abiding as those of any other community, and add that while there are in that county, as in other communities, persons unmindful of their duties as citizens, and reckless alike of their own interests and of the rights of others, they (the minority) "do not hesitate to say that the per centage of such persons is not in excess of that in most other localities, and far less than obtains in many other places. Coming to the remedies proposed by the majority, the publication of the testimony, the passage of the Edmunds bill and an investigation into the conduct of the next election in Mississippi, the minority say that it is a threat to disfranchise the people of the state of Mississippi in the coming presidential election, made with a view to deterring the citizens of that state from casting its electoral vote contrary to the party in power and that "a more flagant and abhorent attempt to bulldoze an entire state by threatening to disfranchise its people and to destroy its autonomy can't be found in the annals of constitutional government. It conclusion the minority say that the duty of the undersigned is, perhaps, discharged by exposing the animus of the recommendation, but they feel justified in saying that they little understand the spirit or temper of the American people, who supposes that they will again submit to the defeat of their will in the choice of president, as was in the case in 1877. Neither an electoral commission nor armed soldiers around the capitol will prevent the installation in the presidential office of the man elevated to that position by the votes of his countrymen.

THE MINORITY COPIAH REPORT.

The minority report on the Copiah investigation is signed by Senators Saulsbury, Jones, Vance and Pugh. It starts out with the assertion that the minority dissent entirely from the statements and conclusions contained in the report of the majority and present their own views of affairs in Copiah county, formed from the testimony of reputable witnesses examined by the committee. They say they would gladly, if they could, exonerate this investigation from the taint or suspicion of partisan purpose and design, but that justice to truth and candor compel them to declare their convictions that it was originated and conducted for the purpose of aiding the republican party in the approaching presidential canvass by reviving the stories of outrage and crime which, they say, were so effectually used in former political campaigns, and perhaps, they add, to furnish an excuse if necessary, for rejecting the vote of Mississippi in the electoral college, and thereby defeating, as was done in 1876, the clearly expressed will of the American people in the choice of a president. They say they are fully aware of the responsibility they assume in making these statements, and assert that they are made from convictions forced upon them at every step in the inquiry. Referring to the origin of the investigation they say, that the resolutions adopted by the senate charged upon the democratic party of Copiah county every species of crime known to the vocabulary of the unscrupulous politician, and upon the authorities of the state neglect and failure to do their duty. These charges, they say, were based upon the statements of an adventurer Burnett, who sought to secure a federal office by proclaiming himself a martyr. The fact that the investigation was held outside of Copiah county, and outside of the state of Mississippi, is evidence that a repetition of the slanders against the people of that county and state was sought to be avoided. Speaking of the report of the majority, they say it furnishes the most indubitable evidence, not only of the partisan purpose of the investigation, but of the unreliability of the statements and conclusions reached, even by a senatorial committee when party interests are to be served by an investigation committed to their charge, and they say further that in their opinion an impartial jury of intelligent men, hearing the testimony taken by the committee, and giving due weight to the evidence, would unhesitatingly arrive at conclusions directly opposite to those submitted by the majority. They say that the majority report evidently ignored and purposely disregarded the sworn testimony of the most intelligent, trustworthy and reliable citizens of Copiah county, and gave full credence and belief to the statements of persons, some of whom were shown to be destitute of character for veracity, and others apparently too ignorant to understand and regard the obligation of the oaths taken by them.

THE YELLOWSTONE BANK SWINDLE.

The senate took up the bill to grant the Cinnabar and Clark's fork railroad company the right of way through a portion of Yellowstone park.

Mr. Logan vehemently opposed giving the right of way to any railroad company through the National park. The mines were a very good cover, but the real object of the railroad was ultimately to give the Northern Pacific railroad a branch through the park. There was a disposition to "gobble up" everything in connection with the park by the railroads and hotel companies. He (Logan) had found herds of cattle and horses in the park. A department of the United States government had divided up into 7 parts 10 acres which the law allowed to be rented to one company, and placed one company in possession of all the hotel privileges in the park, and drove everybody else out, and now the congress of the United States was to be made a foot ball to be kicked about by men outside of it for their own personal gain. He (Logan) would have to do some plain speaking on this subject even if it caused pain. He had been "lobbied" more this winter in behalf of this railroad by an official of this government who was in receipt of $5,000 a year, than he ever had been lobbied in his life. Of course he knew the gentleman well, but thought it in very bad taste for an officer of a department having charge of the park to become a lobbyist for the destruction of the park. Whatever that gentleman may think of his (Logan's) remarks was immaterial; that gentleman and Logan had always been good friends, but he (Logan) lost his respect for any man that would lobby for a corporation. He protested against the destruction of the park.

Mr. Vest gave the details of the management of the park, and said every word stated by Mr. Logan was true. The interior department had divided ten acres by seven, and located each one of the fractional parts around some one of the principal natural curiosities of the park, many miles apart, so that though the Rufus Hatch Improvement company had but ten acres of land for hotel purposes, the ten acres were not in one place but in seven places. This established a monopoly in one company, and was a distinct violation of the spirit in which the act authorizing the hotel privileges was passed. All the transportation facilities of the park had also been placed in the hands of the same company. The result was that the park was as completely under the control of the company as if it were their private property. The company, however, was, he believed, now bankrupt.

Mr. Allison inquired whether Mr. Vest meant to say that the park was absolutely under the control of a private corporation, the very thing that congress endeavored to guard against.

Mr. Vest said that was just the fact.

Mr. Ingalls asked whether it was true that no one could get access to the park except in vehicles of this company.

Mr. Vest replied that such was the order. Although congress had absolutely forbidden a monopoly, it had been permitted. Congress, he said, had not adjourned one week before the contract was made.

After further debate, participated in by Messrs. Harrison, McPherson, Voorhees, Wilson and others, the matter, at 2 o'clock, went over.

MR. BROWN ON MORMONISM.

The Utah bill was laid before the senate.

Mr. Brown spoke at some length in support of his amendment offered yesterday, providing that the voluntary sexual intercourse of a married person with one of the opposite sex, not the husband or wife of such married person, should be the cause and the only cause of absolute divorce from the bond of marriage in the district of Columbia, the territories and other places subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, but divorces from bed and board, as at common law, may in proper cases, be granted. The constitution, he said, expressly prohibited the United States from passing any law respecting the establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, but this did not authorize the practice of immorality under the cloak or in the name of religion. According to the practice of the Christian world, and by the statutes of the United States, polygamy was grossly immoral and punishable by imprisonment, but the government had no right to punish a man for a crime until he was legally convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction. It had no more right to resort to a test oath in order to ascertain a person's guilt or innocence, as to polygamy, than as to murder or any other crime. The Edmunds bill was a shameful violation of the constitution. There were one hundred thousand Mormons who did not practice polygamy, and the United States had certainly no right to punish those because of the sins of the others. Christ was the authority of the Christian world on the subject of the marriage relation, and the one-wife system. It necessarily followed that he was or should be the authority for the dissolution of that relation. The rule laid down by him was that whosoever should put away his wife—except for fornication—and should marry another, committed adultery; and whosoever married her who had been put away, committed adultery. It followed that every man who put away his wife except for fornication and married another, was an adulterer. The state law to the contrary notwithstanding, he was a bigamist or a polygamist, and the woman who illegally put away her husband and married another was guilty of polygamy, because she had two husbands living. This was as illegal a proceeding to the divine law as was the polygamy of the Mormons. Similar offenses which had been committed in the district of Columbia, or in Utah, should be punished with like severity. There was no escape from this prosecution. It was as illegal for a man to have two wives in Massachusetts or Germany, as in Utah. Mr. Brown contrasted the social system of Utah with that elsewhere. The prostituion of Utah was only found in the plural wife system. Under the Mormon system, he said, the husband cohabited with all his wives and they bore generally fruitful offspring. Under the system in the other sections of the union where prostitution and fœticide were practiced, the state of things was worse than with the Mormons, for the murder of unborn offspring was worse than adultery or fornication. The Mormon held himself bound to support and care for the offspring of all his wives. The Gentile did not hold himself bound to support the offspring of his adulterous intercourse, but cast the mother and child together into the street. Why punish the Mormon and not the Gentile? Why not take hold of both and deal with them alike? Mr. Brown contrasted what he termed the polygamy of New England and the polygamy of Utah, stating that while he had no purpose to attack New England, he made the comparison between it and Utah, because New England had kept the statistics of its crimes, while the other states had not. The picture he drew was drawn more in sorrow than in anger. There had been over twenty-seven thousand divorces granted in New England within the past thirty years, destroying twenty-seven thousand families, and turning loose fifty-four thousand persons to marry again, and illegally, except those who were divorced for adultery or fornication in the other party.

Assuming that one-third of them had been divorced for adultery, it would leave 36,000 persons divorced and married again who were practicing polygamy in New England, while the Utah commission, acting under the Edmunds bill, after having searched Utah with a test torch, could find but 12,000 men and women who would not swear that they had never in their lives been guilty of polygamy. Prostitution was practiced in New England to an alarming extent that if continued would in less than a century depopulate New England of its Puritan stock. Vice, avowed, blatant and organized, hindered to some extent its own diffusion, but vice, silent and lurking, trickled into all the crevices of society. A nation of Mormons was impossible, not so a nation of libertines. In Massachusetts, within the last twenty years, the population increased 44 per cent, and the marriages 62 per cent, while divorces increased 147 per cent. It behooved the Christian and the patriot to ponder the consequences that must follow from such a state of society. The church denounced polygamy, and demanded its suppression, and the churches were right, but how then could they wink at illegal divorces; how, without censure, see their ministers officiating for a petty fee at adulterous marriages. If ministers and churches did their whole duty public sentiment would soon sweep from our statute books the wicked and immoral divorce laws. Mr. Brown claimed no right to lecture their Christian churches or their ministers, but as a citizen and a senator he felt it to be his duty to express his convictions with regard to this great evil which was undermining the sanctity of the family, the safety of society and the existence of the state. There were but two means of dealing with the Mormon question. One, the peaceable, legal mode of enacting laws and enforcing them; the other, to put the Mormons to the sword. Many persons had advocated putting them to the sword, but the United States could justify such a course neither before the civilized world nor at the bar of Almighty God. How could we justify the butchery of a hundred thousand Mormons who never practiced polygamy to atone for its practice by 10,000 or 12,000. We should convict and punish the guilty but there we should stop. It would be an outrage upon morality and decency to attempt the slaughter of helpless people because they entertained views on moral questions to which we could not subscribe. It was absurd to assert that the Mormons were in rebellion. No people could be in rebellion who did not resist the laws by force. The Mormons held themselves at all times ready to respond to legal process. A people so conducting themselves could not be in rebellion in any legal sense. Mr. Brown turned some sarcastic periods on what he termed the intermeddling of New England in other people's business, as in the affairs of the southern states. The people did not object so much to the practices in Utah as to the names by which they were called. The Utah commissioners in prescribing a test oath for the voter, were careful to exclude only those who cohabitated with more than one woman in the marriage relation. The Gentile who had one wife and one or more mistresses, could take the oath without difficulty. There was an immense amount of cant and hypocrisy in the whole thing. Mr. Brown was ready to sanction all constitutional legislation which could be devised for the suppression of polygamy in Utah, and of illegal divorces, prostitution and fœticide in New England and elsewhere, but he was not willing to violate the oath he had taken to support the constitution to gratify New England intermeddling, or to suppress any sect or denomination however unpopular it may be.

MR. HOAR'S RESPONSE.

Mr. Hoar said he had heard enough of Mr. Brown's speech to comprehend its character but not its motive. It did not seem possible that that senator had taken so much pains as his speech indicated for the mere purpose of making a malicious and malignant attack on the people of New England. Mr. Hoar could only infer that Mormonism was more in accord with the senator's convictions than opposed to them.

Mr. Brown said the senator had not heard all his remarks or he would not have so inferred.

Mr. Hoar replied that the senator from Georgia (Brown) had made a speech, the logical inference from which was that polygamy was better than the lawful marriage of one husband to one wife. Each country and each section of each country may have vices, but whatever there was in New England that was a reproach to her, Mr. Hoar said, was carefully written down by New England historians. There were sections of the country in which that course was not pursued. If he (Hoar) cared to follow the style of argument followed by the senator from Georgia (Brown) he could say some things without even a reference to statistics, which would be sufficiently disagreeable. With the desire to credit the country from which the senator came with as much propriety as he would, Mr. Hoar thought the presence of large numbers of mulattoes remained to be accounted for some way, but he would not enter upon this sort of argument. This was a bill having a specific purpose, applicable to the territory of Utah. Addressing himself directly to the bill, Mr. Hoar took it up by sections, and explained the legal bearings of its several provisions. Those provisions were such, he said, as either already existed in the state which the senator from Georgia represented, or would at once be placed among the statutes of that state, if polygamy existed within its borders. They were entirely constitutional, and were necessary to carry out the purpose of the bill.

Mr. Hoar replied briefly to Mr. Brown's strictures upon New England, and pending the debate the senate adjourned.

At 5:10 p.m., the senate adjourned.

A Point in Medical Ethics.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 27.—[Special.]—Quite a ripple of excitement in a small way is caused by the case of Dr. J. S. Weatherly, one of our oldest and most prominent physicians, who, as a member of the medical association of Montgomery, neglected to pay his dues, and according to the constitutional limit, was stricken from the roll of membership, while he was absent, being professionally engaged. He, however, tendered the money next day, but it was refused. He applied through his counsel to Judge Arrington for a writ of mandamus, compelling the society to reinstate him. The case has been argued yesterday and to-day on both sides by the best legal talent. The question involved seems in a point of law whether their constitution holds good as to striking a member from the roll for non payment of his dues, or whether the society itself, by vote of its members, only can do it. Judge Arrington will render his decision hereafter.

All Quiet in Iberia.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—Despatches from New Iberia and St. Martinsville report everything quiet. There is no probability now of a conflict.

PREGNANT POLITICS.

BIG WITH PROMISE FOR SHERMAN AS A FINANCIER.

How the Business Depression Gives John the Only Boom He Ever Had—The Race Between Blaine and Arthur—The Stalwarts Veering Towards Blaine—Democracy United.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27.—[Special.]—There is no use disguising the fact that a feeling of depression is gradually and surely gaining here. It reflects the sentiment in New York. To-night all sorts of rumors are floating as to the developments soon to be made in financial circles. Many of these reports are wild, but it is undoubtedly true the bracing of stocks to-day was artificial, and does not indicate a restoration of confidence. The effect of this general feeling on the political situation is hard to estimate. It has given John Sherman the only genuine boom he ever had, and his chances for the nomination are now far better than Arthur's or Blaine's. Nobody likes Sherman, but everybody trusts him. He could do more than any man in his party to restore confidence, and cool the fever which now agitates the finances of the country.

BETWEEN BLAINE AND ARTHUR.

The contest between Blaine and Arthur grows closer every day with the recent gains in favor of Arthur. The Blaine men claim that the apparent increase of Arthur's strength has actually been favorable to their candidate. They say that it has centered the fight down between those two, and many politicians who had candidates whom they preferred to Blaine, have gone over to him now, feeling that they have to select between the two. One of Blaine's most earnest and reliable supporters, who has recently returned from New York, and who has constant communication with Blaine, said to-day that he knew it to be true that Conkling and Grant have expressed themselves openly in favor of Blaine. Conkling came out positively and emphatically, he said, without giving any reason for his action, and Grant gave as his reason that he felt that Logan's chances were gone, and he had to choose between Arthur and Blaine, and selected the latter because the party must put up a positive and aggressive man if they hoped to win.

A MAN WHO KNOWS.

Ex-Senator George E. Spence, who is an intimate friend of Mr. Conkling and who has recently talked politics with the latter, said:

"I don't think that Grant and Conkling have openly declared for Blaine, but he is no doubt their preference as the case stands. Both of them are anxious to see Arthur beaten and they look upon Blaine now as the only man who can certainly do that. For the sake of beating Arthur Conkling and Grant will do all that they can for Blaine. General Grant would rather see Logan nominated than anyone else, but he sees that Logan has no chance, and that if the anti-Arthur forces divide up it may give the president the nomination."

Some talk is had of selecting Justice Miller as a compromise candidate, but it does not reach any considerable importance. A day of disaster on Wall street between now and next Tuesday would make Sherman's nomination almost certain.

ALL HANDS ROUND FOR TILDEN.

As to the democratic outlook no new developments are noted. When men like Morrison and Dorsheimer announce that Tilden's nomination is necessary it is proof strong as holy write that the voice of the people cannot be disregarded by the leaders who are most opposed to the old ticket.

SOUTH CAROLINA AT CHICAGO.

The Republican Delegation on its Way to Chicago—A Break for Blaine Probable.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 27.—[Special.]—Mr. Robert Boone (a lineal descendant of the great Daniel Boone) passed through Columbia last night on his way to Chicago. He is a delegate to the republican convention. He is an Arthur man, but will vote for Blaine should his favorite fail to secure the nomination on the first ballot. He seems to regard the latter as the coming man—the next president. Mr. Boone is postmaster at Newberry, and is one of the few honest republicans in South Carolina. Several other delegates leave here for Chicago to-night. I have talked with most of them. It is understood among themselves that they will cast a solid vote on the first ballot for President Arthur. If he fails to carry the convention on at first trial of strength, the South Carolina delegates will break for other candidates. Some will support Blaine, some Edmunds, others Lincoln, and a few will fall in the Sherman ranks. Wherever the money chinkles the loudest there will they be found the thickest. They constitute an article of cash value, that is nearly all of them, and the candidate who pays the most will bag them. Look out for a stampede of negro voters when the money bags are brought out.

ARTHUR WILL PROBABLY LOSE THE STATE.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 27.—[Special.]—About this time next week there will probably be a row in the camp of South Carolina's delegation at Chicago. Robert Smalls, the convict congressman, and his henchman Deas, of Darlington, have seceded from the Arthur party and gone over to Blaine. They claim that they can carry six other delegates with them. Smalls declares that he will not support Arthur under any circumstances: that he will not vote for him even if he should get the nomination. He asserts that the state convention left the delegates free to exercise their own wills in making a choice; that it was not intended by that body to do more than pass a resolution commending Arthur's administration, and that no instructions were given the delegation. This being true, he sees no reason why Arthur can lay claim to the eighteen South Carolina delegates. Only the office-holders, he asserts, will vote for Arthur on the first ballot, and if they perceive that he cannot carry the day, then they will go for the winning man. Smalls thinks Blaine will win; that he will get the most votes on the first ballot, but not quite enough to nominate him; then he will gradually gain votes until about the fifth ballot, when he will carry the convention by storm. Boone Ensor and Stallbrand are of Small's way of thinking, and they can not be counted on to give Arthur any very enthusiastic support. They prefer Blaine to any other candidate, and should Arthur fail on the first vote, they will support their favorite. The fact that they hold office under the United States government causes them to uphold Arthur, but they do this not because they desire his nomination, but because they think they will lose their heads should he fail. They are a sharp set, and will look out for number one.

THE GREENBACK CONVENTION.

A Large and Enthusiastic Attendance—Butler Certain to be Nominated.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 27.—The attendance at the greenback national convention, which meets here to-morrow, will be much larger than has been expected. There are now about 500 delegates in the city, and 200 more are expected. The convention meets at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, and all indications point to the nomination of ex-Governor Butler for president. A well defined opposition to the nominatian of Butler exists, and is led by Solon Chase, of Maine, and George O. Jones, of New York. There is, however, no probability of its developing enough strength to defeat Butler. An attempt has been made to work up a boom for Jesse Harper, of Illinois, and the Maryland delegation will vote for him, but the movement seems to have but little strength elsewhere. General West, of Mississippi, appears to be the unanimous choice of the delegates for vice-president. General Tyler, of Florida, will be made temporary chairman, and Mr. Werner, of Iowa, permanent presiding officer.

M'KINLEY TURNED OUT.

The Cotton Tie Taxer Unseated and Wallace Sworn in.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—In the house the speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Dibrell, of Tennessee, Williams, of Alabama, and White, of Minnesota, as conferees, on the agricultural appropriation bill.

Mr. Ellis, of Louisiana, called up the joint resolution appropriating the further sum of $100,000 for the relief of the sufferers by the overflow of the Mississippi river and its tributaries. He said there were in the lower Mississippi valley between 25,000 and 40,000 persons in actual state of starvation, while the prospect was that the waters would remain at their present height for at least four weeks longer. He therefore appealed to the humanity of the house to act speedily upon the resolution. Passed—yeas 120, nays 78.

The house then resumed the consideration of the Wallace-McKinley contested election case.

THE OHIO CONTESTED ELECTION.

Mr. McKinley, contestee, made a ten minute speech in his own behalf. He invoked no technicality, and declared that he did not want a seat which could be retained only by invoking them, but he asserted that conceding every technicality he would still have an unquestioned majority of the votes cast in the eighteenth Ohio district.

Mr. Turner, of Georgia, in a rapid review of the questions involved in the case closed the debate. He made a strong speech, and was frequently applauded by his party associates.

The house then proceeded to vote upon the minority resolution, declaring McKinley entitled to to the seat. It was lost: yeas 108, nays 158. The following democrats voted with the republicans in the affirmative:

Messrs. Blackburn, Dorsheimer, Hurd, Mills, Potter, Robertson, Thomson, while the others voted with the democrats. The majority resolution, seating Wellace, was adopted without a division, and that gentleman appeared at the bar and took the oath of office.

The house adjourned.

HOW BLISS SHIELDED KELLOGG

Lawyer Kerr Shows Why the Guilty Ex-Senator Was Left Off.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—W. W. Kerr continued his testimony to-day before Springer's committee relative to the prosecution of the star route cases. He said: "There was a conference of Bliss, Merrick and myself. Merrick said that Kellogg should be indicted because he was a public official, but Bliss thought it was not proper to proceed against him in the trial until his term as senator should have expired, because if convicted it would break the republican majority of the senate. But as the statute of limitations would be the case if delayed, he was of the opinion that it was absolutely necessary to secure an indictment. Mr. Merrick considered the case from the standpoint of a lawyer not a politician. Mr. Bliss showed no disposition to get an indictment. Finally an indictment was secured, at which Mr. Bliss was fearfully wrathy. Mr. Kerr, at this point, stated that Mr. Bliss insisted again that Kellogg ought not to be indicted. Mr. Merrick said that an indictment should be found. The dispute assumed a political aspect. Mr. Bliss accused Mr. Merrick of being prejudiced politically. Mr. Brewster said that he didn't want politics considered. He then related the story of the payment of the $20,000 in notes and drafts by Price to Kellogg. Kellogg told Bliss that he took the $20,000 received from Price and used it for political purposes in Lousiana. Kellogg has also gone to a newspaper correspondent and said that he would take a shotgun and blow my d—d brains out. All I've got to say is for Kellogg to let me know when he is coming and I'll be ready for him."

George Bliss to-day refused to be interviewed or to say anything relative to the testimony of Mr. Kerr before the Springer committee.

FIRE AND ACCIDENT.

Fatal Explosion in Troy, New York—Fire in Charleston.

TROY, N. Y., May 27.—The bleacher exploded in Moore & Wilson's straw board mill, at Waterford, at 10:30 o'clock last night, totally demolishing the building. The bleacher was carried 300 feet across the canal where it destroyed a wooden store house and partly buried itself in the ground. James Reddish, aged 35 years, Cohoes; Edward Kelly, aged 23, of Waterford; Michael O'Shea, aged 30, of Albany; Michael Creed, aged 26, of Waterford, and John Hefferman, aged 42, of Waterford, were killed. Kelly was blown up on the roof of a two story building, and Reddish and O'Shea were blown to the top of a four story building. Creed and Hefferman were taken from the ruins. All were badly scalded, and their arms and legs broken. Reddish leaves a widow and five children, Kelly a widow, O'Shea a widow and two children, and Hefferman a widow and one child. Creed was unmarried. Four other men were in the mill at the time, but escaped uninjured, being only thrown down by the explosion. The upper story of the building was filled with straw lamps which were put out by the concussion and no fire resulted.

FIRE IN CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 27.—Before day light this morning a fire destroyed the accommodation wharf, the steamer Pilot Boy, Goldsmith's warehouses in Vendue Range, and several wharf sheds. The estimated loss, including that on the steamer Pilot Boy, which was burned to the water's edge, is $95,000 as follows: W. Goldsmith & Son's buildings and stock, $56,000; F. D. Phillips, steamer Pilot Boy, $15,000; G. W. Egan, wharf property, $10,000; L. R. Trenholm, wharf property, $1,500; Pelzer Rogers & Co., building, $2,500; C. R. Holmes grain, $1,000; Sloan & Co., cotton, $5,500; J. L. Loigmous, cotton, $2,500; A. D. McCobb, hay, $1,000. The insurance will aggregate about $80,000, divided among the various companies represented here.

PROVIDENCE, May 27.—The Glenrock cotton mills, with the exception of the finishing rooms, located at Usquapeng, town of Richmond, burned this morning.

WORCESTER, Mass., May 27.—The Brierly mill, at Millbury, owned by L. L. Whitney, was burned to-day. Loss $50,000.

THE SOUTHERN FLOODS.

Washouts in Texas and Overflows in Louisiana.

BATON ROUGE, La., May 27.—Senator Bobson, of Shreveport, has received discouraging accounts of the situation in the Red river valley. According to his advices the country lying below Caddo and the Bossier hills for nearly 100 miles down from a point five miles below Shreveport, is under water to the average depth of four feet. Five places belonging to Senator Robson and 200 belonging to other planters are overflowed. The cotton product of the submerged area is estimated at 75,000 bales.

GALVESTON, Tex., May 27.—Reports from all parts of the state reveal the fact that washouts have occurred over all the lines of the Texas railroad. At eastern approach of the Bremond narrow gauge railroad to the bridge across the San Jacinto river have been carried away. The whole country thereabouts is under water. People are fleeing to the highlands. Large numbers of cattle have been drowned and the stock of all kinds have suffered.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The graves of the confederate dead at Fredericksburg, Va., were decorated yesterday. Business was suspended.

B. J. Treacey, of Lexington, Ky., has been fined three hundred dollars for publishing a slanderous card about Circuit Judge Morton.

RIDDLE'S RASCALITY

AS PRESIDENT OF THE PENN BANK ESTABLISHED.

Money Advanced to a Fictitious Firm of Oil Speculators to an Amount Greater than the Entire Capital of the Bank—Developments in New York on the Recent Breaks.

PITTSBURG, May 27.—The directors of the Penn bank this morning took possession of the individual book accounts of the concern, and up to 1 o'clock had struck some developments which promise to show why the second collapse came so soon and suddenly. There is among the accounts one of the firm of D. Wilson & Co., which shows over-checking to the amount of $240,000. No such firm is known in this city, and it is supposed to represent the accounts of a number of persons lately operating on the wrong side of the oil market, who have been allowed to draw to the extent named. The director who furnished the information states further that the account of a prominent oil dealer is overdrawn $97,000. These two accounts represent an over-draft of $337,000, or $7,000 in excess of the entire capital and surplus of the bank. The directors have appointed a committee to employ experts who will go over the book and report as speedily as possible. President Riddle was sufficiently recovered this morning from the effects of yesterday's narcotic dose to be safely removed to the residence of a friend.

ECHOES FROM WALL STREET.

President Fish Exonorates General Grant—A Guilty Knowledge of What was Going on.

NEW YORK, May 27.—President Fish now says that he did not mean to charge that General Grant had any guilty knowledge of the frauds in government contracts, but simply intended to say that letters received from General Grant were of such tenor as to warrant any one in having confidence in the representation made by Ward. John D. Fish says his father regarded General Grant's position in regard to Ward's transactions as similar to his own, that both of them were misled to the extent of trusting entirely to what was said by Ward.

THE FEELING ON THE STREET.

At 11 o'clock there was a further advance in the stock market, and prices rose ¼ to 1⅜ per cent. Lackawanna rose 1⅜ to 99; St. Paul ⅞ to 70¼; Northwestern 1⅜ to 98; Louisville and Nashville 1½ to 33¼; Missouri Pacific 1⅜ to 72; Jersey Central 1⅜ to 55⅜; New York Central 1 to 109; Northern Pacific preferred, ⅞ to 46⅜; Reading 1 to 29; Paific Mail to 39; Texas Pacific 1½ to 13¾; Union Pacific ⅞ to 41⅞; and Western Union 1 to 56¾. Subsequently Lackawanna declined to 97¾, and the general list fell off ¼ to 1¼ per cent.

It is expected that the West Side bank will resume business to-morrow if the bank examiner will accord it permission. A number of clearing house banks have combined to assist it.

This afternoon a bill of sale was recorded in the office of the register from George I. Seney to the Metropolitan National bank, for $350,000, of all the paintings and pictures in his house in Brooklyn.

It is stated that the West Side bank will resume Thursday.

The United States District-Attorney Root lodged a warrant for the arrest of Ferdinand Ward, at Ludlow street jail to-night, on the complaint of Bank Examiner Scriba, who charges that Ward aided and abetted President James D. Fish in misappropriating the funds of the Marine bank. The affidavit recites the same facts as in the case of Fish, giving the amount drawn out of the bank by Grant and Ward as $375,000.

RUNS AND FAILURES.

The Scare Reaches Arkansas—Senator Mahone Goes Through.

LITTLE ROCK, May 27.—A special to the Democrat from Hot Springs says that Hot Springs National bank closed its doors to-day, owing to a run on the bank caused by the reported absence of its president, Andrew Bruon. Its liabilities are $40,000. A run has commenced on the Arkansas National bank of Hot Springs, which is understood to be in good condition. There is great excitement at Hot Springs.

PETERSBURG, Va., May 27.—Ingee & Mahone, large tobacconists of this city, have made a deed of trust for the benefit of their creditors. Liabilities and assets not known. The junior member of the firm is the oldest son of Senator Mahone.

RICHMOND, Va., May 27.—Judge R. W Hughes, of the United States district court, has appointed John Pickrell receiver in the case of Baring Bros. & Co. and others, against S. Blanchard, who recently assigned.

BOSTON, May 27.—F. A. Hawley & Co., brokers, who recently failed, will make a statement to their creditors to-morrow. This will, it is understood, show the assets to be $25,000 and liabilities upward of $300,000.

TRADE AND LABOR.

Spinners Returning to Work in Fall River—Anthracite Mining to Suspend.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 27.—On account of the depression in the cotton goods trade, the mills here have been compelled to reduce their expenses. The King manufacturing company has reduced the salaries of its officers and the wages of its hands 15 per cent. The Enterprise manufacturing company has cut down its salaries 20 per cent and wages 15 per cent. The Augusta factory will shut down two days each week. The Sibley & Langley manufacturing company, on account of the purchase of cotton at low rates, will run full time and make no reduction. The Graniteville and Vancluse factories have taken no action, but the operatives have been cautioned to live economically, as it may be necessary to shut down for some time during the summer.

FALL RIVER, May 27.—The striking spinners of the Tecumseh mill returned to work this morning. Only the Slade Chace and Wampanoag employes now remain out.

The strike is over, and the end of the present week will find all the striking spinners at work again, if they can find work in the city.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 27.—An official notice was issued to-day that coal mining in the anthracite regions will be suspended during the entire first and third weeks in June, twelve working days.

MANCHESTER, May 27.—Cloth is firm, with sellers asking an advance. Merchants are buying very sparingly. Yarn firm on Liverpool advices. Prices practically dearer.

A LECHEROUS UNCLE.

A Terrible Story of Crime From Michigan—Secretly Tried and Sentenced.

DETROIT, May 27.—David Stone, the half witted uncle of a six year old girl, Lula Dyck, who was arrested last week on the suspicion of having outraged and murdered his niece, confessed the terrible crime on Monday night. The matter was kept a profound secret and last night he was taken into court without the public having knowledge of it, and was sentenced to the state prison for life. Then being put into a close carriage, he was driven across the country to Jackson, where he arrived early this morning. These extraordinary proceedings were taken on account of the intense feeling at Hillsdale, and to avoid lynching, which had been threatened should suspicions against Stone ripen into certainty.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTRY PRESS.

The Cavalry Officers of the State—Burning of a Saw-Mill near Bremen—Racing at Waynesboro—The Americus Library Association—The Rice Crop in South Georgia, Etc.

The Augusta Chronicle, of the 2d inst., speaking of the reorganization of the Richmond Hussars, said: "It is not generally known, but it is a fact that Captain J. W. Clark is the ranking cavalry officer of the state." Relating to this matter the Waynesboro True Citizen says: "Well, now, Burke county has something to say about that. At the unveiling of the confederate monument in Augusta, Captain J. Pinck Thomas, of this city, was in command of all the cavalry, and Captain Clark was there. We met Captain Thomas a day or two ago, and asked him if this statement was true, why was this thusness? He remarked that he ranked Captain Clark, that his commission was from Governor James M. Smith, and dated some time in October, 1874, and he thought that at that time Major Joseph B. Cumming was in command of the Richmond Hussars. We merely mention this fact as Captain Thomas is an old veteran of the Hussars, and while his company, the Wilkins Cavaliers, is in a perfunctory state, still he holds his commission, and is ready to call out his company in case of any sudden emergency.

Waynesboro Citizen: The following note was picked up near one of our institutions of learning: "Sallie, is you goin' to let me play mumble peg with you to-day?" We hope Sallie was in a good humor and played with the little fellow.

Twelve marriages recently took place in one day in Maysville.

Since the first of July last there has been shipped from Darien 43,673,993 feet of pitch pine timber, lumber and deals.

The jail in Gordon county is empty.

Last week there were eight clearances from the port of Darien and one arrival. The value of the cargoes for export was $50,000. These are now sixteen vessels in port.

Americus Recorder: At the annual meeting of the Americus library association on the 13th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: E. A. Hawkins, president; Lott Warren, vice-president; E. J. Eldridge, secretary; M. Speer, treasurer; J. A. Cobb, T. Wheatley, C. H. Wooten, L. S. Tower, N. A. Smith, U. B. Harrold, B. P. Hollis, directors. From President Gyles's annual address we learn that the library has now 1,681 books on its shelves, with a membership numbering 119. During the past year 135 new books were purchased. The library has been designated by congress as the repository for this district of all government documents.

Monroe Advertiser: The Zellners are adepts in the business of making provisions at home. A short time since we told of some homemade hams sold by one of them. A few days since a brother of this one, Mr. W. J. Zellner, sold 200 pounds of hams to Mr. R. B. Stephens. They are plump, round, well trimmed, and have the ideal color.

Mr. Burns's sawmill, two miles east of Bremen, was burned last Wednesday. It caught on fire from a slab pile.

On account of the mill being shut down at Doboy, work on the artesian well on the island has suspended, and the tools, etc., have been removed to Union island, where work on the artesian well at that place will be commenced at once.

The Episcopalians of Americus have raised a fund for a minister's salary, and are making arrangements to have a regular pastor.

At Powell's mills, Mr. Powell, with thirty-five hands, chopped 175 acres of cotton, in seven foot rows, on last Friday.

The Athens Chronicle's Powell's mills correspondent says:

> I heard an old lady say a few days ago that when she was a girl that there was a certain young man who made it a rule to treat her father to ice cream, soda, etc., every time an opportunity presented, trying to catch her; "but," she said, "I never did like that young man, for I thougot he ought to be paying his attentions to me, and not father." Now, young men, take warning—for I expect some young ladies of the present day would like to be courted directly. So now, if you don't lavish your wealth upon them in this way, they will think you are paying your respects to the old man, and not to them. Watch.

The rice crop in south Georgia is said to be better than ever before.

The colored people are having huge naval excursions between Darien and Brunswick.

Sylvania Telephone: Mr. S. E. Bolton, of this county, reports to us that he has forms on some of his cotton. He says also that he drove up his flock of sheep, last week, to shear, and that he found one among them which had six hoofs and one horn on one of his feet. The horn grew out just above the hoof, and curved around the front, being about four or five inches in length. This is rather a remarkable freak of nature.

The Waynesboro Citizen gives the following account of an interesting event on the Georgia turf:

> The present week has been marked by several interesting and exciting races over the Waynesboro course. On Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock p. m., time was called and the horses promptly took their places. There were three entries for this race: Lady Maud, b. m., J. E. McCullough; Juno Temple, b. m., W. A. Wilkins; Queen, b. m., J. A. Polhill. This race was hotly contested and some beautiful trotting executed. The first heat was won by Juno Temple, in 3:7½; the second heat was carried off by Queen in 3:6¾; in the third heat Juno Temple was again triumphant and she carried off the honors. For the second race Tuesday evening three entries were made: Florence, s. m., W. A. Wilkins; Selim, b. g., J. D. Munnerlyn, Jr.; Dexter, br. g., W. McCathern. Dexter came under the string ahead in 3:1 on first heat. In second heat Selim won; time 3. The third heat was taken by Dexter in 2:57, pressed by Munnerlyn's colt for all he was worth, and only ¼ second behind. Indeed, so closely were Dexter and Selim matched that it rendered this race as exciting as any which ever came off on any course. Florence was so badly off her feet that she was withdrawn after the first heat. The next race was a scrub quarter dash between Munnerlyn's gray colt and Bob Hatcher's bay horse, which was easily won by the colt in twenty-nine seconds. For the first race of the second day, the following entries were made: Commodore, s. s., W. A. Wilkins; Silver King, b. g., W. Godbee; Maud S., b. m., S. Scharzweiss. This race was easily won by Maud S. in two heats, time 3:08. The following entries were booked for the second race: Morgan, s. g., S. B. Bell; Bay Sallion, Heggie Bros., (Augusta), Mollie B, W. A. Wilkins. The race was very close, creating great excitement. On the first heat Morgan came in half a neck ahead of Bay Stallion, time 2:51. On the second heat Morgan made a tremendous effort and came in well ahead in 2:46. Mollie B showed fine speed, but cast a toeweight on the first heat, and a front shoe on the second, which entirely destroyed her chances. At the close of the races the walking matches were declared off.

The Georgia marble company has raised from their quarry a block of marble 12 feet long, 6 feet wide and 3 feet 4 inches thick, without a fracture or blemish. This block contains 252 cubic feet and weighs about 50,000 pounds.

POLITICS IN GEORGIA.

Mr. J. H. Fulgham is a candidate for the legislature from Burke.

Mayor E. M. Word, of Decatur, will be a candidate for representative from DeKalb county.

Columbus Times: The announcement that Hon. L. F. Garrard will not be a candidate for reelection to the legislature will doubtless be a surprise to many, though it is a determination arrived at some months ago. He has served three terms in the house of representatives, during the last occupying the speaker's chair, the highest office within the gift of that body, the duties of which he discharged with honor to himself and the unanimous approval of his compeers. His determination and desire now to retire from legislative work is a matter of regret for he is one of Muscogee's sons whom she has ever delighted to honor and whose every expressed political aspiration she has crowned with success and into his retirement he can carry the pleasurable knowledge that much of the state legislation of late years bears the impress of his conservative mind.

W. K. Williams, Jas. M. Dean and E. C. Ledford, are candidates for representative from White to the next legislature.

The citizens of Shelby county will meet at the courthouse on Saturday June 7th to select delegates to attend the state convention in Atlanta.

Milledgeville Chronicle: The political caldron in this county seems to have cooled down considerably. We know of but three candidates for the legislature, Mr. William Caraker, Dr. Kenan, and Mr. R. N. Lamar. They are all good men, and the race will no doubt be a close one. Our people are now engaged in weighing the candidates, and very little talk is being done.

Quitman Free Press: Several papers throughout the state have said that the political pot in Georgia would boil pretty warmly this year. It may be so, and the reason why the boiling will be hot is because none but democrats will be at the boiling. Family fusses are very exciting and noisy for a little while, but after they are over everybody kisses and makes friends, and that's the last of it till next time. In this section the situation is growing monotonous. Only a few of the one-legged boys have announced themselves for the tax offices. Nobody can be found who wants to go to the legislature. Bob Mitchell is going to the senate, Turner goes back to congress without opposition, McDaniel will be the next governor, and we have all settled on Tilden for president. Now, as we remarked, the thing is getting seriously monotonous just here and just now. The spirit of political war is upon us. We want to find a man who is brave enough to run against Ponder for coroner.

THE TELFAIR ACADEMY.

What is Being Done in the Old Mansion—The Director in Charge of the Work.

From the Savannah Morning News.

The Morning News has from time to time noted the progress of the work upon the Telfair academy of arts and sciences. Since the arrival of the director, Mr. Brandt, the work, which was suspended by the architect, has been resumed under his direction. The large collection of pictures and casts which Mr. Brandt purchased during his visit to Europe are stored in boxes awaiting the completion of the building, with the exception of the casts of the famous frieze of the Parthenon, which are now being arranged to form the frieze in the main hall. This collection comprises 51 slabs, 30 of which were taken from the west frieze of the Parthenon and 20 from the north frieze, the latter including the famous Riders, and was made from the original marbles in the British museum. The frieze in the main hall will be composed of the first part of the collection. Each of the slabs, weighing nearly 300 pounds, is taken from the case in which it was brought from the museum and lowered into a large trough, where it is soaked. It is afterwards placed in a sort of crib and lifted by tackling to the ceiling and swung into position, the bottom of the slab resting upon a heavy cornice secured to the wall several feet below the ceiling by strong spikes. It is then slowly settled against the wall until it rests firmly in an upright position. A small hole is drilled through the background, and a funnel is inserted through which is poured plaster of Paris, cementing the slab to the wall so that it can only be removed by tearing away the cornice and sawing out the cement. Another slab is then lifted and placed by the side of the first, the hole made for the funnel and the joint between the two slabs being carefully filled with plaster, so that the frieze when erected has the appearance of a continuous slab with the groups and figures following one after another in the order in which they were in the Parthenon.

The north frieze, comprising the famous Riders, and which is the more interesting of the two, will be placed in the sculpture hall, arranged in the walls some distance below the ceiling and above the fireplaces, where it can be more readily studied. This frieze, together with the pedimenta of the Parthenon arranged upon pedestals, and several torsos, will populate the sculpture hall.

The main hall in which the frieze is being erected is filled with scaffolding reared above the heavy cases of casts, and very little idea can be had of its beauty until this is removed and the original color of the frieze is restored and the tint placed upon the walls. To accomplish this difficult and delicate work will require a long time. It was hoped that it might be completed so that the academy could be opened in the fall. This, however, Mr. Brandt states will be an impossibility, and that it cannot, under any circumstances, be finished before the first of January. The completion of the building is first to be accomplished, and after this the placing of the statuary and the paintings will itself occupy considerable time, the arrangement of the pedimenta in the sculpture hall being a most difficult task.

In conversation with Mr. Brandt concerning the work upon the academy, he said: "It a slow task, and one that must be done with the greatest care."

"In the arrangement of the various rooms of the building, how will they be designated?"

"Upon the first floor the room upon the north side of the building will be the sculpture hall. That upon the south side will be devoted to the collection bequeathed to the academy by Miss Telfair, comprising some works of more or less historic interest and value.

"The four rooms upon the second floor will be devoted to the purposes of a library, school room, studio, and the director's room. That upon the north of the main hall, and fronting the square, will contain the library, the nucleus of which will be the works left by Miss Telfair to be enlarged by the addition of a library of works upon art. The adjoining room upon the same side of the hall will be the school room.

"The object of the institution is not alone to furnish a gallery of statuary and paintings for casual inspection and study, but to furnish instruction to those who practice the decorative and mechanical arts. With this object in view the director has so far as possible endeavored to embrace in the collection works which will carry practical ideas to those who will avail themselves of the school, which will be established as soon as practicable. This school will include classes in all varieties of art—in drawing from the antique and in time from life, in painting and modeling, and in matters relating to decorative art, so that the advantages obtained in the most advanced schools and colleges will be brought to the homes of the people. A competent corps of instructors will be in charge of the various departments as soon as the school is fairly establishd and the school room is arranged for this purpose.

"The east room upon the south side of the hall will be occupied by the director and the west room adjoining it as a studio."

The building as it now is will not contain the collection purchased by Mr. Brandt, and the construction of an annex is necessitated. The plan under consideration includes an addition sixty feet square and two stories in height, the lower floor to be devoted to the collection of casts from the antique, and also to contain the celebrated group, the Farnese Bull, one of the largest antique groups in existence, and which was made directly from the original in the national museum at Naples. This group, owing to its size, cannot be placed in the main building. The second floor of the annex will contain the collection of paintings which the academy may from time to time acquire, with the famous tapestry paintings which Mr. Brandt purchased from the Munich exhibition. This purchase includes a series of paintings, constituting a frieze 10 feet in height and 200 feet long. It will be impossible, under any circumstances, to place it in the main building, and in consequence it will not be exhibited until the annex is completed, when it will be hung as a frieze in the picture gallery.

The tinting of the walls will be done wholly by Mr. Brandt, an evidence of whose superior taste is seen in the New York academy of design. The object of this delicate work is to form a background upon which pictures and objects of art will be exhibited to the best advantage, attracting the attention wholly to them with the least possible perception of the background upon which they are shown.

This work in the main hall and in the painting galleries and sculpture hall will require the exercise of great care and judgement, and will be done slowly, so that the best effects will be obtained.

In the meanwhile parts of the collection which Mr. Brandt purchased abroad are continually arriving and are held to await their place when the academy is opened.

Shot and Killed.

From the Waycross, Ga., Reporter.

We learn that a man living near Spanish Creek depot, on the Waycross Short Line, of the S. F. and W. railway system, killed a man by the name of Hurst, who lived at the Albertson mill, at Broganza station, under the following circumstances: It seems that Hurst had furnished Gay with a mule, it being understood that Hurst was to have the use of the mule when he desired it. He went for the mule a week or ten days ago, but failed to get it, and went back again on Tuesday last for it, when Gay refused to let him have it, having locked the stable door. Hurst was going, so report says, toward the stable when Gay discharged the contents of both barrels of his gun into his body, the gun being heavily loaded, causing immediate death. We understand that Hurst was a quiet, peaceable, easy, good, inoffensive man. He leaves a wife and three children to mourn his loss, and battle for existence as best they can. At last accounts Gay was still in the neighborhood. Possibly he considers his acts justifiable and will not make an attempt to leave.

GEORGIA CROP NEWS.

Oats doing finely in Marion county.

Wheat prospects fine in Milton county.

Cotton crop in Stewart county in fine condition.

Cotton and corn promising in Lowndes county.

Fine prospects for cotton and corn in Burke county.

Wheat prospects are very promising in Hart county.

Watermelon crop very promising in Lowndes county.

Crops generally growing beautifully in Houston county.

Corn is somewhat late, but looks remarkably well in Thomas county.

Crop prospects in Lowndes county were never better this time of the year.

Good stands of cotton in Meriwether county. A large crop counted on.

Oats fine and heavy in Lincoln county. Never a prettier stand of cotton and corn.

Peach crop promises to be abundant in Forsyth county. Fine stand of cotton; wheat looking well.

The stand of cotton and corn throughout south Georgia is excellent, and the prospects for a good crop were never better.

Harris county will perhaps not make over two-thirds of a wheat crop. Oats will make a fair crop, flattering prospect for fruit.

Haralson county will make only a fair crop of wheat. Cotton looks well; corn growing fast, and most of it plowed the second time.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED,

The Trial of Wife Beaters in Savannah—A Book Agent's Misfortune—Fire in Augusta—Three Negroes Killed by Lightning Near Eastman—A Bank for Sandersville, Etc.

Cleveland, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—A few days ago L. C. Jackson committed an assault and battery on J. H. Standridge.

Corn and wheat crops look well, but oats are almost a failure.

The Price of Ice Raised.

Savannah, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—There is considerable dissatisfaction here over the sudden advance of one hundred per cent in the price of ice and there is talk now of an ice factory being established.

A Bank for Sandersville.

Sandersville, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Sandersville is contemplating the establishment of a bank. Colonel J. N. Gilmore, who has ever been vigilant of the interests of our city, is one of the most energetic movers in this enterprise.

The Bodies Found.

Athens, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—The bodies of the two negro boys that were drowned on Sunday evening, were found to-day. A great deal of dynamite was used to make the bodies rise. They were found a half mile from where they were drowned.

Going to Brunswick.

Savannah, May 27.—[Special.]—The cadets of the Georgia military academy and the Chatham gun club will visit Brunswick during the fair in June. The latter have a contest with the Brunswick gun club.

Court in McIntosh.

Darien, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—The superior court convened here Saturday morning, with Judge A. P. Adams on the bench. Hon. Rufus E. Lester, P. W. Meldrim, W. W. Fraser and Solicitor General Charlton, of the Savannah bar, and Judge Harden, of the Liberty bar, are in attendance.

Two Deaths in Gainesville.

Gainesville, May 27.—[Special.]—There were two corpse in Gainesville yesterday, Mr. Alvah Smith and an infant of Mr. Charles Dozier. Each died about 1:30 p. m. Mr. Smith has been in feeble health for some time with dropsy and his death released him from severe and protracted suffering.

Wife Beaters in Court.

Savannah, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Two negroes and one white man were before the mayor to-day on the charge of unmercifully beating their wives. Owing to the refusal of the women to testify fully, the rascals were let off with light fines. Wife beating is becoming too common among certain classes, and the whipping post is advocated.

A Book Agent's Misfortune.

Savannah, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—James Bernhardt, hailing from Augusta, was arrested here today on a warrant issued at the instance of M. C. Garvey, book agent. He had Bernhardt employed canvassing for books sold on the installment plan, and claims that Bernhardt collected sums amounting to two hundred dollars, and failed to make returns.

Killed by Lightning.

Eastman, May 27.—[Special.]—Reliable information reaches here that during a storm last Saturday three negroes, a man and his wife and son, were killed by lightning in the western portion of Dodge county, near the Ocmulgee river. They took shelter under the ginhouse of Mose Lampkin, a colored man, and were all struck by the same flash of electricity, and a mule near by was also killed by the same stroke. No other damage was done.

The Seasons in Oglethorpe.

Lexington, May 27.—[Special]—There has been good rains in some parts of the county, others none. It is greatly needed where there has been none. Farmers are busy clearing their crops so they can spare the time to sow the grain crop. The crop of both oats and wheat will be better than at one time thought. Corn and cotton promises well at this time, and the dry weather has given the farmers time to put their crops in very good condition.

Theatrical in Savannah.

Savannah, May 27.—[Special.]—A complimentary benefit was tendered to-night to Neill and Hanley, Savannah boys, of the Louise Rial combination, by the Ford dramatic amateur association, of which they are ex-members. The company disband here and return to New York on Sunday by steamer. The Ford association is now negotiating for an engagement with Miss Minnie Phillips, of the company, to play with them during the summer season.

The Augusta Bank Robbers Squealing.

August, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Startling new developments are reported as a sequal of the Simmons-Watson bank robbery. Simmons squeals, and it is probable that the third party, who was the leader of the gang, will share a sentence in the penitentiary along with the convicted pair. The governor's requisition is now in New York after the third party. Simmons and Watson have moved for a new trial. They dont' like seven years in the penitentiary, and Simmons hopes by squealing to reduce the sentence.

Burglar Behind the Bars.

Augusta, May 27.—[Special.]—Residents of this city have been greatly annoyed of late by petty burglaries, and Mr. Thomas Miller was robbed of diningroom service and his pantry cleared. This morning a suspicious negro was captured, whose curiosity carried him to the Nason building fire, and when searched, some of the stolen goods were found. He is now held behind the bars and will answer for his unruly and illegal appetite for dining room sweets and silver. He is known as Kirk Robinson and Henry Williams, and a shirt, stolen from a young man of Augusta, was found on his person.

Local Notes in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—At half past two this morning the big ice house on Gordon street was destroyed by fire. The loos is about $3,000.

George Jones, a negro, in a barroom fracas had his skull fractured by a blow from a soda water bottle. His assailant escaped. The negro's condition is serious.

H. E. Holmes, of Beaufort, is in the city, hunting for Jake Bolding, a negro who swindled him on a forged order for a lot of clothing and shoes.

Georgia Editors on an Excursion.

Augusta, May 27.—[Special.]—Joseph W. White, traveling agent of the Georgia and South Carolina railroad, escorted about twenty Georgia editors to Charleston this evening. To-morrow the party will sail around the harbor, will be received by the mayor, will inspect the new Brighton hotel, on Sullivan's island, and lay waste a banquet in that resort. Among the Georgia colonels were Larry Gant and J. H. Stone, Athens; Si Hawkins and Jim Anderson, Covington; Chapman, Washington; Eb Williams, Harlem; J. H. Bryan, Conyers; Knowles, Greensboro; Patillo, Warrenton; Roberts and Turner, Sparta, and others. The excursion will be only a day at sea.

FIRE IN AUGUSTA.

Mrs. Nason's Brick Tenement House Destroyed.

Augusta, May 27.—[Special.]—This morning at dawn the brick tenement house on the corner of Washington and Ellis streets, belonging to Mrs. A. C. Nason, but occupied by Dr. R. C. Eve and Mrs. Lewis, the latter keeping a boarding house, was destroyed by fire. The loss will amount to nearly $5,000, of which $3,000 is covered by insurance in the Southern Mutual. The loss to occupants in furniture and household goods is total, and will foot up several thousands. The fire originated in the kitchen.

MATTERS IN COURT.

Defective Official Bonds in Decatur County—Criminal Matters in Burke.

The Decatur county grand jury objects to the county treasurer's bond as not being sufficient, and demands that it be strengthened to the amount of seven thousand dollars. The bonds of the county commissioners and the sheriff are faulty. Proceedings against the late defaulting tax collector are also ordered. The following findings were also made:

We recommend that the Georgia legislature be petitioned to pass an act forbidding any person or persons from herding and driving sheep and cattle from one range to another without giving ten days notice by posting the same at the district courthouse and two or three other public places in the district.

We also recommend the passage by the state legislature of a local dog law for the county of Decatur, levying a tax of one dollar on each dog, said revenue to be added to the public school fund.

We find common cause for congratulation and pride in the great improvement of the public morals of our county. The dockets of our superior court, now in session, show a fewer number of criminals in the county jail than for many years past and the findings of this body show a decided decrease in infractions of the law.

COURT IN SCREVEN COUNTY.

On Wednesday morning the case of the state vs. Robert H. Bazemore, charged with intent to murder, in shooting Isaac D. Robbins, was taken up, and a verdict of guilty of assault and battery was rendered. The case of the same charge for shooting Malcolm Ennis was dismissed, and in that of carrying concealed weapons, against the same defendant, a plea of guilty was entered by the defendant. In the first named case the court sentenced R. H. Bazemore to pay a fine of $250 and cost of prosecution, or to work in the chaingang twelve months in default of paying the fine and costs. In the next case he was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs, and in default thereof to be imprisoned in the common jail three months. The next case of consequence was that of the State vs. John S. DeMoutmollin and W. B. Cloud, charged with murder. Cloud was put on trial. After the testimony for the state had closed a plea of guilty of involuntary manslaughter in the commission of an unlawful act, was accepted and the defendant was sentenced to one year's imprisonment, at hard labor in the penitentiary.

THE BURKE COUNTY GRAND JURY.

The Burke county grand jury says: We note with pleasure the diminution of crime in the county, and we are fully convinced that it can yet be lessened by such prohibition laws as will drive out the sale of liquor, which we regard as the great evil of the day.

Upon investigation we find that as far as is in our power to ascertain at this term of the court, that all the merchants of Waynesboro sell wholesome food.

The Citizen says: Next week is criminal week, and will be quite consumed in clearing the criminal docket. There are three cases out on bond, all white, to be disposed of, and five prisoners in jail, all colored, to be tried. Three of the five in jail will be tried for murder, to-wit: Sam Williams, who waylaid Clem Bush and shot him some time, we think, in December last. This crime occurred in the southwestern edge of Waynesboro, and grew out of a quarrel about a woman. The next in West Barnes, who cut Charlie Hix to death in a drunken row in the public road near Old Church, some four miles southeast from Waynesboro, about October last. The next case is Ed. Dowse, who will be tried for the cold-blooded murder of five small children (four of his own and one his sister's child) near McBean station, about the last of February. Dowse has confessed. Of the other two prisoners in jail, the notorious Merica Gordon, who has displayed so much strength and ingenuity in his attempts to break jail, is the most prominent. He has broken four strong locks and released himself from chains two or three times since his incarceration, and it has been with the utmost difficulty that Deputy Sheriff Zorn has been able to keep him in confinement. He is a desperate character, and physically very powerful, and the negroes generally are afraid of him. He will be tried for escape from the penitentiary and cow stealing. The last prisoner in jail is Israel Coldwell, a boy about sixteen years old, who is charged with burglary and larceny. None of these colored defendants have money to employ an attorney, and Judge Roney has appointed able counsel to defend each case. It is, however, hard to see how any of them can escape conviction.

The Convicts Camp.

From the Rome Bulletin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Jenkins sent a box of good things to Joe Moncrief, and as it may be a matter of interest to some to know that he has learned to read and write, we give a place to his reply.

Cole City, Dade County, May 5th. 1884.—Mr. Jenkins, Rome, Ga., Dear Sir: Your very kind letter received yesterday and was glad to hear by it that you and your family were well. Pray give Mrs. Jenkins and Miss Ada my heartfelt thanks for their kindness to me, and allow me to acknowledge with gratitude the box, and you may be assured the contents were most dutifully appreciated. If you have time and inclination to write again, please send me the size of Ada's finger and I will take great pleasure in making her a silver ring, a business I follow in my leisure hours. Likewise accept many thanks for the Bible, which I can now read for myself. Believe me, "the seed was not sown on stony ground," and I often recur to the pleasing invitation:

"Whosoever will may come."

I am now working attentively at the copy books which I trust to fill creditably. Please give my regards to enquiring friends, and remember me kindly to Judge Wright. I remain, yours most respectfully, Joseph Moncrief.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

Judge Fort is presiding at the Clarke county court in the disqualified cases of Judge Hutchins.

The spring debate of the Phi Kappas in Athens will take place next Friday. Judge Erwin will preside.

Miss Ida Spillock and D. S. Lambert, of Rome were married yesterday morning at the residence of the bride's mother. Rev. G. A. Nunnally performed the ceremony.

Messrs. J. W. and J. A. Rounsaville, of Rome, yesterday purchased the Methodist church property for $4,000. A new Methodist church is now in course of errection and will cost $25,000.

Arrangements have been perfected for a walking match at Printup's warehouse in Rome, on July 8th. The following are the contestants: D. H. Calvin, Fred Hall, E. B. Moss, A. S. Burny, G. M. Heckard, Charles Bogert and A. J. Blackburn.

Answer This.

My mother says Hop Bitters is the only thing that will keep her from severe attacks of paralysis and headache. Ed. Oswego Sun.

My little sickly, puny baby was changed into a great bouncing boy, and I was raised from a sick bed by using Hop Bitters a short time. A Young Mother.

No use to worry about any Liver, Kidney or Urinary trouble; especially Bright's Disease or Diabetes, as Hop Bitters never fails of a cure where a cure is possible.

I had severe attacks of Gravel and Kidney trouble; was unable to get any medicine or doctor to cure me until I used Hop Bitters They cured me in a short time.

T. R. Atty.

Is there a person living who ever saw a case of ague, biliousness, nervousness or neuralgia, or any disease of the stomach, liver or kidneys that Hop Bitters will not cure?

Unhealthy or inactive kidneys cause gravel, Bright's disease, rheumatism, and a horde of other serious and fatal diseases, which can be prevented with Hop Bitters if taken in time.

Ludington, Mich., Feb. 2, 1879.—I have sold Hop Bitters for four years, and there is no medicine that surpasses them for bilious attacks, kidney complaints and all diseases incident to this malarial climate.

H. T. Alexander.

Monroe, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.—Sirs—I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of kidneys and bladder; it has done for me what four doctors failed to do—cured me. The effect of the bitters seemed like magic to me.

W. L. Carter.

Gents.—Your Hop Bitters have been of great value to me. I was laid up with typhoid for over two months, and could get no relief until I tried your Hop Bitters. To those suffering from debility, or any one in feeble health, I cordially recommend them. J. D. Stoetzel, 639 Fulton St., Chicago, Ill.

It is more economical to buy Durkee's Salad Dressing than it is to make a dressing. Besides this, it is made of better materials than you can buy at the stores. Everybody likes it. Try it.

Clara Belle asks: "Why don't beards grow upon women's faces?" We will answer that question when Clara tells us why beards do grow on men's faces.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, the world-renowed appetiser and invigorator, a delicious flavor to all drinks and cures dyspepsia diarrhœa, fever and ague. Try it, but beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Queen Victoria has postponed her 56th birthday from May 24 to June 28. She is evidently growing old faster than she wants to.

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats" clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants moles, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

Ella Wheeler has written a poem on "The Valley of Babyland." In every day prose the valet of babyland is called a nurse.

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water

Supersedes all other Toilet Waters. It is distilled direct from the petals of the choicest and most fragrant flowers of tropical Florida. When mingled in the water of the bath or freely inhaled and applied to the temples, it reinvigorates, inspires and tones up to wonderful buoyancy both the mind and the body. Infinitely superior to Eau de Cologne. To distinguish the genuine article from its numerous imitations, look out for the "Trade Mark" which consists of a narrow white strip label bearing the fac-simile signature of Lanman & Kemp, New York, sole proprietors.

Mr. A. S. Williams, clerk of the Grand Central hotel, Brockville, Ont., Can., having tried St. Jacobs Oil, the wonderful pain cure, for rheumatism he was cured, and recommends it to all his friends.

There are over 8,000 French Canadian operatives working in the mills at Lowell, Mass.

Look for Yourself.

Beware of slow acting imitations of Benson's Capeine Porus Plasters. Word Capeine cut in the genuine.

Yankton, Dak., is to have a pork-packing establishmont with a capacity of 1,000 hogs per day.

PALMER'S Perfumes. EXQUISITE.
PALMER'S Toilet Soaps. LOVELY.
PALMER'S Lotion, the great skin cure.
PALMER'S Invisible, the ladies delight.
PALMER'S Manual of Cage Birds, free.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Special Business Notices.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York.

A CYCLONE OF HUMBUGS

AT PRESENT THERE SEEMS TO BE A PERFECT cyclone of patent medicines. Remedial agents apparently flash from beneath the storm cloud, pour forth from subterranean vaults, and gleam in the sunlight of every city and hamlet. Gentle zephyrs of the evening twilight are laden with songs of their praise, while the sombre shades of night fail to overshadow their demise. They touch the fevered brow with hope, while they sicken the heart of Esculapius. The code of medical ethics lies withered in the dust at our feet, while the doctor still charges one dollar for writing "sodium chloridi and aqua pura," as a gargle for sore throat instead of saying "gargle with salt and water." But the great wonder is the capacity of

A MAN'S STOMACH.

The writer knows a wholesale merchant of Atlanta, Ga., who says he drank twenty-four gallons of one patent medicine ($168 worth) before being convinced that it would not cure him. He had much faith, while his stomach had abundant capacity. Another gentleman suffering with blood poison drank 117 bottles ($200 worth) of a certain patent medicine before he decided that his condition was growing worse. These are solid yet stubborn facts! Suppose you had a severe case of Scrofula and a druggist should say that he had a quick remedy, one bottle of which would effect a cure. You would be apt to call him

A CRAZY DRUGGIST

We know a man in Atlanta whose son had a sloughing Scrofulous ulcer of the neck, and the boy was nearly blind and one bottle of a certain patent medicine effected an entire cure. We know a certain editor who had Catarrh and three bottles cured him. A doctor near Atlanta cured a case of Scrofula with one bottle of the same medicine. Another gentleman, hobbling around on two crutches, suffering with Rheumatism, was cured with four bottles. A gentleman at Athens, Ga., had a Scrofulous ulcer of the leg which had been a running sore for fifty years and six bottles cured him. These cases are not myths; they are respectable and well known people, who were cured by the use of that new and wonderful Blood Remedy known as B. B. B. Sold by all druggists. Three bottles for $2.75, or six for $5.00. Expressed anywhere. Address BLOOD BALM CO. Atlanta, Ga. No mineral or vegetable poison. Send for proof of ll we say. For particulars consult all druggists.

TAG YOUR DOGS

COME TO THE CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, AT THE City Hall, and get a tag for your dog, or he will be captured by the dog catcher, placed in the dog wagon, and carried outside the city and killed.

May 1, 1884. J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk.

MOTHER'S FRIEND!

A PRECIOUS BOON TO WOMAN.

WORDS OF PRAISE.

I most earnestly entreat every female expecting to be confined to use Mother's Relief. Coupled with this entreaty I will add that during a long obstetrical practice (forty-four years), I have never known it to fail to produce a safe and quick delivery. H. J. HOLMES, M. D.

A lady from one of the counties of Middle Geogia, who has been acting midwife for many years, writes: "I have disposed of all the Mother's Friend you sent me, and I am delighted with it. In every instance where it has been used, its effects have been all that I could ask. I consider it a great blessing."

A gentleman writes: "My wife used your Mother's Friend at her fourth confinement, and her testimony is that she passed through it with one-half the suffering of either of her former confinements, and recovered from its effects in much less time. She also recommended it to a lady friend who was about to be confined for the first time, and she says: 'I have never seen any one pass through this great trial with so much ease and so little suffering.'"

Quick and Easy Time.

A distinguished physician of Mississippi writes: "Every one expecting to be confined should use the Mother's Friend, for during a long obstetric practice I have never known it to fail to produce a quick and safe delivery."

This remedy is one about which we cannot publish certificates, but it is a most wonderful liniment to be used after the first two or three months. Send for our treatise on the Health and Happiness of Woman, mailed free, which gives all particulars. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!
Brands advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.
THE TEST:
Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.
THE MOST PERFECT MADE.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
Trade Mark
DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.
In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,
THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
CHICAGO. - ST. LOUIS

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY
For Tickets or further information of the above Lottery, address,
DAVE C. JOHNSON,
Covington, Ky.

EPILEPSY, FITS, FALLING FITS, CURED
This is no Humbug. For information, free of charge, write to
L. H. SCHUYLER, Stratford, Conn.

A. P. TRIPOD
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Artists' and Painters' Materials
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
WINDOW GLASS, &c
Agent for the Celebrated
AVERILL MIXED PAINTS
13 SOUTH BROAD.

LACEY HOTEL
—AND—
RAILROAD EATING HOUSE
LULA, GA.
WE WILL FURNISH A FEW BOARDERS WITH good board for the summer. Good water, elevation 1,455 feet above sea level, table not excelled by any in northeast Georgia, good fishing, hunting, etc. Lula Falls only three miles. Mineral springs close by. Rates by the month, $25 and $30, by the week, $7, transient rates, $2 per day. Regular supper hours for tains on the Richmond and Danville railroad and Northwestern railroad.
LACEY & GATES, Proprietors.

ARLINGTON HOTEL,
HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
S. H. STITT & CO.
THE PROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON TO the head sources of the Hot Springs, together with the convenient and ample bathing accommodations, gives its patrons greater facilities in bathing and drinking the waters, than can be found elsewhere. An annex of sixty rooms has lately been added. Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED PASSENGER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid guests to be wheeled directly from their rooms to the baths. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Descriptive pamphlets furnished when desired

WEST END HOTEL
Cottages and Restaurant,
Long Branch, N. J.
Cottages and Restaurant Open June 2.
Hotel and Sea Water Baths open June 21.
MOST OF THE ROOMS IN THE HOTEL HAVE been entirely refurnished. A Roller Skating Rink (120x80 feet) which will also be used as a Ball and Concert Room, and a Ladies' Billiard Room, are in course of construction on the Hotel grounds. The Hotel Stables will be as usual under the charge of Ryerson & Brown, of the New York Cab Co.
New York Office, 52 B'dway Room 48. D. M. HILDRETH.

CANCER AND TUMORS
Treated scientifically and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent Free. Drs. Gratigny & Norris, 204 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.

CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS, KENTUCKY.
THIS POPULAR AND PLEASANT SUMmer resort will be opened June 1st and continue until October 1st. Mr. O. F. Miller, late of Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga., has been appointed general superintendent, and will also have charge of the front office. All the appointments of the hotel and grounds are first-class, and the healing properties of the waters are unrivaled. For terms, circulars, etc., address O. F. MILLER,
tu th su Atlanta, Ga.

CITY TAX.

THERE ARE SOME CITIZENS WHO HAVE failed to give in their City Tax. Unless your tax is given in before you come to pay I cannot wait on you until I have served those who have given in. Your attention to this matter will save you trouble and cost. Books open for payment 1st day of June.

D. A. COOK,
City Tax Receiver and Collector.

REMOVAL
A. B. STEELE & CO. HAVE REMOVED THEIR Lumber office to corner Broad and Alabama streets, up stairs, where they are prepared to furnish Yellow Pine Lumber in any quantity on short notice.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds a specialty.
A. B. STEELE & CO.

RAILROAD NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN THE CITY'S RAILWAY CIRCLES.

The Railway Pool The Railroad Commission—Meeting of an Important Committee to Arrange for the Summer Shipment of Melons, Fruit, Etc.—Personal Points—Other News.

Among the notably courteous and attentive conductors going out of Atlanta is Conductor W. H. Rose, of the Central. He is a general favorite with travelers.

Mr. A. A. Vernoy, late of Atlanta, but now representing the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, and Memphis Short Line at Montgomery, is working for the interests of his popular lines with his characteristic energy.

The Governor's Horse Guard in full uniform with their friends will leave for Macon by the regular East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia passenger train this afternoon. They will make a quick trip and a smooth one.

An immense crowd will pass through here in a few days to the international Sunday school convention, to be held at Louisville, Ky., June 11th, 12th and 13th. Mr. J. C. Courtney, secretary Georgia state Sunday school association, will leave here June 10. Mr. Courtney will carry a party of eighty persons with him.

Several republican delegates to the national convention at Chicago passed through here yesterday. They were all negroes, and go by way of Washington, D. C.

Mr. C. C. Doyle, passenger agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio, passed through here yesterday.

Mr. Dave Appler, of the Central, has returned from a six week's business trip to the eastern cities. His good looks and smiling appearance indicate that his trip was a successful one.

The excursionists to Macon by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia leave Thursday morning. They can purchase railroad tickets here including entrance fee to the tournament of the Governor's Horse Guard. They will be landed right in front of the park.

The Railroad Commission.

Yesterday was the regular day of meeting of the Georgia railroad commission. Several important changes were made in the existing status of railroad affairs.

The commission decided that on and after July 1st not more than two dollars per car shall be charged for switching or transferring cars from any point on any road to any connecting road or warehouse within three miles from the starting point. If a road is crossed between the points the intermediate road may charge not more than one dollar per car for the use of its tracks.

It was also decided to place, after July 1st, the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern and the Augusta and Knoxville roads in "Class A," passenger rates. This means that the fare on these roads shall be three cents a mile.

An important circular was issued to the effect that after July 1st, the Louisville and Wadley, the Talbotton, the Elberton, the Hartwell, the Lawrenceville and the Roswell railroads will be allowed to charge no more than the standard freight tariff, on all classes of freight, with twenty-five per cent added. This is, taken all the way through, in the nature of a slight advance.

Points About the Pool.

Next Thursday the executive committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association will hold a meeting in this city. The meeting will be one of more than ordinary importance.

It will be recollected that at the last meeting, held in Washington, D. C., in February, it was agreed by all parties at interest, after a protracted discussion, to continue the pool until the first of July. It was also agreed that about the first of June the executive committee should hold a meeting with a view to making satisfactory arrangements for the carrying on of the pool business after July. The understanding was that if the executive committee failed to make the necessary arrangements for the continued existence of the pool, then a convention should be held to adjust if possible all differences.

The meeting of the executive committee to-morrow is the first step in this programme. What the result will be it is impossible to say. The old antagonism between the Central and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia may break out afresh and flame up with renewed vigor, or it may be that the lapse of time has cooled down the aggressive spirits of Messrs. Raoul and Fink, and they may now be in favor of giving the pool a further trial. The issue of the meeting will be awaited with great interest.

Moving the Melons.

Yesterday a number of leading railroad men assembled here to consider the important matter of moving the immense watermelon crop of Florida and south Georgia.

The following gentlemen were present and participated in the meeting: B. Dunham, general manager Louisville and Nashville; J. T. Haralson, general superintendent Louisville and Nashville; R. G. Fleming, general superintendent Savannah, Florida and Western; George W. Haines, assistant superintendent Savannah, Florida and Western; W. F. Shelman, traffic manager of the Central; R. A. Anderson, general superintendent Western and Atlantic; J. W. Fry, superintendent East Tennessee, Virinia and Georgia, Atlanta division; J. E. Mallory, superintendent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, Brunswick division; J. M. Brown, general freight agent of the Western and Atlantic; Theo. Welch, general freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville; A. J. Orme, general freight agent of the Atlanta and West Point; W. W. Starr, master of transportation of the Central, and J. J. Griffin, general freight agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia.

The precise object of the meeting was to bring about an understanding between all the connections of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway in the matter of furnishing adequate transportation for the coming melons. Several interesting talks were made. Mr. Haines, of the South Florida and Western, stated that the melon crop this season would approximate 3,000 car loads. The fruit, he said, is more advanced and in a far better condition than at this time last year. Two thirds of the entire crop he thought would go to the northwest. The first shipments will be made about June 1, and by the tenth large shipments may be expected daily.

After a harmonious discussion the different lines represented agreed to furnish their quota respectively of ventilated fruit cars for the movement of the crop. The main bulk of this traffic will be carried by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, the Central and the Western and Atlantic.

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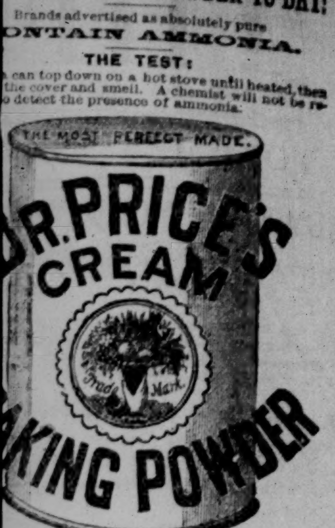
YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure
ONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

can top down on a hot stove until heated, then the cover and smell. A chemist will not be re- detect the presence of ammonia.



ES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
THFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

llion homes for a quarter of a century it has consumers' reliable test,

HE TEST OF THE OVEN.

E BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
rice's Special Flavoring Extracts,
ngest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
ight, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
OR SALE BY GROCERS.
CO. - ST. LOUIS

SIANA STATE LOTTERY

ets or further information of the above address,
DAVE C. JOHNSON,
Covington, Ky.

PSY, FITS, FALLING FITS,
CURED
no Humbug. For information, free of write to
L. H. SCHUYLER, Stratford, Conn.

P. TRIPOD
olesale and Retail Dealer in
s' and Painters' Materials
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
NDOW GLASS, &c
Agent for the Celebrated
RILL MIXED PAINTS
SOUTH BROAD.

ACEY HOTEL
—AND—
RAILROAD EATING HOUSE
LULA, GA.

ILL FURNISH A FEW BOARDERS WITH od board for the summer. Good water, 1,455 feet above sea level, table not ex- any in northeast Georgia, good fishing, etc. Lula Falls only three miles. Min- ns close by. Rates by the month, $25 and week, $7, transient rates, $2 per day. upper hours for trains on the Richmond ville railroad and Northwestern railroad.
LACEY & GATES.
Proprietors.

LINGTON HOTEL,
HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
H. STITT & CO.

ROXIMITY OF THE ARLINGTON TO and sources of the Hot Springs, together convenient and ample bathing accommo- ies its patrons greater facilities in bath- inking the waters, than can be found . An annex of sixty rooms has lately . Also one of the "OTIS" IMPROVED ER ELEVATORS, which enables invalid be wheeled directly from their rooms to . Letters of inquiry promptly answered. e pamphlets furnished when desired

ST END HOTEL
ttages and Restaurant,
g Branch, N. J.
ges and Restaurant Open June 2.
d Sea Water Baths open June 21.
F THE ROOMS IN THE HOTEL HAVE entirely refurnished. A Roller Skating feet) which will also be used as a Ball rt Room, and a Ladies' Billiard Room, rse of construction on the Hotel grounds. Stables will be as usual under the Ryerson & Brown, of the New York
rk Office, y Room 48. D. M. HILDRETH.

NCER AND MORS
Treated scientifically and cured without the knife. Book on treatment sent Free.
Drs. Gratigny & Norris,
204 West Fourth St.,
Cincinnati, O.

ORCHARD SPRINGS,
KENTUCKY.

OPULAR AND PLEASANT SUM sort will be opened June 1st and contin- ctober 1st. Mr. O. F. Miller, late of Kim- Atlanta, Ga., has been appointed perintendent, and will also have charge t office. All the appointments of the grounds are first-class, and the healing of the waters are unrivaled. For terms, etc., address
O. F. MILLER,
Atlanta, Ga.

CITY TAX.

ARE SOME CITIZENS WHO HAVE to give in their City Tax. Unless your en in before you come to pay I cannot n until I have served those who have Your attention to this matter will save e and cost. Books open for payment 1st e.
D. A. COOK.
City Tax Receiver and Collector.

REMOVAL

EELE & CO. HAVE REMOVED THEIR er office to corner Broad and Alabama stairs, where they are prepared to fur- ow Pine Lumber in any quantity on e.
Lumber of all kinds a specialty.
A. B. STEELE & CO.

RAILROAD NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN THE CITY'S RAILWAY CIRCLES.

The Railway Pool The Railroad Commission—Meeting of an Important Committee to Arrange for the Summer Shipment of Melons, Fruit, Etc.—Personal Points—Other News.

Among the notably courteous and attentive conductors going out of Atlanta is Conductor W. H. Rose, of the Central. He is a general favorite with travelers.

Mr. A. A. Vernoy, late of Atlanta, but now representing the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, and Memphis Short Line at Montgomery, is working for the interests of his popular lines with his characteristic energy.

The Governor's Horse Guard in full uniform with their friends will leave for Macon by the regular East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia passenger train this afternoon. They will make a quick trip and a smooth one.

An immense crowd will pass through here in a few days to the international Sunday school convention, to be held at Louisville, Ky., June 11th, 12th and 13th. Mr. J. C. Courtney, secretary Georgia state Sunday school association, will leave here June 10. Mr. Courtney will carry a party of eighty persons with him.

Several republican delegates to the national convention at Chicago passed through here yesterday. They were all negroes, and go by way of Washington, D. C.

Mr. C. C. Doyle, passenger agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio, passed through here yesterday.

Mr. Dave Appler, of the Central, has returned from a six week's business trip to the eastern cities. His good looks and smiling appearance indicate that his trip was a successful one.

The excursionists to Macon by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia leave Thursday morning. They can purchase railroad tickets here including entrance fee to the tournament of the Governor's Horse Guard. They will be landed right in front of the park.

The Railroad Commission.

Yesterday was the regular day of meeting of the Georgia railroad commission. Several important changes were made in the existing status of railroad affairs.

The commission decided that on and after July 1st not more than two dollars per car shall be charged for switching or transferring cars from any point on any road to any connecting road or warehouse within three miles from the starting point. If a road is crossed between the points the intermediate road may charge not more than one dollar per car for the use of its tracks.

It was also decided to place, after July 1st, the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern and the Augusta and Knoxville roads in "Class A," passenger rates. This means that the fare on these roads shall be three cents a mile.

An important circular was issued to the effect that after July 1st, the Louisville and Wadley, the Talbotton, the Elberton, the Hartwell, the Lawrenceville and the Roswell railroads will be allowed to charge no more than the standard freight tariff, on all classes of freight, with twenty-five per cent added. This is, taken all the way through, in the nature of a slight advance.

Points About the Pool.

Next Thursday the executive committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship association will hold a meeting in this city. The meeting will be one of more than ordinary importance.

It will be recollected that at the last meeting, held in Washington, D. C., in February, it was agreed by all parties at interest, after a protracted discussion, to continue the pool until the first of July. It was also agreed that about the first of June the executive committee should hold a meeting with a view to making satisfactory arrangements for the carrying on of the pool business after July. The understanding was that if the executive committee failed to make the necessary arrangements for the continued existence of the pool, then a convention should be held to adjust if possible all differences.

The meeting of the executive committee to-morrow is the first step in this programme. What the result will be it is impossible to say. The old antagonism between the Central and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia may break out afresh and flame up with renewed vigor, or it may be that the lapse of time has cooled down the aggressive spirits of Messrs. Raoul and Fink, and they may now be in favor of giving the pool a further trial. The issue of the meeting will be awaited with great interest.

Moving the Melons.

Yesterday a number of leading railroad men assembled here to consider the important matter of moving the immense watermelon crop of Florida and south Georgia.

The following gentlemen were present and participated in the meeting: B. Dunham, general manager Louisville and Nashville; J. T. Haralson, general superintendent Louisville and Nashville; R. G. Fleming, general superintendent Savannah, Florida and Western; George W. Haines, assistant superintendent Savannah, Florida and Western; W. F. Shelman, traffic manager of the Central; R. A. Anderson, general superintendent Western and Atlantic; J. W. Fry, superintendent East Tennessee, Virinia and Georgia, Atlanta division; J. E. Mallory, superintendent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, Brunswick division; J. M. Brown, general freight agent of the Western and Atlantic; Theo. Welch, general freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville; A. J. Orme, general freight agent of the Atlanta and West Point; W. W. Starr, master of transportation of the Central, and J. J. Griffin, general freight agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia.

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THE EGYPTIAN CONFERENCE.

Contradictory Statements as to the Negotiations Between France and England.

LONDON, May 27.—Advices from the English embassy at Pekin confirm the report that France has obtained the exclusive right under the treaty of Tien Tsin to trade on the Chinese frontiers bordering on Tonquin.

THE COMING EGYPTIAN CONFERENCE.

The Pall Mall Gazette makes the following statements under reserve: Turkey will take part in the coming Egyptian conference on condition that the question of protectorate or of annexation shall not be mentioned. The sultan agrees to send 15,000 troops, if he is permitted to co-operate in upper Egypt and tha Soudan. When the mahdi is crushed, the Turks would withdraw from the Soudan and Egypt, and the British would evacuate lower Egypt. The Pall Mall Gazette says that many thorough supporters of the ministry repudiate, as a calumny, the idea that the ministers contemplate multiple control over Egypt. Others who are better informed and equally loyal, implore the government to hold on the verge of the precipice. Referring to these statements in the house of lords to-day, Earl Granville, foreign secretary of state, said that the government had no intention of employing Turkish troops in connection with the British army for the reconquest of the Soudan.

THE CONFIDENCE IN GLADSTONE'S WISDOM.

At a liberal meeting in Leeds to-day, a resolution was adopted expressing "confidence in the motives and integrity of Gladstone." The word "wisdom" was also in the resolution as originally offered, but this was too much for the meeting, and they struck it out.

In the house of commons to-day Mr. Gladstone again declared that the Egyptian conference would be limited to a discussion of the financial situation.

Mr. Gladstone's statement in the house of commons to-day with reference to the Egyptian conference has given rise to the impression that the reports sent to the London papers asserting the concession by England to French demands that there should be an arrangement between the several powers, are not correct. It is stated from official sources in Paris that if the English government, finding an overpowering sentiment throughout the country in opposition to the concession already made, withdraws therefrom, France will decline to take part in the conference.

Germany.

HANAN, May 27.—The marriage of Princess Elizabeth, of Hesse, to Prince Leopold, hereditary prince to the throne, took place yesterday. Prince William, of Prussia, the czarina of Russia, the crown prince, Frederick William, the queen of Denmark, the princess of Wales, the duke of Cambridge, and the grand duke Louis of Hesse, were present.

Germany.

BERLIN, May 27.—The Tagblatt states that Prince Bismarck's retirement from the Prussian ministry is again doubtful. If he remains president of the council he will give up the functions of minister of foreign affairs and minister of commerce and industry.

Spain.

MADRID, May 27.—The vineyards in the district of Carthagena have been ravaged by hurricanes, and many families ruined. In the district of Gribuela, houses are inundated. The village of Malins is submerged, and the people have been compelled to take refuge on the roofs of houses and in boats. The frigate Saragossa has gone to the relief of Larca and Burgos, which are also flooded.

General Foreign News.

Panama dates of May 17 state that Francisco Fernandez, in whose premises the late fire began, has been arrested for incendiarism.

The Panama land company has ceased importing Jamaicans for laborers.

The magisterial inquiry in Ireland into the Tubber Curry conspiracy to murder has resulted in the commitment of the 12 prisoners to jail.

The French government has resolved to prohibit the entry into France of the Journal die Freheit.

The Limerick corporation has again decided by a large majority not to pay the government 2,000 pounds demanded on account of the extra police.

The steamer Furnessia sailed yesterday from Liverpool for New York with 500 state aided emigrants on board.

THE DAY'S SPORTS.

The Brighton Beach Course—The Baseball Campaign.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Brighton Beach races, second day. The three-fourth mile race, all ages, was won by Little Minch, Plunger second, King Fan third; time 1;17 1-2.

The selling race, one mile, was won by Boulette Little Dan second, Clarence third; time 1:45.

The mile and a quarter race for all ages, Mike's Pride first, Arsenic second, Centennial third; time 2:14¾.

The steeple chase over the short course was won by Odette; Carlyle second Echo third; time 2:53.

LOUISVILLE, May 27.—First race, selling race, purse $400, of which $75 went to second horse, usual conditions, one mile and a half, Jim Carlisle 1, Tongled 2, Edwin A., 3.

Second race, Kennesaw stakes, selling sweepstakes for all ages, 1 mile, Gus Mathews, Tax Gatherer 2d, Lizzie S. 3d; time 1.44½.

Third race, Moet & Chandeon champaigne stake for three-year-olds, $1,000, added by Moet & Chandeon, one mile three furlongs. Modesty, Bob Cook 2d, and Bob Miles 3d; time 2:26½.

Fourth race, steeplechase handicap, purse $400, divided, 1⅜ miles, Major Pickett won; time 2:45. Golden Era fell. Ohio Boy was out of the race from the start.

Baseball.

Washington—Louisville 4, Washington 1.

Cleveland—Detroits 4, Clevelands 1.

Philadelphia—Athletics 8, Toledos 20, Philadelphia 4, providence 3.

Altoona, Pa.—Altoona 3, Baltimore Unions 2.
Allentown, Pa.—Vas 7, Allentowns 8.
Trenton, N. J.—Wilmington 10, Trenton 3.
Brooklyn—Brooklyns 6, Indianapolis 7.
New York—Metropolitans 6, St. Louis 7, New Yorks 1, Boston 2.
St. Louis—St. Louis Union 8, Keystone Union 4.
Chicago—Chica Union 8, Boston Union 8. Game called on the eighth inning on account of darkness.
Buffalo—Chicago 14, Buffalo 6.
Newark, N. J.—omestic 9, Hamstring 11.

GOING TO MACON.

The Horse Guards to Leave at 3:15 for Macon to Attend the Tournament.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Horse Guard was held at their armory last night. More than forty active and many exempt members were present. All final details were arranged and orders issued in accordance therewith. The programme for the departure of the company will be as follows: The assembly will be sounded and the roll called at 2 p. m. sharp, each trooper appearing in full dress uniform; helmets, boots, fatigue cap at the belt. At one o'clock the Gate City Guard, under command of Captain Henry Jackson, meet at their armory on Peachtree street and march to the armory of the Horse Guard, thence to the depot, acting as complimentary escort. The two commands, headed by the band, which accompanies the Horse Guard to Macon take the line of march by way of Washington street and Waverly place to Alabama street, up Alabama to Whitehall, down Whitehall to the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad station. The special coaches in which the Horse Guard travel will be attached to the regular express train which leaves at 3:05 o'clock. The excursion train leaves at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning, the 29th. About one hundred and fifty of the leading citizens of Atlanta are exempt members of the Guard. Such of these as desire to go to Macon will secure badges of W. C. Dodson, secretary, which will admit them to the park and to the ball on the evening of the 29th. A large number of the friends of the Guard will accompany them on the train this afternoon and many more will follow in the morning. A number of Atlanta ladies leave this afternoon and to-morrow to attend the tournament and ball.

After the meeting the company, accompanied by their band, adjourned en masse to the residences of Privates A. F. Cooledge and Dr. Graham, the two recent and happy benedicts from the ranks of the Horse Guard. After the serenade the members were received by Mr. and Mrs. Cooledge and Dr. and Mrs. Graham with characteristic grace and hospitality. Atlanta is proud of her splendid cavalry company, and THE CONSTITUTION cannot but feel that their visit to Atlanta's sister city will prove in every respect an eminent success.

A Second Lieutenant.

C. W. Ennis has been commissioned second lieutenant of the Baldwin Blues, of Milledgeville.

At the raffle last night Father McMahon won the card receiver; Father Kirch won the silver pitcher and ticket No. 69 won the carpet, which can be had by bringing the ticket at Mrs. John H. Loyd's 26 Luckie street.

Columbia County's Delegates.

HARLEM, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Columbia county to-day elected the following delegates:

To the Atlanta presidentional convention: Messrs. J. P. Spires and J. L. Smith. Alternates—Messrs. M. McDaniel and Lee Revill.

To the Atlanta gubernatorial convention: Messrs. E. B. Williams, M. S. Branch, A. J. Avery, Jr. and O. H. Hardy.

To the Sandersville congressional convention: Messrs. R. S. Neal, R. J. Blount, S. C. Lumpkin and G. W. Gray.

A False Rumor About Secretary Lincoln.

NEW YORK, May 27.—A false and foolish rumor was circulated here, and probably in other cities, stating that Secretary Lincoln had been killed. The recretary is at his desk in the war department today in his usual good ealth.

HYMENEAL.

CHASTAIN—DYAR.—Married, at the residence of the bride, No. 14 Hulsey street, Mr. Nelson A. Chastain to Mrs. Lula C. Dyar, Rev. H. C. Hornady, D.D., officiating. May much happiness be the portion of this interesting couple.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

COUCH—The friends of Captain and Mrs. E. F. Couch are invited to attend the funeral of their infant son, Walter Talmage, from their residence, No. 82 Walker street, at four o'clock p. m. to-day. Religious services at 3:30 p. m.

OBITUARY.

A Good Man Gone.

BRANAN—W. J. Branan was born in Newton county, Georgia, in 1832. When about twenty or twenty-one years old, he entered into the service of the Georgia railroad and banking company. In 1863, he was married to Miss Ellen Thresher, of Newton county, Ga.

For his wife, children, and the railroad company his lifetime services have been most faithfully devoted. No husband, father, or employe, could be more affectionate, self-sacrificing, or devoted.

In all his business he was "an honest man." In his family he was a model of tenderness, patience, and kindness. With all others, a good neighbor trusting friend, and honored by all who knew him. During his service of the railroad for nearly thirty years, he won and maintained the entire confidence of his superiors in office, and all others in anyway connected with him.

Thus he lived.

When his health began to fail, his devotion to duty made him continue too long at his post. At last he was compelled "to stop off," so he and his friends thought, for a time, in which to recover and be well again. But it was not to be so. For weeks he lay enfeebled, sick, and declining. He was at home surrounded by his family, visited and nursed by his neighbors, and many of his friends in the railroad service. All those lovingly and hopefully watched over him day and night to the end.

The day of his departure came on the — day of May, 1884, when peacefully, and with an humble hope in the saving grace of the Lord Jesus, he left this world for his home beyond the river.

Thus he died.

The town of Rutledge, Morgan county, Georgia, has lost one of its best men, the railroad one of its best officers, and his bereaved family, a husband and father.

His work on earth was well done, and his memory will be ever loved and honored. His egacy for his wife and children is,

I loved and lived for you.

A FRIEND.
REV. D. E. B.

DR. STRONG'S PILLS
The Old, Well Tried, Wonderful Health Renewing Remedies.

STRONG'S SANATIVE PILLS For the Liver. A speedy cure for liver complaint, regulating the bowels, purifying the blood, cleansing from malarial taint. A perfect cure for sick headache, constipation and dyspepsia.

STRONG'S PECTORAL PILLS Ensure healthy appetite, good digestion, regularity of the bowels. A sure remedy for colds and rheumatism. A precious boon to delicate females, soothing and bracing the nervous system, and giving vigor and health to every fibre of the body. Sold y Druggists. For Almanacs and full particulars, address C. E. HULL & CO., Box 650, New York

FOR RENT.

AFTER THE FIFTH OF JUNE THE LARGE building on the corner of Hunter and Forsyth streets, now occupied as a

LIVERY STABLE BY
MR. ZACH TAYLOR.
—APPLY TO—
Clark Howell,
No. 125 West Mitchell Street, near new Passenger Depot of E. T. V. and G. R. R.

G. W. ADAIR..............................AUCTIONEER.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF
JOHN H. JAMES
PROPERTY.
Will be Sold on the Premises
—ON—
THURSDAY AFTERNOON
AT 3 1-2 OCLOCK,
JUNE 5, 1884.

THAT MAGNIFICENT LOT 100x275 FEET AND 3-story brick residence on the corner of Peachtree and Ellis street, third door south of the executive-mansion in the very heart of the city, and fronting east on that far famed fashionable avenue, Peachtree street.

The house is a model of architectural beauty and design, has a dry basement of four rooms.

On the first floor are 7 rooms, 14 feet pitch, spacious 10 feet hall, closets, bath rooms, pantry, etc., arranged in perfect taste; elegantly frescoed and the wood work of walnut and ash finish. The second floor has 4 large bed chambers, with large dressing rooms attached, wide hall, closets, and linen room. The third floor contains 6 comfortable, well ventilated bed rooms. The entire premises are in perfect order. Two servants' rooms in the yard. Also a two-story brick stable 50x50 feet, in perfect taste, with every convenience for horses, carriages and coachmen. Second floor of stable well fitted up with ten pin alley.

This place is a perfect ideal of a gentleman's home, has never been abused but is in perfect order. Parties can call any day previous to the sale and Mrs. James will show them through the establishment.

In a few days after this sale all the furniture, carriages, horses, etc., will be sold on the premises at auction if not disposed of at private sale.

Also an undivided one-half interest in the well known Lynch's quarry, containing about 19 acres, as shown by plat. This quarry needs no recommendation, the rock in over 1,000 houses in Atlanta exhibits the quality of this granite.

Also all of 100x200 feet on Hayne street, adjoining the quarry on the south line, being lot No. 38 of the Newton survey.

Also 2 lots, 50x96 feet each, fronting on south side of Park street, between Harris and Cain, being lots Nos. 32 and 33 of Rice and Inman subdivisions.

Also a lot 36x114 feet, on corner of Howell street and a ten foot alley, fronting on west side of Howell street, upon which is a 1 room house.

All of the above described property will be sold at the same time and place in front of the James mansion on Peachtree street.

Capitalists or any person desiring the finest private residence in Atlanta are invited to examine the property.

The residence is well adapted for a school building of a high order or gentlemen's club rooms. Its central locality and general surroundings should command the attention of those desiring a private residence or a building well adapted for public use.

Terms one-half cash balance 60 days 8 per cent interest. Call at office of G. W. Adair, get a plat showing all of property. Go out and examine it and attend sale.

WM. J. GARRETT,
A. D. ADAIR,
Assignees of John H. James.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT
ROYAL
ABSOLUTELY PURE
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros., Atlanta, Ga.

CASES SET FOR TRIAL
JUNE TERM, 1884,
—IN—
CITY COURT.

CASES WHICH WERE ON THE TRIAL CALENdar when the court adjourned for the December term, 1883, and were not reached, and which will be called and tried in the following order, and as they were originally on the court calendar at the June term, which begins Monday, June 2d, 1884, to-wit:

Attorneys engaged.	STYLE OF CASE.	No. and term a which suits were brought.
Reed & H. Newman & A.	Thos. Chamberlin vs. City of Atlanta.	No. 19, Dec. term, 1882
R. J. Jordan. W. D. Ellis.	Mrs. E. A. Tillman vs. Dr Kells H Boland.	No. 21, June term, 1883
Hopkins & G. Mynatt & H.	Edgefield & Nashville Mf'g Co. vs. Ristine, May & Co.	No. 38, June ferm, 1883
Mynatt & H. Hopkins & G.	M. Bank of Atlanta vs. Hunnicutt & B.	No. 19, June term, 1881
Hopkins & G. Milledge & H.	J. F. Cunningham vs. F. W. Hart & Son.	No. 15, June term, 188
A. A. Manning Hillyer & Bro. Newman & A.	C. F. M. Mills Trust vs. City of Atlanta.	No. 34, June term, 1882
A. A. Manning Hillyer & Bro. Newman & A.	H. Rich vs. City of Atlanta.	No. 45, Dec. term, 1882
Gartrell & W. Hoke Smith. Hopkins & G.	John M. Green, vs. Richmond & D. R'd	No. 31, June term, 1883
Hopkins & G. Candler & T.	M. R. Rogers & Co. vs. Lynch & Broomh'd	No. 18, Dec. term, 1882
E. N. Broyles. Newman & A.	Cornelius Shenane vs. City of Atlanta.	No. 39, Dec. term, 1882
F. A. Arnold. Newman & A.	[illegible] A. Reed vs. Ctyof Atlanta.	No. 45, June term, 1883
F. A. Arnold. Newman & A.	Martha E. Smith vs. City of Atlanta.	No. 46, June term, 1883
John Milledge. Pi H. Bell. Hoke Smith. Jack Spalding.	W. B. Field vs. Academy of Immaculate Concep'n	No. 53, June term, 1883
John Milledge. Pi H. Bell. Hoke Smith. Jack Spalding.	H L Hoover. next friend vs. W H Venable, et al	No. 54, June term, 1883

After the above are disposed of the docket will be called in its regular order, this May 27th, 1884.
Attest: R. T. DORSEY, Judge C. C. A.
C. H. STRONG, Clerk.

SAM'L W. GOODE..............................AGENT

3 BOULEVARD LOTS.
5 DECATUR ST. LOTS.
3 TODD ST. LOTS.
AT AUCTION
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4TH, 4 P. M.

These lots are just beyond Gartrell Hill. They lie well. They are on one of the great businessthoroughfares of Atlanta. They are convenient to the Air-Line shops, to the Cotton Factory, to the Railroad Freight Depots, to McCombs, Taylor & Co's. Foundry, and to all the shops along Decatur street. The street cars are distant one block, and will soon be extended in front of them. Decatur street is soon to be paved with rubble stone, and the county has gradep and will macadamize it to Edgewood. Renting houses and small stores are in demand. The village built here within a year shows what at increase in values is going on. First-class men own the adjacent properties—Messrs. John M. Hill, Joel Hurt, Colonel Hammond of Thomasville, Fox of New Jersey, W. A. Haygood, C. P. Barker and others. Real estate is safe and pays better interest than banks. I am also instructed to sell several small houses and lots aster those on the plat are disposed of.

Terms of sale—One-half cash, balance in six and twelve months with 8 per cent interest.

Free ride on Decatur street cars at 3:30 p. m., June 4th.
SAM'L. W. GOODE,
21 Marietta street, corner Broad.

Barry's Luxomni.

Beware of Counterfeits.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

The gem of female remedies, specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy, used during the last two months of pregnancy it relieves all sense of lightness and weight, so annoying to the condition.

Luxomni relieves cramps, false pains, and promotes rest and comfort at night; it greatly ameliorates the pangs of child birth, shortens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery.

For disordered and painful menstruation, it has no equal, and is a superior remedy for neuralgies, convulsions, and other troubles connected with the uterine and ovarium diseases.

Luxomni is no liquid preparation, but a combination of vegetable plants from which a simple tea is made, and is without doubt the gem of female remedies. Price, $1.00 per package. If your druggist has not the preparation, address the
BARRY MANUFACTURING CO.,
Drawer 28, Atlanta, Ga.

Received too Late for Classification.

FOR RENT—LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED front room, with board. Apply No. 41 East Mitchell street.

OUR MR. J. P. STEVENS
Is now in New York, buying Goods of the
Latest and Finest Designs.
ARRIVING DAILY.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.
23 WHITEHALL ST., COR. ALABAMA and WHITEHALL.

SPRING ONCE AGAIN!
G. G. GROSSE,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
WHITEHALL STREET, UP STAIRS, ATLANTA.
The most elegant stock of fine piece goods for SPRING SUITS, PANTS, ETC., ever in the city. Sur Fits guaranteed. Come and take a look for yourself.

AMUSEMENTS.

—THE—
Governor's Horse Guard's
PICNIC AND
GRAND TOURNAMENT!
At the Beautiful Park in Macon
MAY 29TH.

AFFORDING THE ENJOYMENT OF A charming ride over a splendid road, a cordial reception by the citizens of Macon, a grand street parade, martial and orchestral music, dancing and a day of merry-making.

THE JOUST BEGINS AT 2 P. M.

After which numerous magnificent prizes will be awarded and the Queen and Maids of Honor crowned.

This excursion being for the benefit of the Governor's Horse Guard, we trust a vast crowd of friends will come with us.

Tickets on sale May 28th at all stations Rome to Brunswick, inclusive, good on regular trains, one fare round trip good to return until May 31st, inclusive, and especially low rate round trip.

ATLANTA TO MACON AND RETURN ONLY
$2.00.
PECIAL EXCURSION TRAIN, MAY 29.

Leave Atlanta from Short Line Depot, Mitchell street, E. T., Va. & Ga. R. R. at 7 a. m., and arrive at the Park in Macon at 10:30 a. m.

Returning, leave Park in Macon at 6.00 p. m., and arrives Atlanta at 9:30 p. m.

Admission to Park: Adults 50c.; children, 25c.

NOTE.—The trains will leave Atlanta from New Short Line Depot, Mitchell street, E. T., Va. & Ga. R. R.

For Tickets or other information, apply to any Agent East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad.
JACK W. JOHNTON,
Ticket Agent, Atlanta.
JOHN MILLEDGE, Captain.
FRANK GORDON, 1st Lieut.
A. W. HILL, 2d Lieut.
E. F. MAY, Junior 2d Lieut.
A. W. SMITH, 1st Sergeant.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
Lieutenant E. F. May, Sergeant T. J. Youmans, Secretary W. C. Dodson.

1884. 1884.
EXCURSION SEASON.
BEAUTIFUL
CUMBERLAND ISLAND!

The Gem of the Atlantic reached by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad.

THE DIRECT SHORT LINE.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, ever liberal and progressive, will, on May 25th, commence running superb Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Brunswick without change.

Excursion tickets now on sale at special low rates.

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP! $10.40.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, being the Direct Short Line to Cumberland Island, makes the rate.

Close connection at Brunswick daily with the staunch and first-class steamer Egmont.

Passengers leaving Atlanta 3:15 p. m., by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Short Line, reach the Island next day for dinner. This is an advantage no other route can offer.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car berths, etc., apply at the Short Line office, Mitchell st., depot.
JACK W. JOHNSON,
Ticket Agent.
J. J. GRIFFIN,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agent.
S. H. HARDWICK, Trav. Pass. Agent,
A. POPE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ma23 d 1 m.

EIGHTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THE
GLYNN COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY
AT BRUNSWICK, GA.,
JUNE 10th, 11th and 12th, 1884.

GRAND TOURNAMENT
OF KNIGHTS IN COSTUME.

Twelve married men of known reputation as riders will enter against twelve single men of pluck and dash.

AMUSEMENTS

Of all sorts; splendid music, horse racing of high order; grand parade of military and firemen.

A REGATTA!

This sight alone will be worth a trip to the city. Yachts, Schooners, Steamboats and all sorts of craft, gaily decorated with flags, going around the islands at full speed will be a novel sight to all.

EXCURSIONS

In abundance down the harbor and to the neighboring islands.

BALLOON ASCENSION
11TH AND 12TH,
PROFESSOR HUNT, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO,

Will make two ascensions and perform his wonderful feats on a trapez bar suspended under the balloon, at an altitude of thousands of feet in the air.

A GRAND BALL
TO WIND UP WITH.

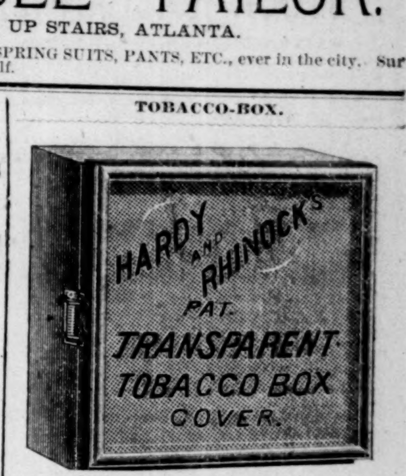
Everybody in Georgia are welcome to exhibit for premiums of purses, and list will be forwarded on application to T. D. DUNN, President,
MOSES DANIELS, Secretary.

SUMMER RESORT.
FOR
HEALTH OR PLEASURE
GO TO
ALL HEALING SPRINGS.

Beautifully located at the base of Crowder's Mountain. Climate unsurpassed. The best of waters. Excellent hotels. Moderate prices and special terms for long stay.

Round trip tickets on sale from all points on the Richmond and Danville system to and from All Healing. For Circulars, Terms, etc., address
A. COZZENS,
All Healing P. O., Gaston Co., North Carolina.
sun wed

TOBACCO-BOX.



AGENTS, HERE IS YOUR CHANCE.

This patent Transparent Tobacco-Box Cover is an indispensable article to every Grocer, Tobacconist, Confectioner or Saloon-Keeper. It sells on sight. Agents can make $5 to $6 a day without extra exertion. Send to

HARDY & RHINOCK,
26 E. Second St., Cincinnati.

For prices and terms. Exclusive territory given to agents.

STAINED GLASS.
Geo. A. Bowen.
184 W. Fourth St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Orders taken for interior, household and ecclesiastical decorations.
we fr su

Established in 1857.
PETER LYNCH,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
WINES,
Distilled and Malt Liquors

Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff, Wood and Willowware, Hardware, Hollowware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Crockery, Glassware, etc. A perfect

VARIETY STORE.

Just now receiving Seed Irish Potatoes, Onion Sets, English Peas and other Garden and Field Seeds. Prices as low as the lowest. Terms Cash.

PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell sts., Atlanta, Ga.
Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 6, 1884.

HALL, ROBERTS & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON
NEXTFRIDAY, 30th INSTANT,
at 5 p. m., on the premises, house and lot No. 108 West Baker street. The lot is 50x200 running srom Baker to a 20 foot alley, with a good five-room house on the Baker street front, and a nice site with ample room for another to front the alley. This property is situated on a high point about one-quarter of a mile from the center of the city. Terms one-half cash, balance first October next with interest at 8 per cent.
HALL, ROBERTS & CO.,
10 South Broad street.

FOR SALE BY RICE & WILSON.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT NEAR THE DECATUR depot, 200 feet front, 585 deep, 4 rooms new modern house, outbuildings, new plank fence, fine garden spot, best of fruit and water; also three and a half acres vacant land just opposite the above place—a thing of beauty. This property can be bought cheap.
RICE & WILSON,
7 North Broad Street.

MY STOCK OF
SPRING CLOTHING
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE.
Elegant Dress Suits,
Business Suits,
Coats and Vests
—AND—
FANCY PANTS
IN ALL THE NEW STYLES.
HANDSOMEST STOCK OF
NECKWEAR
IN THE CITY.
A. B. ANDREWS,
16 WHITEHALL STREET. 16.

NOTICE TO PLASTERERS.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE until 12 m. on the 31st instant, for lathing and plastering the NEW BUILDING FOR THE CONSTITUTION, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets.

PARTIES MAKING BIDS

Are requested to bid as follows:

1st, What they are willing to do the work per square yard for, both whitewash work and hard finish.

2d, What they are willing to do all the work, lathing, whitewash work and hard finish for the whole building, and specifying what time it can be finished.

Party whose bid is accepted is expected to furnish all the material. For particulars about work required for each story, apply to Kimball, Wheeler & Co., Railroad block, upstairs, front of National hotel.
E. P. HOWELL,
President Constitution Publishing Co.
May 25, 1884.

BANK
OF THE
STATE OF GEORGIA.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CASH CAPITAL	$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND	55,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually liable.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN
BROKER AND DEALER IN
STOCKS AND BONDS,
OFFICE
Gate City National Bank Building.
(Pryor Street Entrance.)

GEORGIA COTTON, PRODUCE
—AND—
STOCK EXCHANGE,
PAINE, ROWLAND & CO., Managers.

Brokers in Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork, Sides, Lard and Coffee Futures, also Stocks of all kinds, and Petroleum bought and sold on margins.
NO. 8 NORTH BROAD STREET,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
Refer to Gate City National Bank.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Bond and Stock Broker
24 PRYOR STREET,
JACKSON BUILDING.
WANTED.
Atlanta City Bonds.
Georgia Railroad Bonds.
State of Georgia Bonds.
Southwestern Railroad Stock.
City of Augusta Bonds.
FOR SALE.
Central Railroad Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Debentures.
Atlanta and West Point Stock.
Georgia Railroad Stock.
Fulton County Bonds.
International Railroad and Steamship 6 per cent Land Grand Bonds.
Georgia Pacific Railroad Bonds.
Atlanta Gas Light Co. Stock.
Sheffield Coal, Iron and Land Co. Stock.

MADDOX, RUCKER & CO.,
BANKERS,
Transact a General Banking Business.
Allow 4 per cent Iterest on Deposits.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 27, 1884.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 6s	105	106	Atlanta 7s	108	110
Ga. 7s, 1886	105	106	Atlanta 6s	100	102
Ga. 7s gold	111	113	Augusta 7s	108	111
Ga. 7s, 1896	117	120	Augusta 6s	102	104
S.C.(Brown)	102	104	Macon 6s	106	107
Savannah 5s	90	92	Rome, new	95	100
Atlanta 8s	114	116	Columbus 5s	82	85
ATLANTA BANK STOCK.					
Atlanta Na'l	200	210	B'k State of Ga	100	
M'ch'ts B'k	100	105	Gate City Nat	100	
RAILROAD BONDS.					
Ga. R. 7s	104	106	Atlanta & Char. inc. 6s	55	58
Ga. R. 6s	104	106			
Cent. R. 7s	108	110	Atlantic & G. con	108	110
C. C. & A. 1st	106	108			
At. & Char. 1st	102	104	E. T., V. & G. inc. 6s	28	30
RAILROAD STOCKS.					
Georgia	155	157	Central	85	87
At. & Char	65	68	Aug. & Sav	115	117
Southwe'tern	114	116	A. & W. P.	95	100
South C'lina	20	25	C., C. & A.	28	30

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The bull movement which set in yesterday afternoon made further progress to-day. Before the opening of business this morning there were orders for round amounts of dividend-paying stocks in the brokers hands. The market opened strong, and in the first fifteen minutes there was an advance of ½ to 1⅞ per cent, Northwest, Quincy, Lackawanna, Louisville and Nashville, Missouri Pacific, Jersey Central, Reading, Pacific Mail and St. Paul being most conspicuous in the upward movement. Before the first call there was a decline of ½ to 1⅝ per cent, the latter for Lackawanna. Near midday the market developed considerable strength, and in fact became buoyant, the reaction noticed above having merely served to bring in fresh buying orders. Prices advanced 1½ to 5¼ per cent. Compared with last night's closing, Jersey Central rose 5¼ per cent; Lackawanna 5⅛; Quincy 2⅛; St. Paul 2⅝; Northwest 4; Northwest preferred 5¼; Rock Island 1⅜; Missouri Pacific 2¾; Louisville and Nashville 1¼; New York Central 2; Northern Pacific 1½; Northern Pacific preferred 2⅞; Reading 2⅞; Omaha 1⅜; Omaha preferred 2; Texas Pacific and Union Pacific 1⅝ each; Wabash preferred 1; Western Union 2½. This was succeeded by a reaction of ¼ to 2¼ per cent, the latter for Lackawanna. Near 2 o'clock the market was strong and higher again, and some shares were at the best of the day. About 2:30 p.m. there were sales to realize profits, which resulted in a decline of ½ to 1⅞ per cent, Lackawanna leading the downward movement. In the last fifteen minutes of business Missouri Pacific rose to 74⅛, the highest point of the day. The market closed irregular but in the main firm. Considerable long stock was taken for home and foreign account. Compared with yesterday's close, prices are 6¼ per cent higher for Jersey Central; 4½ for Lackawanna; 3⅛ for Northwest; 5¼ for Northwest preferred; 2½ for St. Paul; 4 for Michigan Central; 3½ for Missouri Pacific; 2 for Northern Pacific preferred; 2⅞ for Reading; 2½ for Western Union; 1¾ for Omaha preferred; 2 for Delaware and Hudson; 1 for Wabash preferred; 1¼ for Texas Pacific; 1 for Omaha; 1¾ for New York Central; 1⅝ for Louisville and Nashville; 1¾ for Canada Southern; ½ for Rock Island; 1¾ for Quincy; 1 for Central Pacific, and ½ to ¾ for the remainder of the active list. Sales 512,000 shares.

Exchange 483½. Money 2@3. Sub-treasury balances: Coin $128,191,000; currency $10,694,000. Governments steady; 4s 120¼; 3s 100⅝. State bonds dull.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	83	Mobile & Ohio	9
do. Class B 5s	104	A. & C.	40¼
Ga. 6s	†102	N. O. Pac firsts	72
Ga. 7s mortgage	†103	N. Y. Central	109½
North Carolinas	†30	Norfolk & W'n pre.	29
do. new	†18	Northern Pac	21
do. funding	†10	do. preferred	47½
S. C. con. Brown	†105⅞	Pacific Mail	38⅝
Tennessee 6s	37	Reading	30¾
Virginia 6s	†40	Rich. & Allegheny	2
Virginia consols	†38	Richmond & Dan	†40
Chesap'ke & Ohio	7¼	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l.	†20
Chicago & N. W.	99¼	Rock Island	112
do. preferred	129¾	St. Paul	72⅛
Den & Rio Grande	10¾	do. preferred	108
Erie	15¾	Texas Pacific	13⅝
East Tenn. R. R.	4½	Union Pacific	41⅝
Lake Shore	86⅛	Wab. St. L. & Pac	6⅝
L. & N.	33⅛	do. preferred	14¼
Memphis & Char	21	Western Union	58¼

†Bid ‡Ex-dividend *Offered §Asked

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 27, 1884.

New York—The market opened and closed without quotable change. A dull feeling prevailed during the day, but at the close futures were quiet and steady. Spots unchanged; middling 11⅝c.

Net receipts for three days to 5,398 bales, against 14,140 bales last year; exports 11,863 bales; last year 27,354 bales; 476,619 bales; last year 512,781 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
May	11.65@	May	11.63@11.65
June	11.63@	June	11.65@
July	11.81@	July	11.83@
August	11.93@	August	11.95@
September	11.73@	September	11.75@
October	11.23@	October	11.26@
November	11.00@11.02	November	11.05@
December	11.00@11.02	December	11.05@
January	11.08@	January	11.11@
February	11.17@11.20	February	11.22@11.24

Closed quiet and steady; sales 48,000 bales.

Liverpool — Futures closed easy. Spots — Uplands 6⅝d; Orleans 6¾d; sales 12,000 bales, of which 8,700 bales were American; receipts 9,000; American 1,500.

Local—Cotton closed at the following prices: Good middling 11⅜c; middling 11¼c; strict low middling 11⅛c; low middling 11c; strict good ordinary 10⅞c; tinges 11¼c; stains 9¼@9⅝c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	—	
Air-Line Railroad	2	
Georgia Railroad	—	
Central Railroad	2	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	3	
West Point Railroad	—	
E. Tenn., Va. and Ga. Railroad	—	
Georgia Pacific Railroad	1	
Total	8	
Receipts previously	146,064	
Total	146,072	
Stock September 1	3,441	
Grand total		149,513
SHIPMENTS.		
Shipments to-day		
Shipments previously	134,095	
Local consumption since September 1	9,542	
Total		143,637
Stock on hand		5,876

NEW YORK, May 27—The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries were quiet. A loss of 2@3-100 was followed by an advance of 4@3-100, but it could only be partially maintained, and sales were made again at lower rates. At the third call only 100 bales October were taken at 11.23 and 100 bales January at 11.10; May was offered at 11.63, June 11.64, July 11.81, August 11.94, September 11.73, November and December 11.03. Futures closed steady, May to September inclusive without quotable change, October to January 2-100 higher than yesterday."

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, May 27—Noon—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 6⅝; middling Orleans 6¾; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 9,00; American 1,500; uplands low middling clause May and June delivery 6 23-64; June and July delivery 6 24-64; July and August delivery 6 28-64; August and September delivery 6 32-64; September and October delivery 6 30-64; October and November delivery 6 17-64; November and December delivery 6 13-64; December and January delivery 6 12-64; September delivery 6 34-64; futures opened quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, May 27—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 8,700 bales; uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 23-64; May and June delivery 6 23-64; June and July delivery 6 24-64; July and August delivery 6 28-64; August and September delivery 6 32-64; September and October delivery 6 30-64; October and November delivery 6 18-64; November and December delivery 6 13-64; September delivery 6 34-64.

LIVERPOOL, May 27—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 23-64, sellers; May and June delivery 6 23-64, sellers; June and July delivery 6 23-64, sellers; July and August delivery 6 27-64, buyers; August and September delivery 6 31-64, buyers; September and October delivery 6 29-64, sellers; October and November delivery 6 17-64, value; November and December delivery 6 12-64 value; September delivery 6 33-64, buyers; futures closed easy.

NEW YORK, May 27—Cotton steady; sales 1,046 bales; middling uplands 11⅝; middling Orleans 11⅞; net receips none; gross 265; consolidated net receipts 2,786; exports to Great Britain 385.

GALVESTON, May 27—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; net receipts 33 bales; gross 33; sales none; stock 5,850.

NORFOLK, May 27—Cotton firm; middling 11¼; net receipts 14 bales; gross 14; stock 1,960; sales 37.

WILMINGTON, May 27—Cotton dull; middling 11⅝; net receipts none; gross none; sales none; stock 1,571 bales.

SAVANNAH, May 27—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 11¼; net receipts 65 bales; gross 65; sales 40; stock 2,279.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27 — Cotton quiet and steady; middling 11⅛; net receipts 730 bales; gross 730; sales 500; stock 110,298; exports coastwise 2,688.

MOBILE, May 27—Cotton dull and nominal; middling 11⅛; net receipts 32 bales; gross 32; sales 100; stock 7,379.

MEMPHIS, May 27—Cotton steady; middling 11⅛; net receipts 283; shipments 529; sales 650; stock 22,700.

AUGUSTA, May 27—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; net receipt 13 bales; shipments —; sales 20.

CHARLESTON, May 27—Cotton nominal; middling 11⅛; net receipts 11 bales; gross 11; sales 40; stock 3,324.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movements in Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, May 27—Operators in wheat had a surprise sprung on them to-day in the publication of the report of the visible supply decrease ior the week reached nearly 2,000,000 bushels, while it had been estimated that the amount would not exceed 800,000 bushels. The publication of the report imparted considerable animation to trade, and rather a sharp advance in prices followed. The advance in stocks also had an influence in giving a firmer tone to values. On the afternoon board the market was easier. June closed at 88⅜c, July at 91⅛c and August at 91¼c.

Corn showed more life, and was stronger in every way. The market early declined ⅜@½c but rallied 1c and closed ⅞c higher than yesterday. On the afternoon board prices were shaded a little. June closed at 55½c, July at 57¼c and August at 58⅝c.

The market for oats was active and firm. June closed at 31⅞c, July at 32¼c and August at 29c.

Pork was very firmly held with very little trading, but prices were advanced 85@90c ₩ bbl. The latest prices were $19.30 for June and July and $19.25 ior August.

Lard was stronger and fairly active. June closed at $8.20, July at $8.37½ and August at $8.47½.

As compared with one week the visible supply statement, published to-day, shows that wheat decreased 1,960,000 bushels; corn decreased 1,685,090 oats increased 105,000 bushels; rye decreased 303,000 bushels; barley decreased 168,000 bushels.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 27, 1884.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
June	87⅞	88⅞	87⅝	88¾
July	90½	91⅛	89¾	91⅛
PORK.				
July	18 60	19 30	18 60	19 30
August	18 60	19 30	18 60	19 30
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
June	8 20	8 27½	8 20	8 27½
July	8 32½	8 40	8 32½	8 40

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, May 27—Corn particularly firm. The supply is meagre, and the market is advancing. Flour—Patent process $7.25@$7.75; fancy $6.25; extra family $5.75@$6.00; family $5.25@$5.50; extra $4.75@$5.00. Wheat—No. 2 red $1.20@$1.23. Corn—We quote as follows: white milling, car lots bulk, 85c; do. sacked 88c; dray lots 93c; mixed, car lots bulk, 75c; do. sacked 78c; dray lots 83c. Corn Meal—85@90c. Stock Feed—$1.35 ₩ 100 lbs. Oats—Car lots bulk 47c; do. sacked 49½c; dray lots 53c. Rye—None. Wheat Bran — Car lots sacked $1.10; dray lots $1.15@$1.17½. Grits $3.85 ₩ bbl.

BALTIMORE, May 27—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.75@$3.50; extra $3.62@$4.62; family $4.75@$5.85; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.50; extra $3.65@$4.75; Rio brands $5.62@$5.75. Wheat, southern quiet and steady; western higher but dull; southern red $1.08@$1.10; amber $1.10@$1.13; No. 1 Maryland $1.11@$1.11¼; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.02¾@$1.02⅞. Corn, southern firm; western nominally steady; southern white 68@69; yellow 58@61.

NEW YORK, May 27—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra $2.75@$4.80; good to choice $4.85@$6.50. Wheat opened ⅛@¼c higher, closing firm; ungraded red 83@$1.05; No. 2 red spot $1.02½@$1.02⅝; June $1.01¼@$1.02⅛. Corn, spot ¼@1c higher; No. 2 May 63¾@65; June 62¾@63¼. Oats, spot ¼@½c higher, closing firm; No. 2 37. Hops dull; new 18@27.

CHICAGO, May 27—Flour unchanged. Wheat, regular unsettled; opened firmer but closed 1⅛c higher than yesterday; May 86⅝@88¾; June 87⅞@88⅝; No. 2 Chicago spring 87⅝@88¾. Corn opened steady and closed ⅞c over yesterday; cash 84¼@85; June 54¾@55¾. Oats active and firm; cash 31@31½; June 31⅜@32.

ST. LOUIS, May 27—Flour unchanged. Wheat, opened a fraction lower but closed a fraction better than yesterday; No. 2 red fall $1.11¾@$1.11⅞ cash; $1.08¾@$1.09 June; No. 3 red fall $1.00 bid. Corn irregular and slow; No. 2 mixed 51⅛@52½ cash; 51¼@51⅝ June. Oats dull; 33@32¾ cash and June.

CINCINNATI, May 27—Flour unchanged; family $4.50@$4.80; fancy $5.10@$5.40. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red winter $1.02@$1.03. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 58½. Oats lower; No. 2 mixed 34½.

LOUISVILLE, May 27—Wheat steady; No. 2 red winter $1.03@$1.05. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 59@60. Oats quiet; No. 2 western mixed 36.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, May 27—Coffee—Rio 10½@13; old government Java 25c. Sugars—Standard A 7¼c; granulated 7⅝c; white extra C 7@7¼c; New Orleans sugars, yellow clarified 6¼@7¼c; white 7¼c. Molasses—Black strap in bbls 29c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 45c; fair 35@40c; common 30c. Teas—Black 40@60c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 80c. Cloves 25c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 80c. Pepper 18c. Crackers—Milk 8c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 7c; X soda 6c; XXX do. 7½c. Candy—Assorted stick 10c. Mackerel—Market about bare of 1s and 2s; No. 3 kits, L.W., 60c; do. ½ bbls, 80 lbs, $3.50@$3.75; do. ½ bbls, 100 lbs, $4.50. Soap $2.50@$7.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½c. Matches—100 ₩ box $1.75; 200 $3.50; 300 $4.75. Soda, in kegs, 4¾c; in boxes 5¾@6½c. Rice 6@7c.

NEW YORK, May 27—Coffee, spot fair Rio dull and weak at 10½; No. 7 Rio spot 8.65; June 8.00@8.05. Sugar, spot dull and nominal; fair to good refining 5@5 3-16; refined dull; C 5⅛@5¼; extra C 6⅛@6½; white extra C 5⅝@5¾; yellow 4⅞@5; off A 5⅞@6⅛; mould A 6¾; standard A 6⅝; confectioners A 6¾; cut loaf 7⅝@7¾; crushed 7⅝@7¾; powdered 7¼@7½; granulated 6 13-16; Cubes 7⅜. Molasses, foreign dull and weak; Cuba refining 22; New Orleans 35@51. Rice steady; domestic 5¼@7; rangoon 4⅞.

CINCINNATI, May 27—Sugar quiet; hards refined 7¼@7¾; New Orleans 5⅛@6⅛.

CHICAGO, May 27—Sugar, standard A 6⅞@7; cut loaf 7½@7⅝; granulated 7½@7⅝.

Provisions.

CHICAGO, May 27—Pork, prices advanced 50@60c; cash $18.50@$19.00; June $18.65@$19.10. Lard 5@7½c higher; cash 8.15@8.17½; June 8.15@8.20. Bulk meats in fair demand; shoulders 6.15; short rib 8.30; short clear 8.55.

LOUISVILLE, May 27—Provisions quiet; mess pork $18.00. Bulk meats, shoulders 6¼; clear ribs 8¾; clear sides 8⅞. Bacon, houlders 7; clear ribs 9; clear sides 9½; hams, sugar-cured 12½. Lard, steam leaf 10.

NEW YORK, May 27—Pork steadily held; old mess spot $17.00. Middles nominal; long clear 8¾. Lard opened rather weak but advanced 4@6 points, closing firm; contract grade spot 8.40; June 8.37@8.37.

ATLANTA, May 27—Clear rib sides 9¼@9⅜c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13½@14c. Lard—Tierces, refined 9¼c; 50lb cans 9½c; tubs 9¼c; 10 lb cans 10c; 5 lb cans 10¼c; 3 lb cans 10¼c.

CINCINNATI, May 27—Pork firm; mess $18.00. Lard 8. Bulk meats, buyers and sellers apart. Bacon unchanged; shoulders 7¼; short ribs 9⅛; short clear 9⅝.

ST. LOUIS, May 27—Provisions firm but very slow.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, May 27—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CHICAGO, May 27—Whisky unchanged at $1.12.

CINCINNATI, May 27—Whisky quiet at $1.08.

LOUISVILLE, May 27—Whisky quiet at $1.13.

ST. LOUIS, May 27—Whisky quiet at $1.08.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, May 27—Turpentine firm at 29¼; rosin dull; strained $1.05; good strained $1.10; tar firm ot $1.10; crude turpentine steady; hards $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.75.

SAVANNAH, May 27—Turpentine firm at 29½; sales 400 barrels; rosin dull; strained and good strained $1.17½; sales 2,800 barrels.

CHARLESTON, May 27—Spirits turpentine quiet at 29 bid; rosin firm; strained $1.12½; good strained $1.15.

NEW YORK, May 27—Rosin steady at $1.40@$1.42½; turpentine at 32½.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, May 27—Apples—In moderate request at $6.00@$7.00 ₩ barrel. Lemons—$2.75@$3.00 ₩ box. Oranges—$4.50@$5.00 ₩ box. Cocoanuts—None on the market. Pineapples—$1.60@$2.50 ₩ doz. Bananas—Car lots 90c@$1.25; dray lots $1.50@$2.50. Figs—18@20c. Raisins—New ₩ box $3.00; new London $3.25; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Cranberries—None on market. California Pears—None. Citron—20c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—11c. Brazils—16c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Firm; Tennessee 7@7½c; North Carolina 8½c; Virginia 12c; roasted 1½c ₩ lb extra.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, May 27—Eggs—17c; firm and tending upwards. Butter — Jersey 30@32c; Tennessee 20@25c. Live Poultry — Chickens 25@30c; hens 28@30c; cocks 22@25c; ducks 25c. Irish Potatoes—New $2.50@$4.00 ₩ bbl; old $1.75@$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—None and no demand. Dried Fruit—Dull with season about over; peaches, peeled 6@10c; no demand; unpeeled 5@7c; sundried apples 6@7c; evaporated not wanted. Honey—Strained 11@12½c; in the comb 15c; dull. Onions—Yellow Danvers $3.25@$3.50; red $3.00@$3.25. Cabbage—3@4c. Feathers—Choice 54@60; prime 50@55. Cheese—Skims 11. Peanuts 8½@12c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, May 27—Market quiet and steady at quotations. Horse shoes $4.50; mule shoes $5.50; horse-shoe nails 12½@20. Iron-bound hames $5.00. Trace-chains 40@70. Ames shovels $10.50. Spades $10.50@$13.00. Axes $7.00@$10.00 ₩ doz. Grain cradles $25.00@$27.00 ₩ doz. Grain blades $8.00@$10.00 ₩ doz. Herse hoes $3.60@$4.00 ₩ doz. Cotton cards $4.00. Well-buckets $4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3 rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails $3.00. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 7c; painted 6c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.70. Bar-lead 6c; shot $2.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, May 27—The demand for mules is very moderate, and very few on market. Horses are in fair request at the following prices: Good combination horses $1.50@$2.50; good plug $1.15@$1.35; driving horses $1.50@$1.75. The supply of horses is in excess of demand.

CINCINNATI, May 27—Hogs steady; common and light $4.00@$5.25; packing and butchers $5.00@$5.65.

TRIED BY THEIR PEERS.

THE PRIVILEGE OF ENGLISH NOBLEMEN.

Celebrated Cases Appealed to the English House of Lords—Profligate Nobles of Queen Anne's Time—Mohun's Murders—The Fate of Margaret Tuckett—Old Time Laws, Etc.

The pessimist who mourns over the degeneracy of modern times will find ample cause for reflection in the healthy condition of public sentiment in England which consigns that scion of nobility Lord St. Leonards, to prison for assault upon a young woman of the lower classes. The threat of this titled libertine to claim his privilege as a baron to be tried by his peers was not carried out. It is extremely doubtful if the house of lords would dare, even if it were disposed to shield the nobility from disgrace, to deal with St. Leonards with old-time leniency.

During the reign of good Queen Anne profligate noblemen often had occasion to claim this privilege, and the lords were tender toward criminals of their class. The law reports preserve some edifying accounts of the manners and customs of the nobility of those times. Among the number is that of Lord Mohun. Captain Hill, a friend of this worthy, having become enamored of the charms of Mrs. Bracegirdle, of Drury Lane, resolved to marry the lady at all hazards, and as she declined to accede to his demands willingly, he determined to carry her off by force. For this purpose he hired a hackney coach with six horses and half a dozen soldiers. The coach was stationed opposite the mansion of Lord Cravens, in Drury Lane, a point which Mrs. Bracegirdle was accustomed to pass on her way to and from the theater. When Mrs. Bracegirdle made her appearance, accompanied by her mother and a friend, Mr. Page, the gallant captain seized her hand and tried to force her into the coach, while the soldiers fell upon Mr. Page with their swords. This raised an outcry and the honest people of the neighborhood came to the rescue and routed Captain Hill and the soldiers, and the attempt proved a failure. But this was not the end. The ardent captain did not abandon his purpose. There was a comedian named Will Moutford whom Hill thought stood in his way, and if he were removed Mrs. Bracegirdle might be his. To bring this about the captain called to his assistance by Lord Mohun, and the two lay in wait for the unexpecting Will, and as he came out of a house in Norfolk street, the noble lord engaged him in conversation while the chivalrous captain ran him clear through the body. He demanded a trial by his peers, and at the conclusion sixty-one of the lords declared him not guilty while fourteen were in favor of conviction. So his lordship was discharged. Nor was this the last time that Lord Mohun was tried by his peers for murder.

A STRANGE ROMANCE.

So far as I know, the last person tried before the house of lords on a criminal charge was the seventh earl of Cardigan, he who at the desperate charge of Balaklava led the gallant six hundred "into the jaws of death" and "the mouth of hell." The trial took place on the 16th of February, 1841, and the charge was intent to murder, while engaged in fighting a duel with Mr. H. G. P. Tuckett. There is a romance connected with this famous trial worthy of repetition. The earl had been commissioned colonel of the 11th regiment of Hussars a couple of years previously and was serving in India. Among his captains was Harvey Tuckett, of ancient and honorable family. Captain Tuckett had a young, beautiful and accomplished wife, who, in addition to her other charms, possessed an exceeding grace of manner and lively wit. In the isolation incident to service in India, the families of the English officers were bound together by the closest ties, and in their social circles, the high-born, gifted, brave and wealthy colonel was always a welcome guest. Mrs. Tuckett being one of the most beautiful women in the Indian circle, as well as the most accomplished and brilliant, received a large share of the earl's attentions. It is not improbable that Captain Tuckett may have felt flattered by the attentions bestowed by his noble commander upon his young wife, and as he was many years her senior, he was pleased to know that she found pleasure in the society of one so worthy of her friendship and confidence as the noble earl. So chivalrous was the old captain, no thought of harm entered his mind, and he gladly welcomed the earl to his home.

On an evil day Captain Tuckett found on the floor of his wife's room a note bearing the name and arms of Cardigan, which so compromised his honor that he, stunned and bewildered at his friend's perfidy, took it to Margaret Tuckett and demanded to know if there were others. Before heaven she avowed there were none, and assured him that this one had been withheld, fearing lest a rupture with so powerful a person as the earl should bring harm upon him. And he, good, confiding soul, believed her, and challenged the earl. The contemptuous answer came, "Do you think I would condescend to fight one of my own officers?" But upon a reparation for his sullied honor, the doughty old captain, who had on many a hard-fought field won promotion and the position and pay so necessary to his old age, gave up all,

RESIGNED HIS COMMISSION

in order to challenge his adversary on an equal footing. This was also declined under some pretext, and shortly after the 11th Hussars were ordered back to England. Like an avenging Nemesis, Captain Tuckett followed with the determination that the satisfaction denied him in India should be forthcoming at home. The regiment was stationed at Brighton and his Royal Highness Prince Albert was commissioned its colonel. Cardigan taking rank as lieutenant colonel.

The humor of taking the position of "Prince Albert's Own" fired the ambition of the earl, and it became his purpose to bring his command to the highest state of discipline. The severe contrast to the laxity which prevailed in India caused great dissatisfaction among the officers, and eventually the regimental troubles of the 11th Hussars became the subject of newspaper discussion. A number of letters betraying great bitterness and personal feeling toward Cardigan appeared in the Morning Chronicle, and the earl tracing them to Captain Tuckett sent him a challenge by his friend, Captain Douglas.

On the 11th of September, 1840, at 5 o'cloke p. m., two carriages approached that part of Wimbledon common lying between Lord Spencer's park and a windmill owned by a Mr. Dann, who joined to the occupation of miller the duties of constable. The principals were placed twelve paces apart and at the word fired simultaneously, but without effect. An attempt at a reconciliation was made by the seconds, but they little knew that this was a moment of supreme joy to the old soldier, who had sacrificed everything in order to face the man who had wronged him. At the second fire Captain Tucket fell, shot in the hip. After the surgeon had pronounced the wound not necessarily fatal, the constable, who doubtless had been an interested spectator, promptly arrested the party and carried them before a magistrate and had them bound over to appear at the criminal court on a charge the punishment of which was death.

A FARCICAL TRIAL.

The earl having the right to be tried by his peers, as parliament did not meet until the following January, it was decided to not try the others until the guilt or innocence of Cardigan was established. Sixty-four years had elapsed since a peer of England had claimed this right peculiar to his order, and the case commanded universal attention. A chronicler who was present describes the scene of the trial as follows:

"The benches, galleries and floors were covered with crimson cloth, and the walls themselves with paper, in which that color was predominant, and the effect was to make the gorgeous robes of the peers, and the splendid dresses of the peeresses stand out in dazzling relief." It was indeed a gorgeous spectacle, a pompous show, where all the properties and actors were real, genuine lords, and solid gold, no mock tinsel or imitation velvet, nothing of sham about it, but the solemn forms of law. How those of the Garter and Black Rod, with the staff and mace; the clerks, sergeant-at-arms, lord speaker, and all those dignitaries included in the farce must have smiled at one another, as did the old Roman augurs, at the absurdity of the proceedings. After all the mummery and speeches and eloquence, it was discovered by the attorney general that there was a mistake in the identity of the person against whom the noble earl had discharged his pistol, it being charged that Carnigan had been engaged in a duel with Mr. Harvey Garnett Phipps Tuckett, whereas, the card handed to the constable by the noble earl's antagonist was that of Mr. Harvey Tuckett, quite possibly another person altogether. Considerations of delicacy prevented placing Captain Tucket under examination to ascertain if the two persons were identical, and after due deliberation the lord high steward announced that the identification was insufficient, whereupon the peers pronounced the noble defendant not guilty. The earl of Cardigan stepped down a freeman, tried and found not guilty by his peers, yet it may have been the consciousness of the wrong done his old friend and companion in arms that led him "into the jaws of death," and "down to the mouth of hell" at Balaklava. It may have been regarded by him as partial atonement like that of Colonel Baker, who, since his disgrace, has sought death on many a field and now has returned to England to sue for restoration to his former position.

THE TRAGIC END.

Things were far different with grim old Captain Tuckett. There could be no mistaken identity at the Old Bailey, no pompous array of peers and peeresses, no lord high stewards, purse-bearers and black rods at his trial; his antagonist was a noble earl, and as the learned attorney general in his address to the lords had intimated that he would be relentlessly prosecuted, he took his pretty wife and fled to America. Thus ended the first act, a glittering farce. The second followed, involving the bitterness of pvoerty and closing in death.

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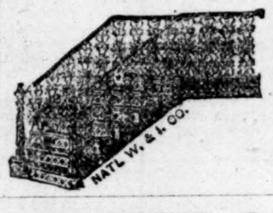

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THE HISTORY OF
Brewer's Lung Restorer
Its Claims Upon the Public—Why it Should be Universally Used.

It is very often the case that treasures remain hidden for years right under one's eyes and only discovered at last by accident. Such was the case with Brewer's Lung Restorer. This remedy was used for nearly forty years by a little neighborhood of people who either did not appreciate its true value or did not have the means or opportunity to proclaim its virtues to the world. When they had a cough, sore throat, bronchitis, tickling in the throat or other throat and lung troubles they made them a small kettle full of this unnamed remedy, the material for which they had but to look for in the forests and old fields surrounding their homes and in a remarkably short time they were relieved by its use and never thought of it any more until it was again required. However, things have changed since those days. Such treasures are easily sought after and do not long remain in obscurity. The present proprietors of this old remedy having by accident learned that its cures were miraculous determined at once to ascertain for themselves what merit it really possessed, and having tested it in a great number of cases, in all of which it proved efficacious, they purchased the right to manufacture and sell the same under the name of Brewer's Lung Restorer and it has become so widely known under their management that it is to-day recognized as the greatest throat and lung remedy of the age. Containing no opiates it can be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate. Being entirely vegetable its effects can in no way be harmful and even in the event that it fails to cure the general health of the patient is greatly improved. It can be given to six month's old infants in the prescribed doses with beneficial effects; yet full grown men are surprised at its magical effect on them.

Those who suffer from wasting diseases, such as consumption and dyspepsia, rapidly gain in flesh and strength by the use of Brewer's Lung Restorer. Many instances of patients gaining 7 pounds of flesh from every bottle they took have been reported to us. Testimonials from the best people in the land are found in every newspaper of consequence and such testimonials from such men must convince the public that this remedy posesses great merit. This medicine, indorsed by such men, has done more to break down the prejudice existing against patent medicines than any other remedy known. For the various reasons mentioned we call upon suffering humanity to give Brewer's Lung Restorer a trial. It is almost infallible. Its effects are wonderful—in fact miraculous.

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A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, MO.

TRIED BY THEIR PEERS.

THE PRIVILEGE OF ENGLISH NOBLEMEN.

Celebrated Cases Appealed to the English House of Lords—Profligate Nobles of Queen Anne's Time—Mohun's Murders—The Fate of Margaret Tuckett—Old Time Laws, Etc.

The pessimist who mourns over the degeneracy of modern times will find ample cause for reflection in the healthy condition of public sentiment in England which consigns that scion of nobility Lord St. Leonards, to prison for assault upon a young woman of the lower classes. The threat of this titled libertine to claim his privilege as a baron to be tried by his peers was not carried out. It is extremely doubtful if the house of lords would dare, even if it were disposed to shield the nobility from disgrace, to deal with St. Leonards with old-time leniency.

During the reign of good Queen Anne profligate noblemen often had occasion to claim this privilege, and the lords were tender toward criminals of their class. The law reports preserve some edifying accounts of the manners and customs of the nobility of those times. Among the number is that of Lord Mohun. Captain Hill, a friend of this worthy, having become enamored of the charms of Mrs. Bracegirdle, of Drury Lane, resolved to marry the lady at all hazards, and as she declined to accede to his demands willingly, he determined to carry her off by force. For this purpose he hired a hackney coach with six horses and half a dozen soldiers. The coach was stationed opposite the mansion of Lord Cravens, in Drury Lane, a point which Mrs. Bracegirdle was accustomed to pass on her way to and from the theater. When Mrs. Bracegirdle made her appearance, accompanied by her mother and a friend, Mr. Page, the gallant captain seized her hand and tried to force her into the coach, while the soldiers fell upon Mr. Page with their swords. This raised an outcry and the honest people of the neighborhood came to the rescue and routed Captain Hill and the soldiers, and the attempt proved a failure. But this was not the end. The ardent captain did not abandon his purpose. There was a comedian named Will Mountford whom Hill thought stood in his way, and if he were removed Mrs. Bracegirdle might be his. To bring this about the captain called to his assistance Lord Mohun, and the two lay in wait for the unexpecting Will, and as he came out of a house in Norfolk street, the noble lord engaged him in conversation while the chivalrous captain ran him clear through the body. He demanded a trial by his peers, and at the conclusion sixty-one of the lords declared him not guilty while fourteen were in favor of conviction. So his lordship was discharged. Nor was this the last time that Lord Mohun was tried by his peers for murder.

A STRANGE ROMANCE.

So far as I know, the last person tried before the house of lords on a criminal charge was the seventh earl of Cardigan, he who at the desperate charge of Balaklava led the gallant six hundred "into the jaws of death" and "the mouth of hell." The trial took place on the 16th of February, 1841, and the charge was intent to murder, while engaged in fighting a duel with Mr. H. G. P. Tuckett. There is a romance connected with this famous trial worthy of repetition. The earl had been commissioned colonel of the 11th regiment of Hussars a couple of years previously and was serving in India. Among his captains was Harvey Tuckett, of ancient and honorable family. Captain Tuckett had a young, beautiful and accomplished wife, who, in addition to her other charms, possessed an exceeding grace of manner and lively wit. In the isolation incident to service in India, the families of the English officers were bound together by the closest ties, and in their social circles, the high-born, gifted, brave and wealthy colonel was always a welcome guest. Mrs. Tuckett being one of the most beautiful women in the Indian circle, as well as the most accomplished and brilliant, received a large share of the earl's attentions. It is not improbable that Captain Tuckett may have felt flattered by the attentions bestowed by his noble commander upon his young wife, and as he was many years her senior, he was pleased to know that she found pleasure in the society of one so worthy of her friendship and confidence as the noble earl. So chivalrous was the old captain, no thought of harm entered his mind, and he gladly welcomed the earl to his home.

On an evil day Captain Tuckett found on the floor of his wife's room a note bearing the name and arms of Cardigan, which so compromised his honor that he, stunned and bewildered at his friend's perfidy, took it to Margaret Tuckett and demanded to know if there were others. Before heaven she avowed there were none, and assured him that this one had been withheld, fearing lest a rupture with so powerful a person as the earl should bring harm upon him. And he, good, confiding soul, believed her, and challenged the earl. The contemptuous answer came, "Do you think I would condescend to fight one of my own officers?" But upon a reparation for his sullied honor, the doughty old captain, who had on many a hard-fought field won promotion and the position and pay so necessary to his old age, gave up all,

RESIGNED HIS COMMISSION

in order to challenge his adversary on an equal footing. This was also declined under some pretext, and shortly after the 11th Hussars were ordered back to England. Like an avenging Nemesis, Captain Tuckett followed with the determination that the satisfaction denied him in India should be forthcoming at home. The regiment was stationed at Brighton and his Royal Highness Prince Albert was commissioned its colonel. Cardigan taking rank as lieutenant colonel.

The humor of taking the position of "Prince Albert's Own" fired the ambition of the earl, and it became his purpose to bring his command to the highest state of discipline. The severe contrast to the laxity which prevailed in India caused great dissatisfaction among the officers, and eventually the regimental troubles of the 11th Hussars became the subject of newspaper discussion. A number of letters betraying great bitterness and personal feeling toward Cardigan appeared in the Morning Chronicle, and the earl tracing them to Captain Tuckett sent him a challenge by his friend, Captain Douglas.

On the 11th of September, 1840, at 5 o'clock p. m., two carriages approached that part of Wimbledon common lying between Lord Spencer's park and a windmill owned by a Mr. Dann, who joined to the occupation of miller the duties of constable. The principals were placed twelve paces apart and at the word fired simultaneously, but without effect. An attempt at a reconciliation was made by the seconds, but they little knew that this was a moment of supreme joy to the old soldier, who had sacrificed everything in order to face the man who had wronged him. At the second fire Captain Tucket fell, shot in the hip. After the surgeon had pronounced the wound not necessarily fatal, the constable, who doubtless had been an interested spectator, promptly arrested the party and carried them before a magistrate and had them bound over to appear at the criminal court on a charge the punishment of which was death.

A FARCICAL TRIAL.

The earl having the right to be tried by his peers, as parliament did not meet until the following January, it was decided to not try the others until the guilt or innocence of Cardigan was established. Sixty-four years had elapsed since a peer of England had claimed this right peculiar to his order, and the case commanded universal attention. A chronicler who was present describes the scene of the trial as follows:

"The benches, galleries and floors were covered with crimson cloth, and the walls themselves with paper, in which that color was predominant, and the effect was to make the gorgeous robes of the peers, and the splendid dresses of the peeresses stand out in dazzling relief." It was indeed a gorgeous spectacle, a pompous show, where all the properties and actors were real, genuine lords, and solid gold, no mock tinsel or imitation velvet, nothing of sham about it, but the solemn forms of law. How those of the Garter and Black Rod, with the staff and mace; the clerks, sergeant-at-arms, lord speaker, and all those dignitaries included in the farce must have smiled at one another, as did the old Roman augurs, at the absurdity of the proceedings. After all the mummery and speeches and eloquence, it was discovered by the attorney general that there was a mistake in the identity of the person against whom the noble earl had discharged his pistol, it being charged that Carnigan had been engaged in a duel with Mr. Harvey Garnett Phipps Tuckett, whereas, the card handed to the constable by the noble earl's antagonist was that of Mr. Harvey Tuckett, quite possibly another person altogether. Considerations of delicacy prevented placing Captain Tucket under examination to ascertain if the two persons were identical, and after due deliberation the lord high steward announced that the identification was insufficient, whereupon the peers pronounced the noble defendant not guilty. The earl of Cardigan stepped down a free man, tried and found not guilty by his peers, yet it may have been the consciousness of the wrong done his old friend and companion in arms that led him "into the jaws of death" and "down to the mouth of hell" at Balaklava. It may have been regarded by him as partial atonement like that of Colonel Baker, who, since his disgrace, has sought death on many a field and now has returned to England to sue for restoration to his former position.

THE TRAGIC END.

Things were far different with grim old Captain Tuckett. There could be no mistaken identity at the Old Bailey, no pompous array of peers and peeresses, no lord high stewards, purse-bearers and black rods at his trial; his antagonist was a noble earl, and as the learned attorney general in his address to the lords had intimated that he would be relentlessly prosecuted, he took his pretty wife and fled to America. Thus ended the first act, a glittering farce. The second followed, involving the bitterness of poverty and closing in death.

Captain Tuckett selected Philadelphia as his home, and soon after his arrival started an insurance journal. Stoutly did he battle for the right, resisting all temptation to bolster doubtful companies, which would have brought him a competence, preferring to struggle against poverty, which was doubly bitter to him, who for the most part of his life had been accustomed to comforts and luxuries. The story of his past life was never referred to by him. It was forbidden ground and none dared encroach upon it. His love for his pretty wife was as faithful and knightly as ever, and she clung to him with an affection which amounted almost to a worship. Unaccustomed to the ways of the world, the old captain struggled along through bitter penury, living a life so chivalric simple and honest, that those who dared not encroach upon the isolation of this strange couple were drawn toward them. At last the old man died, and one who was present says, "after a while, some women who stood there separated the two hands, the quick and the dead, and carried the young widow to her room. We who stood about her that morning thought that she would soon follow where the old soldier led." Better by far had it been so. Better had she died in India before that note of Cardigan was found by the honest old soldier who would have died for her.

Years after the captain died, after the memory of his chivalric personality had grown dim, when hungar sat at the door,

A LETTER WAS WRITTEN

to the earl of Cardigan, from which the following is an extract: "Under the pressure of great necessity and the advice of friends, I am about to publish certain letters written by your lordship to me in India. The object of this note is to desire that I may be permitted to dedicate the volume to your lordship. Your early friend, Margaret Tuckett." She afterwards naively admitted that the answer brought £100 and the volume was never published. After this her old life was put off like a garment. As she drifted away from the memory of the brave old captain she seemed to lose her compass, and after a checkered career as theatrical manager she died.

In finishing the story of one of the last of the trials in the house of lords I find myself far from the case of St. Leonards, that noble ruffian whose threat of demanding a trial by his peers has brought what followed to mind. If it had come to this, of which there was little likelihood, the higher moral sense of the people of our day in England would have made quick work of this noble libertine. That higher regard for women which is characteristic of our time, is in marked contrast with the estimation in which she was held in the "good old days" of which Thackeray said: "You could no more suffer in a drawing-room, under the reign of Queen Victora, a fine gentleman or fine lady of Queen Anne's time, or hear what they heard and said, than you could receive an ancient Briton." Or if the lords were to attempt to shield a villain because of his so-called noble birth, that power which is all potent, and which more than once has caused titled stupidity to recede from positions in opposition to the will of the nation, would sweep them out of existence. W. R. H.

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James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them and was perfectly cured. Sworn to before United States commissioner.

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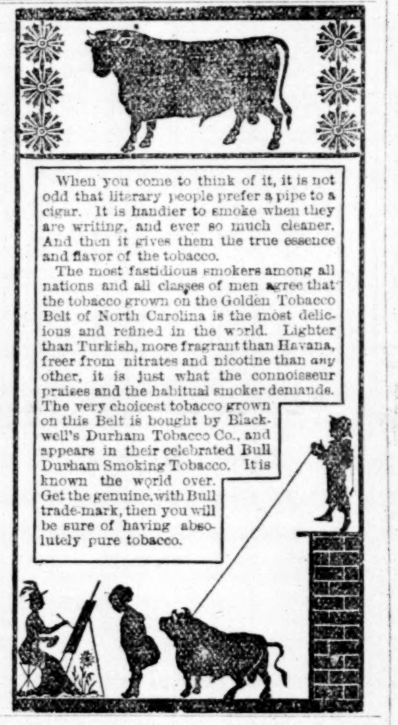

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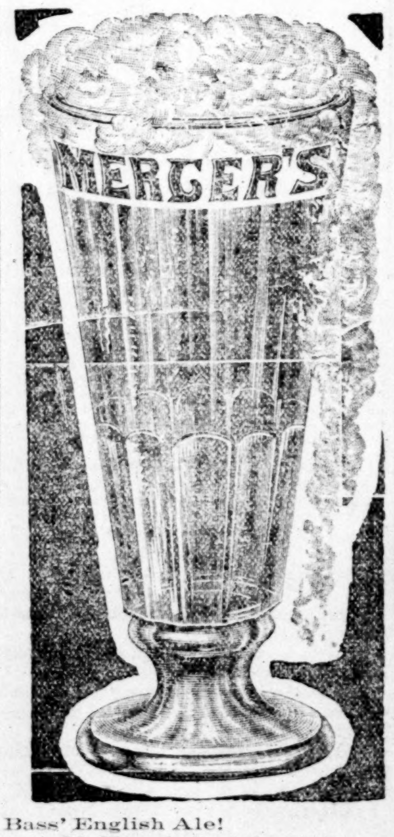

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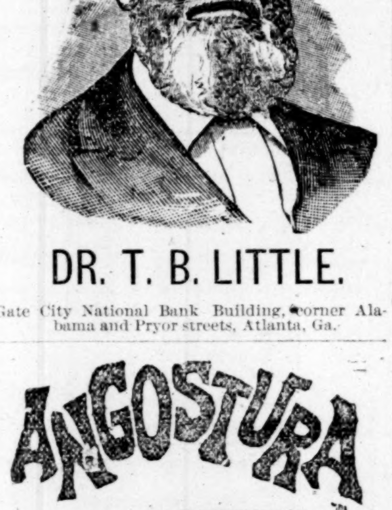

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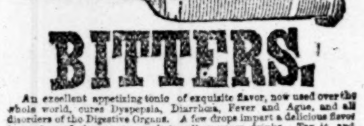

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Mr. Frank R. Walker is associated with me in the law, and business given to either of us will be jointly attended to. May 5th, 1884.
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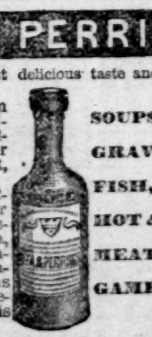

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NEW YORK SUMMER BOARD—THE LONG Acre, 1495 Broadway, near 43d street. Large airy rooms. Superior table—$1.50 per day. Also Sunset Hall hotel, on the ocean at Asbury park, New Jersey. References—Sidney Root, H. S. Johnson, A. J. McBride, Atlanta. Mrs. I. L. Hawley, 1495 Broadway, N. Y.

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FOR RENT—BASEMENT OFFICE IN MY BUILDing on corner Pryor ann Alabama streets. Apply to undersigned. Henry Jackson. we su

LIVERY STABLE FOR RENT—THAT WELL known Livery Stable at 54 and 56 South Pryor street, convenient to all parts of the city. It is centrally located, being about 500 feet from the Union Passenger Depot. There are about 20 stalls and room for carriages on first floor, while over 100 head of stock can be accommodated in the basement. Possession given 16th May, 1884. R. H. Knapp, 8 E. Alabama street. tf

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FOR SALE—A FINE DRAY MULE, 16 HAND high. Apply at No. 17 Bartow street. tf

A BARGAIN OFFERED IN SECOND-HAND Work at 38 West Alabama street. One light top pony phaeton and one light spring wagon, both in good running order. A. T. Finney.

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DR. W. A. AMMONS, OF RICHMOND, VA., IS in the city. He is wanting to purchase a lot or a cottage home in a pleasant locality. Dr. Hoge is his pastor. A light that never can be blown out. Yours fraternally, Dr. W. A. Ammons, Atlanta, Georgia.

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PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states, partly cloudy weather and local rains, followed by clearing weather, winds shifting to northerly in northern parts, and from southwest to northwest in southern part, higher barometer, slightly cooler.

THE statement of Mr. Ker, in which he shows that government officials violated their oaths of office by shielding Mr. Kellogg in order to maintain republican ascendancy in the senate, is a touching reflection upon the great moral party of which Edmunds and Hoar are the saints.

SENATOR BROWN delivered his speech on the Mormon bill yesterday, and he made the New England senators aware of the fact that there were motes in many eyes nearer home than Utah. The senator strips the question of its surroundings, and calls for the punishment of a crime which has worse phases in Massachusetts than it possibly could in Utah.

IT was a somewhat ludicrous freak of the printer, which represented Dr. Talmage, speaking of his uncle, Rev. Samuel K. Talmage in last Sunday's CONSTITUTION, as the "wildest" man he ever knew, when it should have been "mildest." The esteem in which the memory of the once president of Oglethorpe university is held in the south, renders a correction unnecessary.

THE TILDEN MOVEMENT.

The Boston Advertiser quotes an extract from a very silly and uncalled-for editorial in the Charleston News and Courier in opposition to the nomination of Mr. Tilden. The Charleston paper rehashes and adopts all the charges made against Mr. Tilden by the republicans when the latter, driven to desperation by the knowledge that the democratic candidate had been elected to the presidency, stopped at nothing calculated to handicap the weak-minded congressmen who assumed to be democratic leaders. We can conceive why a democratic editor should object to the nomination of Mr. Tilden on personal grounds or on grounds of policy; but it is impossible to conceive how opposition to Mr. Tilden on the part of a democratic editor should be keen enough to drive him to rehashing and retailing the miserable subterfuges invented by a parcel of desperate republicans.

It gives us pleasure to know that the News and Courier stands by itself in this particular. It gives us pleasure also to know that its opposition to Mr. Tilden is not explainable by the condition of public sentiment in South Carolina. When the proper time arrives, we think it will be found that the democrats of that state are as one with the democracy of the union in the belief that the success of the party depends upon the nomination of Mr. Tilden. The sentiment in favor of the great democratic leader is overwhelming; it is something more than a party sentiment; its meaning is more significant than that which attaches to the so-called booms of those who aspire to the presidency.

SOOTHING A CONTEMPORARY.

As might be supposed, the always estimable Telegraph makes haste to invent objections to the proposed walking match between representatives of Macon and Atlanta. In fact, it perceives a conspiracy on the part of the cracker city to go to Macon, and, under pretence of friendliness, walk off with all the honors and the gate money. It therefore conceives it to be its duty to warn the inhabitants of the central city that in this business there is an artfully concealed purpose to take advantage of their innocent and "flabby legs." The following we find upon the editorial page of our suspicious contemporary:

> The latest move in walking circles is an effort to pit Atlanta against Macon for the gate money and honors. Principally the former. It is evident that our people under the circumstances ought to approach this fascinating scheme with caution and deliberation. The legs of the central city are, to state the objection to hasty action in brief, not in training; and the people should not, out of mere patriotism, bet upon their lasting qualities nor their swiftness. We must play for terms, and favorable terms, before allowing ourselves to be caught in the net evidently being spread for us.
>
> Atlanta has, at the present writing, fatal advantages, from a Macon standpoint. It is well known that the matches already had have developed the swiftest movers in certain classes. The journalists have been vanquished by the railroad men, and the railroad men by the dry goods clerks. From each division a swift walker has been obtained. The survival of the fittest has been the result. These men will come down here with tough legs, beef juice and the most reliable brands of whisky. With flabby legs and ignorant of methods, it matters not how great the sustaining courage, we cannot contend with them.

We venture the statement that our amiable contemporary, in seeking for evidence that Macon's legs are flabby, did not go outside of its own editorial room, and, while we are not prepared to dispute the evidence itself, we are prepared to dispute the conclusion upon which it is based. That the result will bear us out we have no doubt. Howbeit, while the proposed match will show, as we hope and believe, that Macon's legs are not as flabby and as flaccid as the Telegraph would have the world believe, this fact will not set our contemporary's mind at ease so far as its other objections are concerned.

There is no doubt, as the Telegraph says, that a great deal of interest has been recently developed in the south in regard to pedestrian contests. This interest is perfectly natural. There is no more innocent diversion than properly-conducted walking matches, nor one better calculated to develop the strength and endurance that belong to manhood. At the very least, it is a harmless sport, a fact that is emphasized by the interest taken in it by all classes. In regard to the proposed contest between representatives of Macon and Atlanta, we take pleasure in enlightening the amiable Telegraph as to its real object. Those who are engaged in promoting it are simply taking advantage of the interest felt in such a contest by the public to promote other enterprises whose growth is of more than passing importance to the people of both cities. It is proposed to devote the "gate money" (in which our contemporary has already begun to feel an interest) or so much of it as may represent the net result, to the needs of two literary institutions that may jointly be said to represent the best interests of Macon and Atlanta. The proceeds of the contest will go to the Macon library and to the Young Men's library of Atlanta.

This is the sole object of the contest, so far as its projectors are concerned. Meanwhile, they are interested in arousing and encouraging a friendly rivalry between the contestants of the two cities, and if our amiable contemporary will aid us in this, as we confidently expect it to do, the spirit of rivalry thus aroused will not only afford the public a remarkably interesting contest, but will materially aid two deserving institutions.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

On the eve of the assembling of the national conventions attention is naturally diverted from all but the presidential nominations; and this is proper enough, for in these nominations are tied-up all else, including the control of the next congress. If the democrats nominate a strong candidate—if they nominate a man who can bring out the entire democratic vote together with some recruits from the opposition—in a word, if they nominate Mr. Tilden, there is no reason why the present democratic majority should not be very nearly retained. There are now in the house 198 democrats, and 127 republicans, the democratic majority being 71. With Mr. Tilden as the democratic candidate it would be next to impossible to carry against the democrats 36 districts that they now control. Two years ago there were 17 districts in which the republican plurality fell short of 500, and there were only 14 districts in which the democratic plurality was short of that number. Four of the latter are in the south, namely, the third Kentucky, ninth Missouri, third North Carolina and second West Virginia. If we lose the ten northern districts that gave small democratic pluralities in 1882, we will still control the house by an easy working majority, provided we suffer no other losses. And if Mr. Tilden becomes the nominee of the party we need not apprehend further losses.

The presidential nomination will also have an important influence over senatorial changes. Twenty-five senators go out on March 3d next, namely, Senators Pugh of Alabama, Walker of Arkansas, Farley of California, Hill of Colorado, Platt of Connecticut, Call of Florida, Brown of Georgia, Logan of Illinois, Voorhees of Indiana, Allison of Iowa, Ingalls of Kansas, Williams of Kentucky, Jonas of Louisiana, Grooms of Maryland, Vest of Missouri, Jones of Nevada, Blair of New Hampshire, Lapham of New York, Vance of North Carolina, Pendleton of Ohio, Slater of Oregon, Cameron of Pennsylvania, Hampton of South Carolina, Morrill of Vermont, and Cameron of Wisconsin. In order to gain control of the senate we must not only elect democrats in the places of Mr. Farley of California, Mr. Voorhees of Indiana, and Slater of Oregon, but we must elect democrats to succeed Mr. Lapham of New York, Platt of Connecticut and Jones of Nevada. The complexion of the senate March 3 depends upon the filling of these six seats, and the result will not be doubtful if the sage of Graystone becomes the democratic nominee.

THE New York Evening Post credits a Georgia educational journal with favoring Monday instead of Saturday for the weekly school holiday. No such revolutionary movement is likely to succeed. The pedagogues would find as much difficulty in establishing the new holiday as the French red republicans did in their wild attempt to make Sunday come only once in ten days. The children will not be trifled with in such a matter.

AS WE are to follow English fashions in everything bank clerks may as well take warning. The edict has gone forth in the London banks for the clerks to shave their faces clean. The order, fortunately, is in specific terms. It prohibits the wearing of beards or mustaches during business hours. After business hours the bank clerks may wear either a mustache, or a beard, or both, if it suits his fancy. It is true that there is a perplexing question involved in this distinction, but the bank officials have nothing to do with that. If a clerk is not willing to resort to the use of glue in order to resume his hirsute appendages during his off hours, it is no concern of his employers. Now, as to the reason for this singular order. It is contended that the bank officers are unable to study the features of their clerks when they are covered with hair. One hairy face is very much like another, and you cannot tell a rogue's beard from that of an honest man. It is doubtful whether the new British fashion would work well on this side of the water. Our clerks are about as independent as their employes, and they would probably stand up for their rights.

NOW THAT Ben Butler has accepted the nomination of the anti-monopolists for president, the monopolists, seizing time by the fetlock, should assemble in convention and nominate Ben for president. There is no doubt about his accepting. He would as lief be the candidate of the monopolists as the candidate of the anti-monopolists.

THE Boston Herald is tampering with what it calls "the clear white light of truth." The Herald will soon have a severe case of sore eyes.

THERE is some complaint in regard to the seating of young English by the democrats. The consolation is, that if it is wrong there is an unbroken line of republican precedent for it.

THE star-eyed goddess of reform seems to have placed her hind foot on the saddle-bags boom.

A MISSOURI country editor urges his brethren to "bounce the puff-seekers." This would be a step in the right direction, and the next movement should be to give all the "honorables" and "colonels" a long and peaceful rest. A gentleman is sufficiently honored by the old-fashioned title of "Mr." The puffery and snobbery complained of is by no means confined to the country press; many city dailies bear their full share of the blame. If all the distinguished military heroes, all the rare and radiant belles of "the beautiful and accomplished" type, all the "able and eloquent" orators, and "brilliant" statesmen and patriots who crowd the columns of many country newspapers could be gathered into one company, they would form an assemblage so distinguished as to throw all the famous soldiers, sages and beauties of the world's history into oblivion. But the evil alluded to is too ridiculous for serious discussion. It is not a part of journalism, but merely one of its blemishes.

FERD WARD can practice on his fellow-prisoners. No doubt his fellow-prisoners would buck against Ferd if they could borrow from Mystic Jim Fish.

OLD man Mystic Jim Fish, Grant's honest partner, keeps out of jail by being able to give bail. Thus virtue is its own reward.

PEOPLE who are tired of bees can get rid of them by putting up a few boxes for English sparrows. The English sparrow is a bird that is always with us.

IT is now stated that Mr. Blaine is about to take the field in person. If this is true he should carry a sunstroke remedy in his hip-pocket.

JAY GOULD and Vanderbilt have been sending each other cable messages. The business was begun by Gould, whose millions appear to be shrinking as rapidly as any body else's millions.

OLD MAN FISH was a very high-toned correspondent. He wrote as sweetly to Grant as a college girl to her sweetheart.

THE Arthur boom has begun to swell. It should be borne in mind, however, that this is the season of carbuncles.

IT is well to bear in mind the fact that during the heated term there is always a marked increase in the number of crimes of violence. Undoubtedly the hot weather has something to do with this. It unstrings the nerves, makes people irritable, and causes them to lose their temper more readily than at other times. By some it is contended that electrical conditions of the atmosphere are responsible for these effects, but the cause is of minor consideration. With the fact staring us in the face everybody will see the importance of keeping cool and avoiding undue excitement.

THE Edmunds boom is about the size of a blue pill.

IT is hinted around that some of the Blaine organs are very cheap; but there couldn't be anything cheaper than the rivalry which exists among the republican organs in New York.

ALABAMA has a big bonanza in her phosphate beds in the Bear creek hills of Autauga county. These phosphates will average five or six hundred tons to the acre. These beds are destined to form the basis of a great enterprise in the shape of the manufacture of sulphuric acid, which is used to convert the insoluble tricalcic or bone phosphate into the soluble or superphosphate. Many counties in Alabama contain beds of iron pyrites, which are bound to furnish the material for this manufacture. Whether the pyrites will be shipped to the phosphates or vice versa, will depend upon the cost of transportation, but there is no reason to doubt that Alabama will furnish the sulphuric acid needed in the manufacture of the superphosphates.

THE Grants, father and sons, have enjoyed a shower of golden opportunities during the past twenty years. Honors and gifts were heaped upon the successful soldier. Millionaires at home and abroad lavished upon him royal presents of money, houses, lands, horses, bull pups, paintings and bric-a-brac. The recipient of these attentions stolidly pocketed everything and made no return. His selfishness developed as he grew older. With all these advantages this man prodigally wasted everything, not in the vain effort to do even one good deed, but in the sordid pursuit of gain. As the father was so were the sons. The young men grew up with the idea that the American people owed them a living. They imbibed the notion that they were above the law and were not bound by the rules of common prudence and common honesty. Not one of them has ever done anything in return for the generous support extended to them by their fellow citizens. Such careers could have but one ending. The old saying, "put a beggar on horseback, etc.," has been strikingly illustrated in the rise and fall of the Grant family. In our history we have had presidents who with their families have descended into poverty, after leaving the white house, but it was honest poverty, and they left behind them honest names. We have had but one family of Grants, and for the honor of the nation it is to be hoped that the present brood is the last of the wretched clan.

THE fallen money kings of New York live in houses remarkable for their magnificence and luxury. A. S. Hatch resides in a granite castle at Tarrytown. This edifice was built in imitation of a castle described in one of Walter Scott's novels. George I. Seney's palace in Brooklyn outshines many establishments of the proudest European nobles. General Grant still occupies the four-story brownstone front on Sixty-sixth street. John C. Eno has a brownstone mansion on Park avenue. Russell Sage lives in a rather modest house on Fifth avenue. Nelson Robinson, D. B. Hatch, A. W. Dimock, O. M. Bogart, Robert Donnell and Leonidas Lawson all have fine establishments, and it will take millions to keep them up in proper style. It may be that some of these dethroned money kings will find it necessary to move into more humble quarters. If they do not there will be many inquiries of "Why not?"

ENGLAND has more than her share of degenerate and dissolute nobles. An unvarnished history of the lives of a score or more of these barnacles would read like a series of Police Gazette articles. The duke of Hamilton leads the van. The duke is a spendthrift, gamester and profligate. The Hon. Walter Harbord, Lord Sheffield's brother, is another member of the clan. For years past he has been such a notorious blackleg that he has been compelled to live abroad for his country's good. Viscount Hinton has achieved distinction by going on the stage as a pantomime clown, and in addition to this he has capped the climax by marrying a ballet dancer. The earl of Oxford came out in his true colors years ago, when he ran away with the countess of Lincoln, a high-stepping beauty. The Duke of Beaufort is a regular "tough." Nobody ever speaks to him He is a man of sixty, and yet it would seal the fate of any woman if she allowed him to be even civil to her. The marquis of Hartington, the secretary of war in Gladstone's cabinet, is one of the most outrageously immoral men in London. So much for the men, but some of the fair members of the nobility have equally shady records. The beautiful daughters of the earl of Fife, Lady Mary Craven and Lady Dudley, may be mentioned in order to point the moral. Instead of proving worthy of their illustrious lineage their lives would lead one to believe that "their ignoble blood had coursed through scoundrels' veins ever since the flood!"

EVERY time the democratic voters have an opportunity to make their preferences known they shout for Tilden and the old ticket.

IF Jay Gould can have his way there will be no more shrinkage in values. The decline in stocks has already destroyed millions of his hard earnings.

DON CAMERON proposes to wipe out the Blaine movement in Pennsylvania with his daddy's blue checked cotton handkerchief.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

TOM THUMB'S widow is being courted again, and by a man five foot tall.

MISS MARY C. LEE, daughter of General R. E. Lee, is visiting in Washington.

IN defending a suit against her the other day Mrs. Langtry testified that she had no home.

IF Ferdinand Ward "squeals," as he threatens to do, travel to Canada may become brisk.

NATHAN KENNEDY, the great chicken fancier of the south, died recently at New Forrest, Kentucky, aged 90 years. Every state of the union has representatives of his famous breed of game cocks.

MR. THOMAS B. CONNERY, who for many years was editor of the New York Herald, has been employed as editor of "Truth," the one cent New York daily. Truth is to be very much improved, and Mr. Connery will make it a power in the land.

IT is said that during the closing years of the late Judah P. Benjamin's practice in London his fee for consultation at his own house was 300 guineas, and that he habitually refused to go into any court other than the house of lords and the privy council for less than 100 guineas.

CALVIN BRICE, the Ohio railway man, is described as "a bright eyed, red whiskered young man of less than forty years." Within the last six years he has made more than a million dollars. It was he who originated the plan of the "nickel plate." He lately deeded $600,000 to his wife as her part of the profits up to this date.

F. MARION CRAWFORD, having finished his last novel, is now engaged on a more serious class of literature. This is a compilation and translation of an exclusively and hitherto unpublished mass of correspondence of the Prime Minister Colbert, who figured so prominently in the great and small events of Louis XIV.'s reign and helped to add much, if not all, to the repute of the grand monarch.

SARA BERNHARDT has scored a great Parisian success as Lady Macbeth. Her first performance is said to have been in every way as grand and powerful as was that of Charlotte Cushman, and imbued with a nervous, thoroughbred passion and fire impossible to have been surpassed even by the great Mrs. Siddons. The translation by M. Jean Richepin, who has discarded Shakspeare's arrangement of the acts and scenes, and boiled the entire tragedy down to nine tableaux, is a poor affair.

ONE of the smallest men in the United States lives at Cedar Key. His name is Abecham Livingston Sawyer. He is twenty-two years old, forty and one-half inches high, weighs thirty-nine pounds, and the captain he came over with from Key West says he can eat more than any two men in the state. The midget was born and reared in Key West. He is built in perfect proportion, is very bright, and can make an eloquent speech, and has a clear, high voice, which sounds like a child's. He was at one time a reporter on the Key West Democrat. At present he is clerking in a grocery store. He has a sister who is just a quarter of an inch taller than he is, and is just seventeen years old.

POLITICAL NOTES.

SENATOR ANTHONY personally denies the rumor that he intends resigning.

THE dark horses, properly so considered, will be placed thus in the order of their strength—Lincoln, Senator Sherman, Gresham and Harrison.

E. H. ROLLINS, who was defeated last year for re-election to the senate from New Hampshire has announced himself as a candidate to succeed Senator Blair.

CONGRESSMAN EATON, of Connecticut, says the high tariff democrats will stand by the platform and nominee of the July convention whatever and whoever they may be.

IT is said that Judge Holman sent three or four thousand cigars to his district a few days ago and had them branded "Holman cigar," with a wood cut portrait of himself on each box. This is a new wrinkle in a political campaign.

LOUD talking still continues in the ranks of the republican party. Henry Dabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, one of the delegates to Chicago, says that with Blaine as the republican candidate and Butler as the nominees of the democrats, Butler would carry half of the New England states.

SENATOR JONAS'S successor, Mr. Eustis, was in the senate six years ago, and he is, therefore, well known among Washingtonians, one of whom describes him as a typical southerner, rich, indolent, fond of fashionable life and full of caste prejudices. He, nevertheless, has made many friends at the capital and his presence there will be hailed by the entertainers as a valuable addition to the social circles.

Two anti-Blaine politicians called on Senator Edmunds the other day to see if they could not fix up some scheme with him which would improve his chances of securing the nomination. After explaining to him the nature of their mission, St. Jerome froze them out with the remark: "I desired not to be concerned in any plot, or subplot, or combination, or scheme, whereby, in any anticipated exigency, I am to get the votes of any other candidate."

A Truthful Man.

"That is the only truthful man I've met in Atlanta since I've been here," remarked the newcomer to a gentleman, and waving his hand toward a youth, who was walking away.

"Why do you think he is the most truthful?" asked the addressed one.

"Because," replied the stranger, "he's the only one I've seen, that didn't say he could walk sixty miles in twelve hours."

"That's easily explained," smiled the inhabitant.

"How?"

"He's got a cork leg," was the soft answer.

The Inter-State Baseball.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 27.—[Special.]—The Clinch baseball club of Augusta and the Mechanics of this city will play a game for $50, the prize given by the executive committee of the fireman's tournament.

Death of Colonel R. M. Ellis.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 27.—[Special]—Colonel R M. Ellis, of New Orleans, where he resided for many years, was on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. E. F. Keplinger, here. He took sick on the 19th ult., of erysipelas, and died this morning. The deceased was in Allen county, Ky., seventy-one years ago.

The Missouri Editors in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, May 27.—A party of Missouri editors, 115 strong, arrived here yesterday. They were received and handsomely entertained by the board of trade and citizens.

A Fight at a Picnic.

While the picnic party was at Ponce de Leon springs yesterday, a difficulty arose between a negro boy and Aleck Owens because the latter had thrown the negro in the creek. The negro was hit on the head with an oar. Quite an excitement for a few minutes resulted.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Scott and Graham.

H. C. W., Valley Store, Ga.:—Please inform me who ran on the presidential ticket with General Winfield Scott in 1852.

Hon. William A. Graham, of North Carolina, occupied the second place on the ticket.

Good Walking Pays.

T. B. T., Macon, Ga.—How much money has Rowell made out of his walking matches?

The newspapers say that his legs have paid him up to date something like eighty thousand dollars.

Origin of Leap Year Privileges.

Subscriber, Atlanta, Ga.: What is the origin of the alleged privilege of the ladies during leap year?

The following is regarded as the history of the beginning of this peculiar custom:

By an ancient act of the Scottish parliament, passed about the year 1228, it was "ordaint that during ye reign of her mos blessit majestie, Margaret, lika maiden ladee, of baith high and low estait, shall hae libertie, to speak ye man she likes. Gif he refuses to take hir to be his wyf, he shall be mulct in the sum of one hundridty pundis or less, as his estait may bee, except and always, gif he can make it appeare that he is betrothit to another woman, then he schal be free."

The North Carolina Tin Mine.

S. B. T., Birmingham, Ala.—What is the status of the tin mine recently discovered at King's Mountain, N. C.?

No effort is being made to develop it at present. The mine belongs to a party who is able to hold it, and it may be sometime before active work begins.

The Greatest Holocaust on Record.

Ted., Waynesboro, Ga.—What fire has destroyed the largest number of people?

The most destructive fire of which we can find record was the burning of the cathedral at Lima, Peru, in 1864. The feast of the Immaculate Conception was being celebrated, and 2,400 of Lima's fashionable ladies had gathered in the cathedral. It was very handsomely decorated, and the arches in the roof were covered with lines of wax tapers. Some inflammable material about the altar took fire. The blaze leaped to the roof and rolled like a cloud along the arches. The windows were built high above the floor, and there was only one exit. This was instantly packed so tight that it was blocked. More than 2,400 victims perished—most of them ladies from the elite of Lima.

Law For Voters.

A. M. C., Hillsboro, N. C.: If election day comes the day before my twenty-first birthday will I be entitled to vote?

Certainly. It is a common error that a person is not of age until the day of his birth comes. The presidential election falls this year on November 4. A young man born twenty-one years ago on November 5 will be entitled to vote on November 4. He completes his twenty-first year on that day, and as the law takes no notice of parts of days he is legally of age on any hour of that day. He begins his twenty-second year November 5.

Toombs and Benjamin.

Among the reminiscences of Judah P. Benjamin now going the rounds of the press is the following:

With Mr. Toombs Mr. Benjamin was involved in one of the ablest and best conducted discussion ever heard in the senate. It was on the Honmar land grant, which had been closely studied by Toombs and which involved great research into the history of Louisiana and of titles derived from the old Spanish and French colonial governments. It was characteristic of the venturesomeness and boldness of the stalwart Georgian that he should select such an occasion and topic on which to engage his rival in debate. Though no other man in the senate could have maintained himself with more vigor and skill Mr. Toombs, after hearing Benjamin's reply to his two hours' argument, threw up the sponge, and with a malediction declared that no Christian could ever comprehend the intracies of the old monkish jurisprudence of Spain.

Mr. Blaine Doesn't Know.

From the Philadelphia Press.

A gentleman asked Mr. Blaine the other day who would present his name to the Chicago convention. Mr. Blaine replied that he did not even know that his name would be presented to the Chicago convention: certainly no one had been selected by any arrangement with him, or with his approval, for such an office.

"When are you going to Augusta?" his friend then inquired.

"As soon as the weather gets a little hotter," was the response.

The Tilden Boom.

From the St. Louis Republican.

The country has never seen anything like the Tilden boom. It is sweeping every state without a brake. The uninaugurated ex-president will have the honor of being the only man who has ever received a presidential nomination without a ballot—by acclamation.

The Other Ones Feel Sick.

From the Washington Star.

As the democratic convention approaches Mr. Tilden is rapidly convalescing. It is the other candidates who are beginning to feel sick now.

The Spirit of Atlanta.

From the Louisville Post.

Atlanta wanted the new Kimball house completed, and the company lacked $25,000. It was raised within twenty-four hours. The spirit of the new south shows itself these days in works, and not in words.

From the Philadelphia Record.

There is a notable and healthy public spirit in the city of Atlanta, Georgia. Through the assistance of business men seven hundred thousand dollars has been raised for rebuilding the Kimball house, which is intended to be the Jumbo of hotels at the south.

ESSENCE OF DIXIE.

The wheat crop of Tennessee is promising.

Paris, Texas, is to have a cottonseed oil mill.

There is danger of the prosperous town of Greenville, Miss., sliding into the river.

Farmers in Waco, Texas, pay $1.50 per day for hands to chop cotton.

Those in the sheep business in Yazoo county, Miss., realize 75 per cent on the capital invested.

Glass made from sand procured on the Geiser ranch, near San Antonio, is now made in that city.

Two Mormon elders, under a threat of tar and feathers, were induced to leave Marion county Tennessee.

Professor W. LeRoy Brown, late of the university of Georgia, more recently of Vanderbilt university, has been elected to the presidency of the university of Texas, at Austin.

Guadalupe county, Texas, claims the honor of the first conviction for fence cutting under the new law. The fence cutter was tried, convicted and sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Among the expenses of the Piedmont cotton manufacturing company, at Greenville, S. C., for the past year was the sum of one thousand dollars paid out on account of school and library. The company has for years maintained a school for the benefit of operatives and children.

Texas forty years ago was practically a desert, and the handful of settlers lived pretty much on game. To-day there are more than 10,000,000 cattle, sheep, horses, mules and swine in the state and the cotton crop last year was worth more than the cotton crop of the entire United States in 1853.

CHATTANOOGA CHIPS.

Railroad Accidents—Lithographic Stone—Crime and Accident.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 27.—[Special.]—Joseph Dempsey, engineer on the Nashville and Chattanooga road, met with an accident at Wauhatchie this morning. He was adjusting the valve on the engine, when the steam burst out, knocking him to the ground and injuring him severely.

Specimens of the supposed lithographic stone discovered in this couty have been brought to this city. It is considered a rich find.

James Williams, a negro, threatened to whip Mrs. Jane Ferguson, a white woman, and was arrested this evening and heavily fined.

A negro girl named Lucy Hill, while demented last night, attempted to burn herself to death by pouring a shovelful of fire coals in her lap. She was quite severely injured, but not fatally.

MACON TOPICS.

A BIG RECEPTION AWAITING THE GOVERNOR'S HORSE GUARD.

The March from the Depot to be Illuminated—Another Go-as-You-Please Match—Perfecting Arrangements for the Great One of the 7th—Some Other Matters of Interest.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—The city is full of cavalry gossip. The approaching visit of the Governor's Horse Guard of Atlanta is the chief topic to-day. Their arrival is looked forward to with great pleasure and anxiety; a hearty reception awaits them at the hands of her citizens. The company will be received at the depot by the Macon Volunteers, and will be escorted to their armory with much eclat, where a sumptuous repast will await them. The line of march will be illuminated with fireworks, and the city will be ablaze in honor of their arrival.

Walking Match Notes.

A MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS—OTHER POINTS.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—A meeting of the committee of arrangements for the approaching go-as-you-please match was held this evening, and plans discussed. The meeting was one of considerable interest, and everything is in good shape. Messrs. H. T. Powell, president of the Macon library, and Felix Camp, as secretary, left for Atlanta to-night to confer with the board of directors of the library of that place and perfect arrangements for cars, etc.

The city is in fever heat over the match and it is being discussed all among the people. Macon is determined to win this contest and is going to do her best. The park is lively all day with pedestrians practicing, and to-morrow a great crowd will be down to begin the series of contests to decide the Macon entries.

ALDERMAN FRANK JOHNSON

Says as chairman of the committee of public property he will use all his influence to give the affair prominence and will see that the park will be put in good shape.

The time of the match has been definitely decided on and Saturday, June 7th, is the day. The cause for the change was a picnic to be held on the date selected but arrangements for the contest have been made and the date above a fixture.

A House Burned.

NEAR THE LOWER PORTION OF THE CITY—GREAT CROWD TO WITNESS IT.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—To-day about 2:30 an alarm of fire was sounded. The smoke arose in the direction of the J. L. Cook & Co. flour mills, and a large crowd gathered in that locality to witness the conflagration, thinking those well known mills were burning. The fire was a small frame building beyond, occupied by two negro families, Thomas Wilkenson and Edmund Arrington. It caught from sparks from an engine running past. The house and everything in it was consumed. The fire department was on hand but it burned so rapidly that they could do no service.

The County Commissioners.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—The county commissioners have decided to take all the convicts of the adjoining counties that they can secure for the working of the roads of the county. Two from Randolph have already been enlisted. The commissioners will advertise for them.

The United States Court.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—The case of the counterfeiter, J. I. Washington, of Upson county, was called this morning, and has been progressin all day. It will be concluded to-morrow. The grand jury was discharged to-day.

Personal Mention,

AND OTHER POINTS PARAGRAPHED OF MATTERS IN AND AROUND THE CITY.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—Mrs. I. E. Farmer, accompanied by Miss Aggie C. Farmer, left this morning for an extended visit to Scotland, where they visit relatives. They will return to Macon in October.

Mrs. W. W. Brown, the estimable wife of our postmaster, who has been quite ill, is convalescing.

Mr. W. A. Dowdy is having built one of the handsomest residences in the city, corner First and Pine streets. It will be of brick, and will cost $25,000. It will be built by Mr. P.T. Bartram. Mr. F. N. Wilcox is the architect.

Mr. E. M. Moore, of Monroe county, THE CONSTITUTION'S agent of that county, was in the city to-day. He says crops are pretty good in that section, but rain is needed badly.

The citizens of Twiggs county will picnic at Adams park next Friday. The whole of Macon is invited. Twiggs was never known to do anything by halves, and this occasion will be a big one.

The Floyd Rifles contemplate giving another grand ball soon.

The banquet to be tendered by the citizens to the Governor's Horse Guard will be prepared by E. Isaacs. This well known establishment has on similar occasions done credit to Macon and their efforts will make the occasion a success.

A Lively Runaway.

A HORSE ATTACHED TO A PONY PHAETON RUNS AWAY WITH ITS OCCUPANTS.

This afternoon two of the fashionable demi mondes were driving in East Macon. The pony became frightened and ran away. One of the occupants jumped out and was injured seriously. The other held on, but was thrown violently against the side of the East Macon bridge. The escape was miraculous and will serve as a lesson to the careless driving of females.

A Twelve Hour Match.

MACON, May 27.—[Special.]—A twelve hour go-as-you-please match has been arranged to take place at the park on Friday June 6th, on the half-mile track. It will be open to the state and big money prizes will be given to the successful contestants. An entrance fee of $1 will be charged. Mr. S. D. Cherry, of Atlanta, has the management.

WYNTON.

Walking Match in Warren.

WARRENTON, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Young boys ranging in age from 7 to 14 years had a "go-as-you-please" match on last Friday afternoon. Willie Swain, the youngest of the contestants, came out first best, Charlie DeBeaugine second, Arthur Nelson third. Willie Swain made 7 miles 580 yards in one hour, winning the contest by about 200 yards.

Mashed by Redmond.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 27.—[Special.]—Lewis R. Redmond, the moonshiner, is back among his friends in the mountains. Before leaving Columbia he was made something of a hero by a number of society ladies of this city. They visited him in the penitentiary, cheered him by pleasing conversation, and bestowed upon him various gifts. They viewed him with admiration and applauded him for his bravery. In parting, one of them is said to have been very much affected, and to have advised him to "kill all the nasty revenue officers that interferred with him." Redmond went home blessing the noble women of Columbia.

Black and White.

COLUMBIA, May 27.—[Special.]—The Columbia Register gets off the following tough one:

A dark colored girl in this city is gradually undergoing a change in the color of her epidermis. Back of her neck and other portions of her body have turned a reddish white. The change of cuticle takes place from the appearance of an irritating pimple, which after a few days of annoyance, turns white and for some distance around the locality of the pimple the original colored skin vanishes. The girl is not pleased with the slow process, as she declares she would rather be "as black as the devil than to be spotted all over in black and white."

A Handsome Prize.

McBride & Co. have offered as a prize to the successful man in the walking match between the courthouse boys Saturday a handsome set of china, consisting of fifty-six pieces.

"Spacially Jim."

I was mighty good-lookin' when I was young,
Peert an' black-eyed an' slim,
With fellers a-courtin' me Sunday nights,
'Spacially Jim.

The likeliest one of 'em all was he,
Chipper, an' han'som', an' trim,
But I tossed up my head an' made fun o' the crowd,
'Spacially Jim!

I got so tired o' havin' 'em roun'
('Spacially Jim!)
I made up my mind I'd settle down
And take up with him.

So we was married one Sunday in church,
'Twas crowded full to the brim;
'Twas the only way to get rid of 'em all,
'Spacially Jim.

—From the Century.

GEORGIA'S WEALTH.

WHICH SHE PROPOSES TO EXHIBIT AT NEW ORLEANS.

What Commissioner Bacon is Doing in Reference to the Matter—A Talk with Mr. N. P. Pratt, who has Been Selected to Collect the Minerological Display—The Outlook, Etc.

Hon. Dewitt C. Bacon, the Georgia commissioner to the New Orleans exposition, has rented a suite of rooms in the third floor of the Fitten building, and is preparing to do some vigorous work in the matter of making a creditable display for the state at the great show which, according to the present outlook, will equal and perhaps surpass the centennial.

A few days ago Mr. Bacon called at the office of Mr. N. P. Pratt in the Fitten building and asked him if he would not undertake the collection and arrangement of the minerological and geological cabinet. Mr. Pratt is a young but able and enthusiastic geologist, and his time is very closely occupied. The very handsome exhibit made at the exposition by the Georgia Pacific railroad was collected and superintended by him. He is thoroughly familiar with the valuable ores and other articles that lie hidden in the hills of Georgia and can do the work in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. He consented to undertake it, and will enter at once upon the discharge of his duties in connection therewith.

THE PLAN OF THE WORK.

"What is the plan and scope of your work?" asked a CONSTITUTION man of Mr. Pratt yesterday.

"We will make a complete collection of all the mineral resources that we can get hold of and secure a geological collection and represent them in proper cabinets."

"When will you start?"

"To-day. I have no time to lose but I have the advantage of knowing exactly where to go to get what we will want. The cabinets in the state house will be of no value to us and the exhibit at New Orleans will be an entirely fresh one."

Mr. Pratt took from his desk a chunk of bright-looking stuff about as large as a man's fist. It looked like a piece of lead except that it was brighter. Its weight was considerable.

"That," said Mr. Pratt, "is some Georgia lead. That ore will yield eighty per cent of pure lead. It is from Lincoln county, and there is plenty of it where this came from. Here is another specimen that yields 83 per cent."

Mr. Pratt continued:

"We propose to make the exhibit consist of large specimens—ten pounds or more—and put them in attractive shape, labeled with the name, the location, and the owner's name, with the geological analysis. There comes in my work. I cannot depend on outside parties for the collection of these ores, because they have no discretion. I will have to go to work and collect the whole thing."

THE OTHER EXHIBITS, ETC.

"Who will collect the other exhibits?"

"Major Bacon is himself a lumber-man. He will see to the collection of the woods and will see that they are in proper shape. The agricultural and horticultural features are guaranteed by commissioner Henderson, who is taking a lively interest. I will get the geological and minerological display. Mr. S. W. Postell, who has been appointed secretary, will attend to the correspondence."

"This is a big undertaking without a state appropriation. How will you get the means to carry it on?"

"The government has made an appropriation of a million dollars toward the exposition and the exposition company has assigned five thousand dollars to be used toward paying the expenses of Georgia's display. In the face of that Georgia has appropriated nothing. The commissioner has appointed ten sub-commissioners in the state to aid him in the work. He hopes to raise a considerable amount by private subscription through these sub-commissioners and committees that they will appoint. North Carolina has twenty thousand dollars with which to carry on the work; South Carolina has ten thousand and Alabama ten thousand, so that you see Georgia must not sleep her chance away. We certainly ought to raise enough to make Georgia show up as well as the other states at New Orleans. If I have the means I can make an exhibit at New Orleans that no other state will be able to equal. Georgians do not dream of the mineral wealth that is in this state. I can astonish every man who sees the exhibit."

THE PLAN OF THE BUILDING.

"What is the plan of the building?"

"The plan is to erect a separate building to carry the displays of the federal government and of the states. The government exhibit will be put in the center of the building, and the states will be arranged around the government exhibit in geographical order. Each state will have an equal division of space and near by this main building each state will have its headquarters. Thus near the Georgia exhibit will be the headquarters for Georgians. It is to be a big show. The city of New Orleans has appropriated a million dollars and the legislature of the state will probably appropriate another million. They will have all the money they want."

The following is a list of the district commissioners who have been appointed, and who in turn will appoint sub-commissioners:

First district—James M. Couper, of Darien.
Second district—W. A. Harris, of Isabella.
Third district—John A. Cobb, of Americus.
Fourth district—Henry R. Harris, of Greenville.
Fifth district—L. F. Livingston, of Covington.
Sixth district—G. W. Adams, of Forsyth.
Seventh district—Dr. W. K. Peacock, of Cartersville.
Eighth district—Thomas P. Jones, of Penfield.
Ninth district—Tyler M. Peeples, of Lawrenceville.
Tenth district—John S. Davidson, of Augusta.

THE NEW STATE CAPITOL.

Detailed Drawings of the State Capitol Ready for the Inspection of Architects.

The detailed drawings of the new state capitol have arrived from Chicago and are ready for the inspection of the architects. The plans are also ready. Mr. Harrison, the secretary of the board, states that persons desiring to make contracts can be furnished with room for work and access to all the drawings that have been received so far. The full detailed drawings will be received in a few days. The lithographs that have been received embrace the principal elevation, the longitudinal and transverse sections, sections of the outside and inside walls and the plan of the basement and first, second and third floors and the roof. These are all at the executive office ready to be shown, with full specifications and schedules for bidding. The detailed and working drawings will be here in a few days. A number of letters have been received from parties who propose to bid on the work. Several propose to make bids on the entire house, among them contractors in Evansville, Indiana; Washington; Meridian, Connecticut; Jacksonville, Florida, and other places. Contractors for stone have already begun to figure and several firms have written for information, stating that they desired to bid on the iron work. Of course no bids have been received as yet. The bids will be opened on the 15th of July.

University Visitors.

Yesterday Governor McDaniel appointed the following board of visitors to the university of Georgia: Samuel Barnett, of Washington; Thomas G. Pond, of Albany; G. R. Glenn, of Columbus; T. P. Cleveland, of Gainesville; Edward Hunter, of Louisville; W. H. Baker, of Savannah; S. A. Reid, of Eatonton; G. A. Nunnally, of Rome; W. H. Bennett, of Quitman, and I. W. Avery, of Atlanta.

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s afternoon two of the fashionable demi es were driving in East Macon. The pony he frightened and ran away. One of the octs jumped out and was injured seriously. ther held on, but was thrown violently t the side of the East Macon bridge. The was miraculous and will serve as a to the careless driving of females.

A Twelve Hour Match.

ON, May 27.—[Special.]—A twelve hour go-as ease match has been arranged to take place park on Friday June 6th, on the half-mile It will be open to the state and big money will be given to the successful contestants. trance fee of $1 will be charged. Mr. S. D. , of Atlanta, has the management.

WYNTON.

Walking Match in Warren.

RENTON, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Young anging in age from 7 to 14 years had a "go-please" match on last Friday afternoon. Swain, the youngest of the contestants, ut first best, Charlie DeBeaugine second. Nelson third. Willie Swain made 7 miles ls in one hour, winning the contest by about ls.

Mashed by Redmond.

MBIA, S. C., May 27.—[Special.]—Lewis R. nd, the moonshiner, is back among his in the mountains. Before leaving Columwas made something of a hero by a number ty ladies of this city. They visited him in itentiary, cheered him by pleasing converand bestowed upon him various gifts. They him with admiration and applauded him bravery. In parting, one of them is said been very much affected, and to have adm to "kill all the nasty revenue officers erferred with him." Redmond went home the noble women of Columbia.

Black and White.

MBIA, May 27.—[Special.]—The Columbia gets off the following tough one:

colored girl in this city is gradually una change in the color of her epidermis. her neck and other portions of her body ned a reddish white. The change of cutiplace from the appearance of an irritating which after a few days of annoyance, ite and for some distance around the lothe pimple the original colored skin vanThe girl is not pleased with the slow prohe declares she would rather be "as black vil than to be spotted all over in black te."

A Handsome Prize.

le & Co. have offered as a prize to the sucan in the walking match between the se boys Saturday a handsome set of nsisting of fifty-six pieces.

"Spacially Jim."

ghty good-lookin' when I was young,
n' black-eyed an' slim,
ers a-courtin' me Sunday nights,
lly Jim.

iest one of 'em all was he,
r, an' han'som', an' trim,
ssed up my head an' made fun o' the
wd,
lly Jim!

red o' havin' 'em roun'
lly Jim!)
p my mind I'd settle down
ke up with him.

s married one Sunday in church,
rowded full to the brim;
only way to get rid of 'em all,
ly Jim.

—From the Century.

GEORGIA'S WEALTH.

WHICH SHE PROPOSES TO EXHIBIT AT NEW ORLEANS.

What Commissioner Bacon is Doing in Reference to the Matter—A Talk with Mr. N. P. Pratt, who has Been Selected to Collect the Minerological Display—The Outlook, Etc.

Hon. Dewitt C. Bacon, the Georgia commissioner to the New Orleans exposition, has rented a suite of rooms in the third floor of the Fitten building, and is preparing to do some vigorous work in the matter of making a creditable display for the state at the great show which, according to the present outlook, will equal and perhaps surpass the centennial.

A few days ago Mr. Bacon called at the office of Mr. N. P. Pratt in the Fitten building and asked him if he would not undertake the collection and arrangement of the minerological and geological cabinet. Mr. Pratt is a young but able and enthusiastic geologist, and his time is very closely occupied. The very handsome exhibit made at the exposition by the Georgia Pacific railroad was collected and superintended by him. He is thoroughly familiar with the valuable ores and other articles that lie hidden in the hills of Georgia and can do the work in a thoroughly satisfactory manner. He consented to undertake it, and will enter at once upon the discharge of his duties in connection therewith.

THE PLAN OF THE WORK.

"What is the plan and scope of your work?" asked a CONSTITUTION man of Mr. Pratt yesterday.

"We will make a complete collection of all the mineral resources that we can get hold of and secure a geological collection and represent them in proper cabinets."

"When will you start?"

"To-day. I have no time to lose but I have the advantage of knowing exactly where to go to get what we will want. The cabinets in the state house will be of no value to us and the exhibit at New Orleans will be an entirely fresh one."

Mr. Pratt took from his desk a chunk of bright-looking stuff about as large as a man's fist. It looked like a piece of lead except that it was brighter. Its weight was considerable.

"That," said Mr. Pratt, "is some Georgia lead. That ore will yield eighty per cent of pure lead. It is from Lincoln county, and there is plenty of it where this came from. Here is another specimen that yields 83 per cent."

Mr. Pratt continued:

"We propose to make the exhibit consist of large specimens—ten pounds or more—and put them in attractive shape, labeled with the name, the location, and the owner's name, with the geological analysis. There comes in my work. I cannot depend on outside parties for the collection of these ores, because they have no discretion. I will have to go to work and collect the whole thing."

THE OTHER EXHIBITS, ETC.

"Who will collect the other exhibits?"

"Major Bacon is himself a lumber man. He will see to the collection of the woods and will see that they are in proper shape. The agricultural and horticultural features are guaranteed by commissioner Henderson, who is taking a lively interest. I will get the geological and minerological display. Mr. S. W. Postell, who has been appointed secretary, will attend to the correspondence."

"This is a big undertaking without a state appropriation. How will you get the means to carry it on?"

"The government has made an appropriation of a million dollars toward the exposition and the exposition company has assigned five thousand dollars to be used toward paying the expenses of Georgia's display. In the face of that Georgia has appropriated nothing. The commissioner has appointed ten sub-commissioners in the state to aid him in the work. He hopes to raise a considerable amount by private subscription through these sub-commissioners and committees that they will appoint. North Carolina has twenty thousand dollars with which to carry on the work; South Carolina has ten thousand and Alabama ten thousand, so that you see Georgia must not sleep her chance away. We certainly ought to raise enough to make Georgia show up as well as the other states at New Orleans. If I have the means I can make an exhibit at New Orleans that no other state will be able to equal. Georgians do not dream of the mineral wealth that is in this state. I can astonish every man who sees the exhibit."

THE PLAN OF THE BUILDING.

"What is the plan of the building?"

"The plan is to erect a separate building to carry the displays of the federal government and of the states. The government exhibit will be put in the center of the building, and the states will be arranged around the government exhibit in geographical order. Each state will have an equal division of space and near by this main building each state will have its headquarters. Thus near the Georgia exhibit will be the headquarters for Georgians. It is to be a big show. The city of New Orleans has appropriated a million dollars and the legislature of the state will probably appropriate another million. They will have all the money they want."

The following is a list of the district commissioners who have been appointed, and who in turn will appoint sub-commissioners:

First district—James M. Couper, of Darien.
Second district—W. A. Harris, of Isabella.
Third district—John A. Cobb, of Americus.
Fourth district—Henry R. Harris, of Greenville.
Fifth district—L. F. Livingston, of Covington.
Sixth district—G. W. Adams, of Forsyth.
Seventh district—Dr. W. K. Peacock, of Cartersville.
Eighth district—Thomas P. Jones, of Penfield.
Ninth district—Tyler M. Peeples, of Lawrenceville.
Tenth district—John S. Davidson, of Augusta.

THE NEW STATE CAPITOL.

Detailed Drawings of the State Capitol Ready for the Inspection of Architects.

The detailed drawings of the new state capitol have arrived from Chicago and are ready for the inspection of the architects. The plans are also ready. Mr. Harrison, the secretary of the board, states that persons desiring to make contracts can be furnished with room for work and access to all the drawings that have been received so far. The full detailed drawings will be received in a few days. The lithographs that have been received embrace the principal elevation, the longitudinal and transverse sections, sections of the outside and inside walls and the plan of the basement and first, second and third floors and the roof. These are all at the executive office ready to be shown, with full specifications and schedules for bidding. The detailed and working drawings will be here in a few days.

A number of letters have been received from parties who propose to bid on the work. Several propose to make bids on the entire house, among them contractors in Evansville, Indiana; Washington; Meridian, Connecticut; Jacksonville, Florida, and other places. Contractors for stone have already begun to figure and several firms have written for information, stating that they desired to bid on the iron work. Of course no bids have been received as yet. The bids will be opened on the 15th of July.

University Visitors.

Yesterday Governor McDaniel appointed the following board of visitors to the university of Georgia: Samuel Barnett, of Washington; Thomas G. Pond, of Albany; G. R. Glenn, of Columbus; T. P. Cleveland, of Gainesville; Edward Hunter, of Louisville; W. H. Baker, of Savannah; S. A. Reid, of Eatonton; G. A. Nunnally, of Rome; W. H. Bennett, of Quitman, and I. W. Avery, of Atlanta.

IN A CRITICAL CONDITION.

Miss Blanch Budden, the Young Lady who Was Assaulted by Hendrix.

Samuel B. Hendrix, the young man who made the murderous assault upon Miss Budden day before yesterday, on Davis street, and who subsequently created a sensation at the city prison by attempting to cut his throat, was yesterday sent to jail.

It was ascertained yesterday that Miss Budden had been seriously injured by Hendrix's brutal assault. No one can assign a cause for the murderous attack as the lady and Hendrix were unacquainted. When Hendrix passed Miss Budden's home she was sitting on the front verandah and without a word of warning Hendrix approached and began pounding her over her head and body with a stick. He struck her several hard blows and then turning around ran away. The young lady was so surprised by the assault that she could not escape. Her head was severely gashed by the licks. Hendrix says he has no recollection of the assault. His wounds yesterday gave him little or no trouble, and in a few days he will have the scars only to remind him of his second failure to kill himself.

THREW HER DOWN STAIRS.

How a Negro Man Attempted to Kill a Negro Woman Last Night.

Dayton Swanson, a negro man, was given a cell in the city prison last night by Patrolman Mercer. About dark Swanson, who has the reputation of being a bad negro generally, went to Susan Moore's rooms on the second floor of a building on Whitehall street, and raised a row. The woman asked Swanson to take his departure, but he declined to do so. She then put her head out of the window and called for the police. This increased Swanson's anger, and grabbing her by the neck, he dragged her from her room out into the hallway. When he reached the head of the stairway Swanson raised the woman above his head and threw her down the stair steps, a distance of thirty feet. She struck the steps about two-thirds of the way down and then rolled to the bottom, where she lay in an unconscious condition until picked up and carried back to her room. Her face was terribly bruised and disfigured by the fall. Her nose was broken and two or three teeth were knocked out, while her scalp was torn away for three or four inches on the back of her head. Her condition late last night was not considered dangerous.

CUT IN THE SIDE.

A Contractor and a Painter Entertain a Crowd on Marietta Street.

A big excitement was created on Marietta street near the state house about dark last night by loud and repeated calls for police. The calls were frequent and strong, and in a few seconds half a hundred persons were moving rapidly towards the capitol. The calls emanated from the tobacco store at the corner of Marietta and Forsyth streets and were caused by a hand to hand encounter between John Bishop, a contractor, and William Harrington, a painter. The two men began the quarrel which resulted in the fight near the corner of Marietta and Broad streets, and as they walked up Marietta street continued abusing each other until they reached the tobacco store when they went together. Harrington picked up two large stones which he threw at Bishop as he went into the tobacco store. There were several persons in the store when the fight began, but the flying stones and a bright blade in Harrington's hand soon cleared the house and left it to the fighters. Patrolman Culberson reached the place in time to prevent any great damage to either man, and conducted them to the city prison, where city cases were made against each of them. They both gave bond, and were released to appear before the recorder this morning. Neither of the belligerents were seriously hurt in the difficulty. Bishop received a slight wound in the side which he claimed was inflicted with Harrington's knife. Harrington's left ear was badly torn up, and it is said that the wound was inflicted by Bishop's teeth. The row attracted nearly a hundred people before the excitement died out.

The Hibernian Picnic.

The Hibernian picnic at Powder Springs yesterday was largely attended. The day was pleasant and the crowd had a splendid time. A two-hour walking match was one of the attractions. There were five entries. Sam Green made fourteen miles and seven laps; C. P. Vaughn, thirteen miles and four laps; W. Duncan, twelve miles and two laps; Doc Wilson, twelve miles and two laps, and William Finney fourteen miles and one lap. Boating, ball playing and other amusements were indulged in.

The Howell-Taylor Case Concluded.

The case of Clark Howell vs. Zack Taylor, for rent, was concluded yesterday morning. Before the case was submitted to the jury the defendant's counsel offered a compromise with plaintiff, proposing to pay $1,000 in addition to the $3,000 placed in the building as a guarantee. The offer was accepted on condition that the building be vacated by the 5th of June, to which Mr. Taylor agreed. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the conditions of the compromise.

The New Library Board.

The old board of the Young Men's library retired last night, and the new board was duly installed. President Finch appointed the standing committees as follows:

Library—Messrs. King, Grady, Glenn and Peeples.

Finance—Messrs. Thompson, Haiman, Johnson and Meador.

Entertainment—Parrott, Woodward, Amorous and Fuller.

The whole subject of the walking match at Macon was referred to the entertainment committee, with free power to act.

Professor Agostini came before the board and explained a plan of getting up a palace of industry. On account of the season and other engagements it was decided, however, to advise Professor Agostini to postpone the proposed entertainment to the fall or winter season.

The new board starts off with a strong determination to carry forward the work of the association, and to leave a record behind them that they will recall with pleasure.

CURBSTONE CHAT.

Paragraphs Picked Up by The Constitution Scribes on Their Rounds Yesterday.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Osborn died yesterday at their residence, 66 Chapel street.

The infant child of Captain and Mrs. E. F Couch died last night at their residence on Walker street.

The courthouse boys are putting in about two hours every day on the track and expect to make a good race Saturday.

Coroner Hilburn and Mr. Charley Wells spent yesterday on the banks of the Chattahoochee with hook and line.

Watermelons are beginning to make their appearance on the market, and the negroes are beginning to wear a happy smile.

Night before last a thief entered Mr. George Thomas's residence on Walton street and stole a watch and about ten dollars in money.

"Old Limrick," who was sent to the asylum from this place several months ago, made his escape and was locked up night before last for being drunk.

Dan Hall, the tobacconist, is developing into a first-class pedestrian. Yesterday he walked seven miles in sixty-one minutes. His step was a square heel and toe.

Invitations to the marriage of Colonel J. F. Hobbs to Miss Julia Booth Wednesday next are out. The marriage takes place at the home of the bride's parents, 38 Larkin street.

Ed Hart, a small negro boy, was knocked down and run over by a negro drayman yesterday evening on Decatur street near Calhoun. The drayman is known as Sam Gates and was arrested.

Major Wright, a negro boy, way arrested last night upon a warrant charging him with larceny. Wright has been working at Lovejoy's bookstore and while there stole several dollars worth of pictures, picture frames and books.

Night before last a burglar entered Whitlock's store on Smith street near the East Tennessee shops, and stole a quantity of flour, some bacon, some sugar and several pairs of shoes. The thief effected an entrance by boring the lock away.

THE STATE CHAMPION.

THE COMING CONTEST OF PEDESTRIANS AT MACON.

A Walking Match in the Central City That will Settl who Shall Wear the Crown of Glory and the Belt of Victory—An Excursion to be Arranged at a Low Rate, Etc., Etc.

The six hours go-as-you-please match between picked half-dozens of Atlanta and Macon, will take place in the park at Macon on Saturday week, June 7th. All other published dates are erroneous. Rain or shine the race will take place at the time selected. If the day is fair the race will be on the smaller and well shaded track near the entrance of the park. The track will be put in superb condition by the Macon people. It will be scraped and rolled, every pebble picked off, and all superfluous sand removed. It will be a track for large records, as it is just a half a mile long, all the way under great trees. If the weather should be stormy the match will take place in the Hippodrome, a building that will seat thousands, and affords a track of about eight laps to the mile.

The entire match is for the benefit of the library associations of the two cities. The Macon association headed by President H. T. Powell is taking hold of the matter enthusiastically, with a determination to get up a good contest, and an entertainment that will please all who witness it. The Maconites are by no means discouraged by the records made in the match of the dry goods clerks of Atlanta. Says the Telegraph and Messenger:

> That the match will be successfully arranged seems already to be an assured fact. That it will be equally successful is likewise evident. The committee appointed to arrange matters will enter into their work promptly and heartily. They invite everybody to make a test of their speed and endurance, and, beginning Wednesday afternoon at the park, will begin the conduction of a series of practice matches in order that they may decide on six persons to represent Macon in the big match on the 7th. Hundreds, of course, will enter, and the interest will be unbounded. The final decision or selection of the six to enter for Macon will be made about three days before the day of the contest. In order that nothing may be misapprehended, it may be well to state that the committee, in their selection, will consider only those who enter the practice matches. Those who will enter will chose trainers immediately and begin to prepare for the great contest.

The Macon boys will have the advantage of familiarity with the selected track, but THE CONSTITUTION begs leave to suggest to them now that when the Atlanta amateurs strike the grit of their beautiful park they will think a cyclone has visited their town. As soon as possible, Mr. Parrott, chairman of the entertainment committee of the Atlanta association, will announce the names of the six that will walk for Atlanta, giving their occupation, and if need be their history. We need scarcely add that such a person as a professional walker is unknown in this city. The match is limited to amateurs, and only amateurs will be permitted to take part in it.

Application has been made for an excursion train by both associations. It is unknown which road will be chosen, but in either case the train will start at 7 a. m., and arrive in Macon at 11 a. m. The walkers will be started at 12 m., and the race will be completed at 6 p. m. The return train will leave Macon at 6:30 p. m., arriving in Atlanta between 10 and 11 p. m. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and safety of the excursionists. The price of the tickets and all other particulars will be given as soon as the railroad authorities are heard from.

We give below an account of the first practice match in Macon:

> The proposition to pit six of Macon's walkers with six of the participants in the recent walking matches in Atlanta was received most favorably by our boys yesterday.
>
> It was suggested during the morning that a few of the boys go down to the park and take a spin around the mile track for an hour to see what could be done, and straightway thirteen of them had their names down on the list.
>
> Quite a large crowd of citizens went down to see the sport, and at a few minutes to four o'clock, all was announced ready. Messrs. W. A. Davis, C. E. Damour, L. M. Jones and J. A. McGregor consented to act as judges, with Mr. A. W. Butts as timekeeper. The walkers were to stand under the wire at the judges' stand and start at the tap of the bell.
>
> At the tap of the bell, all bounded off in an easy run, with Tankersley in the lead, keeping it throughout the entire time. He ran the first two miles, and then kept up a steady lick.
>
> Harry McKay proved himself a good walker, making his first mile in 6:40.
>
> The Juhan boys kept a sort of Weston gait, and were steady walkers. Willie turned in on the sixth mile, but Charlie kept on and seemed as fresh as when he started.
>
> Chastain weighs 190 pounds, but the table shows that he can get over ground.
>
> Ed Freeman made a good start, but showed a want of practice.
>
> Joe Callaway was the steadiest walker in the lot, but he turned in on the fourth mile.
>
> McPherson put in some fine work, but, taking off his shoes, the sand cut his feet and caused them to bleed. He kept on, however.
>
> Redfich is a fine athlete and has power of endurance. His gait is steady and he is good for long distance.
>
> Bob Lumpkin surprised his friends. He ran, walked and frolicked, but managed to get in with the best.
>
> John Deitz, with plenty of flesh, went along at easy gait and made excellent time.
>
> Joe Sprinz, who was a long walker when he carried letters, is out of practice now, and stopped on the first mile.
>
> Ed. Reid traveled with the Juhan boys for some time, but finally lost. He pranked too much to hold out.

Tickets will be placed on sale next Monday, and as the net proceeds are to be devoted to the purchase of books, and as the sport will unquestionably be fine, a sharp demand for them is anticipated. The names of the ladies who have consented to chaperone the party will soon be given, and the best people in the city will certainly be on hand to witness a race that willl virtually determine who is the champion walker of the state.

The excursion from Atlanta will be in every sense a picnic, and the arrangements for music, lunching, etc., will be ample and complete. It is to be a picnic with a walking match as an attachment.

SUBURBAN NOTES.

Minor Events and Happenings Here and There About the Outskirts.

Yesterday was a quiet day in all the suburban towns.

Mr. S. H. Phelan's new house near Edgewood is nearing completion.

Strawberries are in demand at twenty cents a quart at Decatur.

A little child of Mr. J. B. Thornton is quite sick nd its recovery is considered doubtful.

Mayor Word, of Decatur, had a regular levee at the court room last night. Fines amounted to ten dollars and fifty cents.

The sale of the Pat Calhoun and Fox property will occur to-day. Considerable anxiety is shown concerning the prices that the property will bring, as the value of property in that section has not been settled by any sales lately.

The resignation of Mrs. G. H. Starke, principal, and Miss Nora Belle Starke, assistant in the girls' high school of Decatur, were tendered the school trustees several days ago to take effect to-day. This leaves the school without a teacher.

A very interesting revival is in progress at Kirkwood. The meetings are held in the afternoon and at night in the academy. They are conducted by Dr. Fraser and Dr. DuBose, the latter of Albany, and are attended by all the students, many of whom have shown a deep interest in their spiritual welfare.

Colonel R. M. Brown, of Decatur, met a mad dog in the road as he was going to town yesterday morning. He sent a colored man back home after his nephew, Dan Alston, who soon came with a pistol, and pursued the dog some distance. He shot at him several times, wounding him in the leg and shoulder, but did not kill him. The dog made his escape.

Judge John Bryce, who lives about two miles east of Decatur, buried all his silverware in a swamp on lands now owned by Colonel R. M. Brown, in July, 1864, to prevent them being taken by the federal soldiers, who then had possession of the town. He has often hunted for it since that time but was never able to find it. A few days ago he heard that a colored man who ditched the land and cultivated it last year, had been selling some silver spoons, and he investigated the matter yesterday and found them to be a part of the same ware he buried twenty years ago. He recovered thirty-seven pieces, valued at more than one hundred dollars. He is now the happiest man in the county over his good fortune in recovering his ong-lost treasure.

STILSON, Jeweler.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing and Bottom Prices.

53 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Will Encamp in Atlanta.

A private letter from Major B. J. Burgess, of the Georgia military academy at Savannah, states that the cadets will come to Atlanta during the month of June and spend a week or two in camp near the city. The cadets are about sixty strong and their visit to Atlanta will be one of pleasure.

Off to Macon.

This mornihg at seven o'clock a train will leave by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad bound for Macon and carrying forty of the horses to be used by the Governor's Horse Guard in the tournament which will begin to-morrow. At 3:15 a train of special cars will leave by the same road. A large excursion of Atlanta people will go down to-morrow.

Another Walking Match.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Please announce that five members of the Gate City Guard have challenged a corresponding number of the Governor's Horse Guard to contest with them in a 18 hour match on Thursday, June 5, 1884.

The particulars and names will be given after the G. H. G. return from Macon.

GATE CITY GUARD.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE,

The Best and Cheapest Hair Dressing.

It kills dandruff, allays irritation and promotes a vigorous growth of the Hair.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are invariably acknowledged the purest and best.

Victor Hugo can speak a little English but cannot write it correctly. Senator Logan can sympathize with him.

Allen's Brain Food botanical extract strengthens the brain and positively cures Nervous Debility, Nervousness, Headache, unnatural losses, and all weaknesses of Generative System; it never fails. $1 pkg., 6 for $5. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 135 First Ave., New York City.

The chief justice of Connecticut is accused of starving his cattle.

The experience of years has not detracted from the acknowledged excellence of the qualities of Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, but has completely established their hold upon the tastes of all persons who love delicious flavors. If you desire a fine, delicate flavor in cakes, puddings, creams, ices or pastry, use Dr. Price's Flavors.

Bob Ingersoll has leased a cottage for the summer at Long Beach, L. I.

Giles's Liniment Iodide Ammonia cures neuralgia, face ache, rheumatism, gout, frosted feet, chilblains, sore throat, erysipelas, bruises and wounds of every nature in man or animal. The remarkable cures this remedy has effected classes it as one of the most important and valuable remedies ever discovered for the cure and relief of pain. Sold by all druggists.

A Danielsonville, Conn., cat has given birth to 17 kittens in one litter.

Dr. Rosanko.

This name has become so familiar with the most of people throughout the United States that it is hardly necessary to state that he is the originator of the great Dr. Rosanko Cough and Lung Syrup, the people's favorite remedy, wherever known, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and all affections of the throat and lungs. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Sold by Sharp Bros, No. 202 Marietta street, Moran's Pharmacy, opposite National Hotel, and A. J. Pinson.

Julian Sherman, an English writer, has in press a "Cursory History of Swearing."

INVESTORS, ATTENTION.

I am offering for a few customer a first-class short date untaxable bonds at prices that will net the buyer seven per cent.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Bond and Stock Broker, 24 South Pryor street.

Give your children Smith's Worm Oil.

Special Trains Leaves at 3:50 p. m.

To the auction sale at Edgewood of the Pat Calhoun and Fox tracts to-day. Free ride.

SAM'L W. GOODE.

No deleterious ingredients are used in Pilsner.

The people's favorite—Pilsner Beer.

Give your boy Smith's Worm Oil.

The pamphlet decisions, September term, 1883, just published by this office. Copies sent postpaid upon receipt of One Dollar.

Free Ride

On the special train at 3:50 p. m. sharp to the sale of the Pat Calhoun and Fox tracts to-day by

SAM'L W. GOODE.

Eggs! Eggs!

Good lot fresh eggs at Allen & Redus, 24 Walton street.

The Ladies Especially Invited

To attend the sale at Edgewood to-day of the Pat Calhoun and Fox tracts. It is a pretty drive.

Fox-Calhoun Sale.

This lovely property will be sold this afternoon. Take the Gate City street cars to Angier's springs, from which point free hacks will be run every twenty minutes, bringing passengers back to meet the cars after the sale.

To the Ladies.

Have your escorts show you the nice drive at the Pat Calhoun Place and Fox tract at about 4 0'clock this afternoon. The sale will be a novelty to you.

SAM'L W. GOODE.

Thirteen Acres at Edgewood

Brought $16,000 a few months ago—$1,230 an acre. The Pat Calhoun and Fox places at auction today. Go and get a bargain. SAM'L W. GOODE.

Diamond raffle at Kenny's bar to-night. 2

Church of Christ.

Elder S. S. Landrum will preach at the Hunter street Church of Christ, this evening at 8 o'clock.

Calhoun-Fox Sale.

Parties wishing to attend the sale of the Calhoun-Fox land this afternoon, will find the best route to be via the Gate City street car line to Angier's springs, where hacks will be in waiting to carry them free of charge at any time from 3 o'clock until the close of the sale. Fare to Angier's springs only five cents.

Free Hack Ride

From Angier's springs to the Calhoun-Fox sale this afternoon. Hacks will meet each car going out on Gate City street car line from 3 o'clock until close of sale, and bring passengers back after the sale is over. Take the Gate City street car line at any time from 2 o'clock to-day.

The Boulevard

runs into Decatur street near Sam'l W. Goode's auction sale on June 4th, at 4 p. m.

The Gate City Street Car Line

Takes you to Angier spring; and hacks thence to the auction sale of the Pat Calhoun and Fox places to-day at 4 p. m. Take car at Kimball house at 3 p. m., 3:15 p. m. and 3:30 p. m. to-day.

SAM'L W. GOODE.

Eggs! Eggs!

Good lot fresh eggs at Allen & Redus, 24 Walton street.

Better Late Than Never.

"Don't put off until tomorrow what can be and should be done today," is wise. If you have neve used SOZODONT for your teeth, make a bee line to the druggist and get a bottle and begin its use at once. "Verb sap."

SPRING MILLINERY.

The daily arrival of new goods enables me to show as handsome and complete a line of stylish spring millinery as can be found in the city. My stock embraces hats and bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, novelties in feathers, plumes, flowers, straw goods, laces, fine goods and general millinery. Call and see me at 45 Whitehall street.

MISS MARY RYAN.

SAM'L W. GOODE, AGENT.

20 SUBURBAN LOTS 20

PAT CALHOUN

—AND—

FOX TRACTS

—BETWEEN—

ANGIER AND PONCE DE LEON SPRINGS

—AND—

EDGEWOOD DEPOT

AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY, MAY 28TH, AT 4 P. M.

These twenty lots constitute the residence place of Mr. Pat Calhoun, and the twelve acres of Mr. Charles W. Fox, late of New Jersey, just opposite. They lie with ample between the Georgia and Air-Line railroads on a very high level ridge with fine views of Atlanta and of the country around. They are accessible by either of the railroads, will soon be reached by six fine drives, and have the prospect of a street car line connecting with the Gate City line at Angier spring, and running thence in front of them to Edgewood depot. The adjacent land is owned by Messrs. T. M. Clarke, Thomas E. Walker, W. S. Thomson, P. H. Snook, Professor Barili, Major Moreland, W. A. Hagood and Senator Colquitt, and they are all interested in forming here a community of families having such general culture as will make association mutually agreeable. The beautiful groves and green lawns fronting and surrounding the residences already erected and those soon to be built, intersected by lovely drives and walks, the pure water and fresh country air, the large health-giving playgrounds for children, these many and other attractions make this property very desirable and must quickly advance it in price. The spring, the railroads, the street cars, the drives, the summer resorts, Edgewood, Kirkwood, and Decatur all influenced by the property owners in these places, force the growth of Atlanta in the direction of the lots for sale and increase their value. What seems far out now will soon be near in, and those purchasing now must soon realize increased prices should they wish to sell. Mr. Calhoun will reserve a residence lot for himself, and private sale has been made of about ten acres to a gentleman from Macon who will arrange his permanent home there this summer.

Plats will be ready for distribution at my office Friday of this week. I will show the property with pleasure between now and the 28th instant, as I am instructed to make private sale of any or all the lots.

Terms one-third cash, balance in six and twelve months, with 8 per cent interest. Special car leaves carshed in Atlanta on Georgia railroad at 2:50 p. m. sharp, Wednesday, 28th instant. Free ride for all.

SAM'L W. GOODE,
21 Marietta St., Corner Broad.

J. EDWARD KIRBY.

(Late of Baltimore, Md.)

Office 7 1-2 North Broad Street, up stairs.

BUILDER OF BRICK AND STONE SEWERS, Cement Pavement, Cellar Floors and Drain Pipes, a specialty. All work done at short notice and guaranteed.

REFERENCES:

H. W. Grady, Atlanta Constitution; Rhode Hill, 29 Peachtree street; R. C. Clarke, 27 Peachtree street; Dr. A. W. Calhoun, 38 South Broad street; Fay& Eichberg, architects, 19 1-2 South Broad street; E. G. Lind, architect, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

English Portland Cement for sale in lots to suit. Brands: White Bros. and K. D. & S.

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO THE PUBLIC AND

GAS CONSUMERS.

THE ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO

HAVE AGAIN

REDUCED THE PRICE.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD held this day, the price of gas was reduced to one dollar and a half per M cubic feet, as will be seen by the following preamble and resolution offered by Mr. R. J. Lowry, to-wit: That in view of the increased demand made upon the

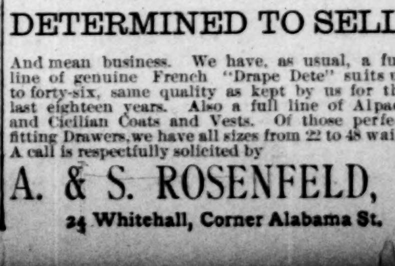
THE ATLANTA GASLIGHT CO

For gas and the corresponding reduction in price of coal and freight, justifies the company in making a further reduction in price of gas to our consumers; therefore

Resolved, That the price of gas on bills made after July 1st, 1884, shall be at the following rate, viz: One dollar and eighty cents per M cubit feet, and a discount of thirty cents per M will be allowed if paid at the company's office on or before the seventh day of the month, thus making the price one dollar and a half per M net. Extract from the minutes.

J. H. MECASLIN,
Secretary and Treasurer Atlanta Gaslight Co.
su we fr

GATE CITY CLOTHING STORE.



ALL THOSE IN WANT OF CLOTHING FOR men and boys are cordially and earnestly invited to examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as we are

DETERMINED TO SELL

And mean business. We have, as usual, a ful line of genuine French "Drape Dete" suits u to forty-six, same quality as kept by us for th last eighteen years. Also a full line of Alpac and Cicilian Coats and Vests. Of those perfee fitting Drawers we have all sizes from 22 to 48 wais A call is respectfully solicited by

A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama St.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

LEADER OF

Fashionable Clothing.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS.

41 WHITEHALL STREET.

MEN'S, YOUTH'S AND BOY'S.

—OF THE—

LATEST STYLES.

Suits made to order.

Shirts made to order.

Clothing sent out of city on apdroval and return express paid.

BUSINESS MEN!

Wearied from the labors of the day on going home find that they cannot have the desired and necessary rest, for the little darling is still suffering, and slowly and pitifully wasting away by the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething. If they would think to use Dr. Biggers' Southern Remedy, loss of sleep and bowel complaints would be unknown.

DR. BIGGERS'

SOUTHERN

REMEDY!

—FOR—

DIARRHOEA AND DYSENTERY.

CRAMPED FINANCIALLY

Has no speedy relief, but cramped in the bowels ha a sure one in the use of Dr. Biggers's Southern Remedy, the great specific for all bowel affections and an undoubted boon to parents who have been spending sleepless nights in nursing the little ones who had been gradually wasting away from the drainage upon its system from the effects of teething until given.

WALTER A. TAYLOR,
AUTANTA, GA.

L. S. L.

CAPITAL PRIZE $150,000

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached on its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J A Early

COMMISSIONERS.

Unprecedented Attractions!

Over Half a Million Distributed.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dollars has since beed added.

By an overwhelming popular vote, its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

169th Grand Monthly

AND THE

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, June 17, 1884.

Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGUARD, of La., and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $150,000,

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves Five Dollars. Fifths Two Dollars. Tenths One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$$150,000	$150,000
1 Grand Prize of	50,000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20,000	20,000
2 Large Prizes of	10,000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
1,000 "	50	50,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Approximation Prizes of	200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
2,279 Prizes amounting to		$522,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Postal Notes and ordinary letters by mail or express (all sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.,

Or, M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh street, Washington, D. C.

TEACHERS and SCHOOL GIRLS ATTENTION!

We will reduce our price of tuition during the summer months to accommodate ladies desirous of taking advantage of the school vacation. New Art Goods. Cool studio. Call and see specimens or send for circulars. Firing and gilding of China our specialty. Artists' requisites in great variety.
LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.,
ARCHITECTS,
9½ Peachtree Street.

DIAMONDS,

Fine Jewelry, Silverware and Fancy Goods, newest Styles, Largest Stock and Lowest Prices. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

MEETINGS.

The joint anniversary exercises of the Atlanta Baptist Seminary, and the Spilman Baptist Seminary of this city, will be held to-morrow at 10 a.m., at Friendship Baptist church, West Mitchell street. All friends of these institutions are cordially invited to attend these exercises.

GETTING READY TO WALK,

A Wild Irishman Wants to Walk Against the Flying Dutchman For a Purse.

It is now proposed to have a walking match in Atlanta open to the state. Some parties who will make the matter a success have the enterprise in hand. Mr. Seel will enter the race as he has already received two challenges to walk. It is thought that Mr. Frank Mitchell will also enter and perhaps Mr. Moody, and possibly one or two of the reporters.

IRELAND AGAINST GERMANY.

Mr. Pat Kelly a stalwart mecanic of fine physique and build came into THE CONSTITUTION office yesterday and stated that he wanted some of Mr. Albert Seel's meat. Said Mr. Kelly with some emphasis:

"I am an Irishman and when I saw that man carrying the flag of Germany arouund the track I determined that I would tote the green flag of Ireland in front of him or I would die on the track a-trying. I want to run against him, and I want the match made as soon as possible. I believe I can beat him. I know I can cover sixty-five miles. I am going to carry the green flag of Ireland that distance, or I will treat the Atlanta public to a tragedy."

Mr. Kelly has been in training for some time, and on Sunday took a run from six miles below Villa Rica to Atlanta, averaging five miles an hour and coming into the city without much exhaustion. He says that he has no objection to the Douglas county wonder entering but would prefer that a full track be made up, and said in conclusion:

"You may be sure that you will not lose your money if you put it on the wild Irishman as against the flying Dutchman."

The Douglas county man will be up in a day or two.

Rebellion of the Daisies.

"The Rebellion of the Daisies," the pretty operetta, was presented at DeGive's opera house last night before a large and enthusiastic audience. The children representing the flowers were in pretty costumes that made a beautiful spectacle under the soft influence of the gas light. All the children did exceedingly well, but especial mention may be made of the leading characters. George Post, king of daisies, and Eskie Richmond, as queen of the daises, made a decided hit, while Willie Hemphill, as the daisy general, did not disappoint his friends. Carter Colquitt, as king of the sunflowers, and Bertie Wolford, as his queen, were loudly applauded. The police chorus was a decidedly good feature of the entertainment. while the singing by Miss Courtney, was highly enjoyable. The entertainment was a success in the fullest measure, and much praise is due Miss Shipp, who engineered it so skillfully. The entertainment netted quite a snug sum, which will be devoted to the purchase of an organ for the First Methodist church.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Gaston occupies the office vacated by Dr. Calhoun, No. 38 1-2 S. Broad street.

Mr. John Grant, the son of Captain W. D. Grant, is winning golden honors at the State university. He was chosen spring debater for his society in a spirited contest, and will worthily wear the Chi Phi colors on Friday when the debate comes off. He was also chosen sophomore speaker and will bear himself honorably in that most interesting of the commencement contests. Atlanta is proud of her gifted young representative.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY
SPOT CASH.

We have started another boom in White Dress Shirts. This department is one of our favorites, made so by showing the best Shirts for the money to be found in the market.

They make stylish suits at Gay's, 35 Whitehall street.

Musical Soiree.

The pupils of the Atlanta conservatory gave recital on last Wednesday which passed off very pleasantly. All the performers seemed to be perfectly at ease and acquitted themselves to the complete satisfaction of their friends. When all seemed to be so nearly alike in excellence—making allowance for the disparity in ages—it seems like partiality to particularize, yet we cannot forbear mentioning Miss Maude Hirsch, who played a sparkling waltz with spirit and in exact time; Miss Lala Hirsch, who played "Little Wadderer" with brilliancy and accuracy; Master Herman Sphar, who played sonate in F, by Beethoven, quite creditably, and his little sister, Fannie, who sang "My Love is a Rover" with so much spirit and precision as to bring her an encore, to which she responded by singing "Sweet Violets." "Alpine Glow" was admirably played by Miss Lula Jones, and a fantasia from Martha by Mr. W. Downing, showed much skill in mastering its difficult passages. Concert Polonaise, by Bohm, was rendered by Miss Carrie Parks, of Norcross, with vivacity and in faultless style.

Mr. J. Schanc and Professor Sphar contributed very much to the enjoyment of the audience by the performance of a brilliant selection for flute and piano. Altogether the concert was a great success, reflecting great credit on scholars as well as teachers.

Fine stock of imported woolens at Gay's, 35 Whitehall street.

Going to the Edgewood Sale.

Take Georgia railroad special train at 3:30 p. m. sharp, or the hacks at my office at 2:30 p. m., or the Gate City street cars at 3 p. m., 3:15 p. m. and 3:30 p. m.
SAM'L W. GOODE.

Gay will move his entire stock to 35 Whitehall street the last of the week, and before doing so will sell wonderful bargains in clothing.

He First Turned Hot and Then Cold.

And now comes the drawing of the capital prize of $25,000 in The Louisiana State Lottery Company, on April 8th, drawing at New Orleans, of which Isidor Isaacs, of Modesto, has been awarded $5,000. Mr. Isaacs was in San Francisco yesterday, and said that there was a peculiar circumstance in relation to his securing the lucky ticket. "In the first place," said he, "I sent to San Francisco for a ticket in the Louisiana State Lottery. I received no answer to my letter, and so wrote again, requesting him to send another or refund my money. He sent the ticket, No. 58,298, for April 8th drawing—the lucky one—for it was only a little while before I received a dispatch that I had won a $5,000 prize. Well, I guess I felt about as any poor man does who suddenly comes into possession of money like that. I first turned hot and then cold." J. Boas cashed the check for the lucky man, who left the city for Modesto in high glee. Mr. Isaacs is a clothing store keeper in Modesto, and has seen some pretty hard struggles.—San Francisco, Cal., Chronicle, April 20.

Don't Be In a Hurry!

At the proper time Stocks & Brazelton, sole agents for the Celebrated Jellico mountain coal, will quote you figures that have never before been reached. While if you buy now any coal that is offered, just because you think it's cheap, the first cold spell will probably catch you with a cellar full of slack.

—FOR—
BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY,
AND ALL OFFICE SUPPLIES,
—CALL AT—
LYNCH & LESTER'S.

PHOTOGRAPHS
—IN—
CLOUDY WEATHER AT MOTES

NEVER MIND THE WEATHER, I AM ALWAYS ready with my instantaneous process to make sittings rain or shine. Remember, the finest pictures are made on a cloudy day.

Some of the best photographs I have ever made have been during the the recent protracted bad weather.

25 to 30 per cent discount if cash accompanies the order.

C. W. MOTES.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

F. L. FREYER
OFFERS THE MOST EXCELLENT
PIANOS AND ORGANS

Ever brought to this market. His stock is from the most celebrated manufactories, and he can, therefore, safely guarantee satisfaction to his patrons. He has devoted many years to his present business, ond is familiar with all of its details. When he recommends an instrument he knows what he is doing, and it will prove to be just what he says of it.

If you desire any article in this line that is first-class, call at or send your order to Mr. F. L. Freyer, No 27 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

A NOVEL INVENTION.

A North Carolina Mon Shows Up a Great Thing for Building Purposes.

A very novel invention was seen yesterday by a CONSTITUTION man, who was attracted by a crowd at the corner of Marietta and Broad. A man was turning a crank, which rested on top of an upright beam.

"What is that?" the reporter asked.

"The Davis scaffold and elevator."

"What is it for?"

"The purposes to which it may be applied are many and varied. It may be used as an elevating scaffold in building houses, etc.; the scaffold may be of any desired length by using two or more of the stands as uprights, connecting them by plank or platforms made for the purpose. When it is desired to raise the scaffold or platform higher, it is done by wheels connected with the machine."

"What are the advantages in it over the ordinary scaffold?"

"We claim that is a saver of time, labor and expense, because a scaffold can be raised higher without removing either men or material, and thereby reduces the cost of scaffolding to a minimum.

"We claim that it will be cheaper than the old method of scaffolds because the iron parts can be furnished at a moderate price, and the part constructed of wood may be made by any ordinary carpenter at small cost.

"Another of its advantages, is its perfect safety as there is no possibility of its falling, which has been demonstrated by models and also by practical machines in operation.

"The whole machine can be taken down with as much ease as a long ladder and removed in a compact form without injuring in the least, any part of it."

The machine has created a great deal of interest among the Atlanta builders, and a full sized working model is now being constructed. McCombs, Taylor & Co. have the contract for manufacturing them, and they can be furnished, that is, the iron work, for about twenty dollars. The machine can be seen on the street, or the owners, Messrs. Davis & McLean, may be found at 123 Peachtree.

The Edgewood Sale To-Day.

This sale will be a novelty even to Atlanta, where auction sales are of almost daily occurrence. The hour is opportune, the property is simply lovely, the drives are interesting, and there will be present not only the sharp, shrewd business men, but large numbers of the fashionable ladies of our city, and many visitors will drive out in their carriages or ride out on horseback. All the guests at Mooreland's Park are expected and the crowds of men standing, the array of costly equipages filled with beautiful women, the number of fair equestriennes, all congregated under the spreading oaks and on the velvety lawns, will make a scene of unusual happening and only manifests the interest always excited in Atlanta by the sale of first-class real estate.

Sale of the Pot Calhoun Place To-day.

To-day at 4 o'clock Mr. Sam'l W. Goode sells the Pat Calhoun place at auction. No sale this season has created more general interest or been more largely attended. Special invitation has been given the ladies and gentlemen of the city to go out at the hour of sale and see the new drive opened by Mr. Calhoun across his own and the place of Mr. Fox and Mr. Haygood, and to understand where in the near future the very prettiest drive about Atlanta will be located. Major Mooreland in his interview published Sunday, conceded that the property for sale is the choice part of Edgewood. Mr. P. H. Snook in an interview yesterday in responce to the question, "When will you build?" said: "I had the first load of lumber hauled Monday, I will build my kitchen first, and in such style that this summer I can occupy it. My residence will not be completed before next year. I shall get my kitchen up now and pay especial attention to my lawn and flowers, which will be made as pretty as our taste and means will allow. Besides my bathing-pool and fish pond will this year be put in perfect order."

How many acres have you and what their value, Mr. Snook?

"I have ten, for which less than a month ago I refused $5,000 cash and $4,000 has frequently been offered me. I would not take $8,000 cash for the tract, and the public will soon see these prices more than sustained, as the location, the scenery, the attitude are the best about Atlanta, to say nothing of the class of people forming the community. We will be near both the Georgia and the Air-Line railroads, have several lovely drives into the city and very soon have a street car to our very doors."

A line of hacks will leave Mr. Goode's office at half past two o'clock this afternoon, taking parties wishing to inspect the property before sale. The Gate City street cars will take a great many to Angier spring, where hacks will be ready to carry them to the property, and a special train will leave the carshed at 3:50 p. m. sharp for Edgewood depot where conveyances will also be ready to take persons to the grounds, and a great many will ride or drive out in their own conveyances. The beautiful trees, pretty lawns, fine views and large crowd of purchasers and lookers-on will make a scene rarely witnessed elsewhere than about Atlanta, and we expect to chronicle the sale a grand succes.

An Agonizing Sight.

What can be more agonizing to the heart of a parent then to see their little one utterly unable to express by words its suffering as day after day it gradually and pitifully wastes away by the continual drainage upon its system from the effect of teething. If they would only use Dr. Biggers's Southern Remedy, loss of sleep and all bowel troubles would be unknown in that household.

Extraordinary bargains in clothing for one week at Gay's, 37 Peachtree.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

A big line of new umbrellas and parasols much under former prices.

Alpaca Coats, Sicilian Coats, Creole suits, and Seersucker suits from the cheapest to the best quality at Gay's, 37 Peachtree street.

Beautifully fitting suits made at Gay's custom department, 35 Whitehall.

All Invited

by Sam'l W. Goode to the auction sale to-morrow of the Pat Calhoun and Fox places, between Angier Spring and Edgewood depot at 4 p. m.

Clothing cheaper than the cheapest, for one week at Gay's.

HIRSCH BROTHERS.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED THEIR STOCK OF
ELEGANT CLOTHING.
FOR MEN AND BOYS.
IN ALL THE LATEST SPRING STYLES

Our Display of handsome Goods in our Merchant Tailoring Department is unusually large and includes all the latest nobby designs introduced this season. We are prepared to please the most fastidious.

HIRSCH BROS.
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL ST.

OUR SPRING STOCK
IS COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SUITS
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Suits Made to Order in the Best Style and at Popular Prices.
MUSE & SWIFT,
38 Whitehall Street.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
DIAMOND MERCHANTS!
31 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY
SPOT CASH.

We will show some choice white quilts this week, very cheap.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

We can save you money on white Goods and Torchon Laces, and are willing to do it.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

Will have plenty of those beautiful cheap Chambrays this week,

Pat Calhoun and Fox places at auction to-day at 4 p. m. Everybody and ladies specially invited.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

Has a plenty of those cheap Chambrays this week.

Pilsner Beer has no superior—it is the acme of perfection.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

Is showing special inducements in Silks and Cashmeres.

D. H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

We are going to arouse the community for a while on black silks and black and colored cashmeres. Don't lose any time if you want goods cheap.

Real Estate at Auction.

Sam'l W. Goode sells a large number of lots on Decatur street and the Boulevard next Wednesday, June 4th.

The biggest walking match ever seen outside of New York will take place Saturday next. Be sure to go and cheer the boys up.

D. H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

Another big lot of those beautiful white lawns in. We are selling them four cents under the market.

D. H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

Has new corset covers and dressing sacques.

Cottages Rent Well

In the neighborhood of the Boulevard and Decatur street. Sale by Sam'l W. Goode June 4th. Read the advertisement.

Gay does what he advertises. You'll find his clothing cheap.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

We will show some grand bargains this week. Look out. Two cases more of those cheap Chambray gginhams in all colors.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

Gauze underwear for ladies, misses and gentlemen, and you can buy them at Spot Cash prices.

Pilsner Beer is a healthy and invigorating beverage.

Returning from the Edgewood Sale.

A special train on the Air Line road will come for all at the Houston street crossing after the sale.
SAM'L W. GOODE.

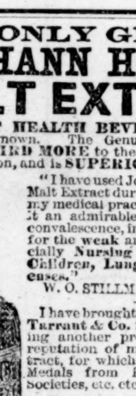
SUBURBAN AND FARM PROPERTY—BEING engaged in handling suburban property exclusively, I may fairly claim to have better facilities for supplying rural homes either for residence or farming purposes, than any enjoyed by most agents. I will send descriptive lists, with prices of residences and vacant property for sale in and around Decatur and on the line of the Georgia railroad, and also of farms to any one applying or will be pleased to show properties to any one who will call at my office.
E. M. WORD,
tu we fr Real Estate Agent, Decatur, Ga.

D. H. DOUGHERTY.
SPOT CASH.

We are offering landslides in shoes to reduce stock.

THE ONLY GENUINE
JOHANN HOFF'S
MALT EXTRACT

Is the BEST HEALTH BEVERAGE, Tonic and Nutritive known. The Genuine CONTAINS ONE-THIRD MORE to the bottle than the imitation, and is SUPERIOR in quality.



"I have used Johann Hoff's Genuine Malt Extract during the last 5 years in my medical practice, and have found it an admirable food and Tonic in convalescence, in cases of Dyspepsia, for the weak and debilitated, especially Nursing Mothers, Weakly Children, Lung and Throat Diseases."
W. O. STILLMAN, A.H., M.D., Phila.

I have brought suit against Messrs. Tarrant & Co. for bottling and selling another preparation upon the reputation of my Genuine Malt Extract, for which I have received 58 Medals from Exhibitions, Medical Societies, etc. etc.

Beware of Imitations!
None genuine without signature of "Johann Hoff" & "Moritz Eisner," on the neck of every bottle.
JOHANN HOFF,
Berlin, Germany.
EISNER & MENDELSON, Sole Agents for the U. S., 318 & 320 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FARMVILLE
LITHIA WATER

Nature's Own Remedy For the Cure of
Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Billiousness, Jaundice, and all Kidney Diseases, Gout, Rheumatism and Dropsy.

Sold on Draught and by the Gallon at 50c
By WILLIS E. VENABLE, corner Marietta and Peachtree street.
SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY, Whitehall street corner Hunter and Peachtree, cor. Forsyth.
General Wholesale Agent, in Cases Only.
LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR.
SEND FOR PAMPHLET.
Beware of counterfeit water.
Principal Office, 1123 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW SUMMER RESORT,
—THE—
"NEW BRIGHTON HOTEL,"
CASINO AND COTTAGES
—ON—
SULLIVAN'S ISLAND,
NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.

The only Hotel directly on the Ocean South of Cape May.

THE "BRIGHTON" IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE the best situated, best finished and handsomest of any southern hotel, containing all modern improvements; such as electric bells, gas in every room, speaking tubes and system of water pipes on every floor for extinguishing fire, etc. Also perfect system of drainage throughout the house.

The hotel will be thrown open to the public on Wednesday evening June 18, on which occasion a grand promenade concert and reception will be given by Reeves's famous military band and orchestra—25 pieces—from Providence, R. I.; D. W. Reeves, director.

Special rates by railroads. All information may be obtained by addressing
G. T. ALFORD,
P. O. Box 386, Charleston, S. C

SALE OF
JNO. H. JAMES PROPERTY

MESSRS. W. J. GARRETT AND A. D. ADAIR have been appointed assignees by John H. James to wind up his bank affairs and the date and details of sale of real estate, etc., will be advertised in due time by the assignees.
G. W. ADAIR.

TO THE CREDITORS OF MR. JOHN H. JAMES.

ALL PERSONS OUT OF THE CITY OF ATLANTA holding certificates of deposit or interest bearing notes will please forward their address to the undersigned. We desire to place in your hands a circular prepared for the information of all creditors.
I. W. AVERY,
ANTHONY MURPHY,
A. H. COX,
Sub-Committee.

IUKA NORMAL INSTITUTE, IUKA, MISS.

THE SUMMER TERM (SIX WEEKS) OF THIS flourishing institution, will begin June 16, 1884. Teachers and students who wish to devote six weeks to study and recreation, preparatory to next year's work, will do well to attend this summer school. Entire expenses, $25. Commencement exercises, June 11-13. In addition to school advantages, Iuka is a noted health resort. Principals Dean & Newhart will answer any inquiries.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA

SHORT LINE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., March 29th, 1884.

On and after March 31st, trains on this road will run as follows:

Trains.	No. 59.	No. 51.
Leave Athens	9:15 a m	3:30 p m
Arrive at Lula	11:15 am	6:00 p m
Arrive at Tallulah Falls	2:00 p m	12:23 p m
Arrive at Atlanta	2:08 p m	
Trains.	**No. 50.**	**No. 52.**
Leave Tallulah Falls	8:30 a m	
Leave Atlanta	8:45 a m	3:50 p m
Arrive at Lula	10:45 a m	6:35 p m
Arrive at Athens	2:00 p m	8:10 p m

Trains daily, Sundays excepted. All trains make close connection at Lula for passenger trains on Air Line railroad both east and west.
H. R. BERNARD, Superintendent.
MERCER SLAUGHTER, G. P. A.

OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION,
ATLANTA, Ga., May 27th, 1884.

CIRCULAR NO. 48.

SWITCHING AND TRACKAGE CHARGES.

1. On and after July the first, 1884, a charge of no more than two dollars per car will be allowed for switching or transferring cars from any point on any road to any connecting road or warehouse within a space of three miles from starting point.

2. When, in the transfer of cars between said points, it is necessary to pass over the line of any intermediate road, said intermediate road shall charge no more than one dollar per car for the use of its tracks.

3. When a charge is made for the transfer of loaded cars between said points, no additional charge shall be made for the return of said cars.

4. Nothing in this circular shall be construed as authorizing any railroad company to charge for services as required in the act of the General Assembly, approved September 28th, 1883, which is entitled "An act to compel railroad companies in this State to receive from connecting railroads all freights when tendered in cars, and for other purposes."

A. C. BRISCOE, Secretary.
CAMPBELL WALLACE, Chairman Pro Tem.

OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION,
ATLANTA, Ga., May 27th, 1884.

CIRCULAR NO. 49.

Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern, and Augusta and Knoxville Railroad Companies.

PASSENGER TARIFF.

On and after July the first, 1884, the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern, and the Augusta and Knoxville Railroad Companies will be placed in Class A of passenger rates.

A. C. BRISCOE, Secretary.
CAMPBELL WALLACE, Chairman Pro Tem.

OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION,
ATLANTA, Ga., May 27th, 1884.

CIRCULAR NO. 50.

1. On and after July the first, 1884, the Louisville and Wadley, the Talbotton, the Elberton, the Hartwell, the Lawrenceville, and the Roswell Railroad Companies, will be allowed to charge no more than the "Standard Tariff" on all classes of freight, with twenty-five (25) per cent added.

2. All circulars and parts of circulars in conflict with the above are hereby repealed.

A. C. BRISCOE, Secretary.
CAMPBELL WALLACE, Chairman Pro Tem.

POISON

In the blood is apt to show itself in the Spring, and nature should by all means be assisted in throwing it off. Swift's Specific does this effectively. It is a purely vegetable, non poisonous remedy, which helps nature to force all the poison or taint out through the pores of the skin.

Mr. Robert A. Easley, of Dickson, Tenn., writes under date March 10, 1884: "I had chills and fever followed by rheumatism, for three years, so that I was not able to attend to my business; had tried almost every kind of medicine and found no relief. A friend recommended Swift's Specific. I tried one bottle and my health began to improve. I continued until I had taken six bottles, and it has set me on my feet as sound and well as ever. I recommend it to all similarly afflicted."

Letters from twenty-three (23) of the leading retail druggists of Atlanta say, under date March 24, 1884: "We sell more of Swift's Specific than any other one remedy, and three to ten times as much as any other blood medicine. We sell it to all classes, and many of the best families use it as a general health tonic."

I am sure that Swift's Specific saved my life. I was terribly poisoned with malaria, and was given up to die. Swift's Specific relieved me promptly and entirely. I think it is the greatest remedy of the age.
C. G. SPENCER,
Sup't Gas Works, Rome, Ga.

I have known and used Swift's Specific for more than twenty years, and have seen more wonderful results from its use than from any remedy in or out of the Pharmacopœia. It is a certain and safe antidote to all sorts of Blood Poison.
J. DICKSON SMITH, M. D.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

N. Y. Office, 159 W. 23d St., bet. 6th and 7th avs.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

Mrs. Mary B. Welch, Teacher of Domestic Economy at the Iowa State Agricultural College, says:

"I can unhesitating commend the Charter Oak Range, with the wonderful wire gauze oven door, made by the Excelsior Manufacturing Co., of St. Louis, and invented by Mr. Giles F. Filley, as the best cooking apparatus within my knowledge, and one that will not fail in any respect to give the fullest satisfaction to all who may use it."

CHARTER OAK RANGES

FOR SALE BY A. P. STEWART & CO.
No. 9 Whitehall street.

DEBILITY of the Generative Organs quickly cured by the CIVIALE METHOD. Adopted in all the HOSPITALS OF FRANCE. Prompt return of VIGOR. Simple cases, $3 to $5. Severe ones, $8 to $12. Pamphlet Free. Civiale Remedial Agency, 160 Fulton St., New York.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, Ga., April 6th, 1884.

Commencing Sunday, 6th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:

FAST LINE.
NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

L've Augusta..........7 40 am
L've Athens..........8 05 pm
L've Gainesville..........5 30 am
Ar. Atlanta..........1 00 pm

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta..........2 45 pm
Leave Gainesville..........5 30 am
Arrive Athens..........7 15 pm
Arrive Augusta..........8 05 pm

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

NO. 2 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 25 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Gainesville	9 15 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
Ar. Athens	4 40 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Washington	2 45 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 30 am
" Milledg'v'e	4 49 pm	" Athens	9 35 am
Ar Macon	6 45 pm	Ar. Gainesville	9 15 pm
", Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 50 pm	Lv. Augusta	9 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 10 am	Ar. Atlanta	6 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Decatur	6 36 pm	L've Decatur	7 30 am
Ar. Covington	8 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR TRAIN.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	3 50 pm	Lv. Decatur	4 30 pm
Ar. Decatur	4 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 00 pm

CLARKSTOWN TRAIN.

Lv. Atlanta	11 40 am	Lv. Clarkston	12 37 pm
Lv. Decatur	12 10 pm	Lv. Decatur	12 53 pm
Ar. Clarkston	12 25 pm	Ar. Atlanta	1 25 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Belair, Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Berzelia, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

JOHN W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager.
E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass Agent.

M. AND B.

READ THE FOLLOWING ORDERS IN RAPID SUCCESSION.

MONTGOMERY OIL WORKS,
MONTGOMERY, Ala., September 28, 1883.

Messrs. Haile & Mower, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sirs: Send me half dozen bottles Mandrake and Buchu. It is the best medice in the world. If its virtues were known to all, as by accident it became known to my family, what suffering would be relieved and what benefactors you would be to the world. Yours truly,
W. P. TANNER, Treasurer.

M. AND B.

MONTGOMERY OIL WORKS,
MONTGOMERY, Ala, October 2d, 1883.

Messrs. Haile & Mower, Atlanta, Ga.—My Dear Sirs: Your favor to hand. The Elixir came by express. Herein please find two dollars for same. If I knew one single sufferer would read my certificate and try your medicine, would feel that I had done a great wrong to refuse its publication. If you knew the relief it has brought to suffering ones in my family you would not wonder at my warm and hearty indorsement. The medicine by mere chance fell into my wife's hands while at Athens last summer; and were you to hear her talk of its effect upon her and our married daughter, you would feel glad that you had any agency in working such a revolution in their health and bringing back to them newness of life. With a wish for your success, I am most truly,
W. P. TANNER, Treasurer.

M. AND B.

MONTGOMERY OIL WORKS,
MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 21st, 1884.

Messrs. Haile & Mower.—Gentlemen: The M and B came in due time. Under cover find two dollars for same. When your Mr. Mower comes over I will go with him to our druggists and say to them all that can be said for any remedy.

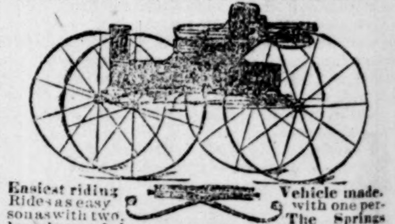
I can only see one objection any dealer could possibly have to keeping it, viz—it would surely stop the sale of all similar compounds.
W. P. TANNER, Treasurer.

M. AND B.

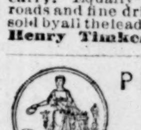
Prices 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists generally. Manufactured solely by
HAILE & MOWER,
88 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL.
For circulars, address T. Æ. MEANS.

TIMKEN SPRING VEHICLES!



Easiest riding Vehicle made. Rides as easy with one person as with two. The Springs lengthen and shorten according to the weight they carry. Equally well adapted to rough country roads and fine drives of cities. Manufactured and sold by all the leading Carriage Builders and Dealers.
Henry Timken, Patentee, St. Louis, Mo.



PRIZE OF
£660
GOLD MEDAL.

VINOUS ELIXIR
QUINA LAROCHE
of the three
Peruvian barks. A most powerful Restorer in General Debility, Exhaustion, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Slow Convalescence, & the effects of Malarial Fevers.
PARIS, 22, RUE DROUOT
NEW YORK: E. FOUGERA & CO.
Laroche

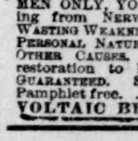
30 DAYS' TRIAL

(BEFORE.)

DR. DYE'S

(AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address
VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.



DR. BETT'S MEDICAL DISPENSARY
31 West 9th St., Cincinnati, O.

The physicians of this Dispensary have secured a world-wide reputation for speedily curing Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Liver, Kidney and Urinary Troubles, Blood and Skin Diseases.

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN, who are suffering from the terrible effects of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Manhood, Youthful Indiscretions, Self-abuse, or Excess of any kind, and who now finds its nerves weakened, has lascivious dreams, and nocturnal emissions, is debilitated, emaciated, weak, melancholy, absent-minded, dull, listless, and finds his life a burden.

A Cure is guaranteed in every case, as our remedies act quickly and cure permanently.

Patients treated in all parts of the world.

DR. BETTS, the consulting physician, is a graduate from four medical colleges, 25 years experience and extensive practice in England, France and America. Pamphlets and list of Questions mailed free.

THE A
VOLUME XVI.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

MR. TURNER'S MAGNIFICENT SPEECH COMPLIMENTED.

The Mexican Bill Under Debate in the Senate—The Pauper Clause Stricken Out—Mr. Beck on Old Men's Marriages—Mr. Brown to Reply to Mr. Hoar on Mormonism, Etc.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—[Special.]—Mr. Turner's speech in the Wallace-McKinley case continues the common topic of congressional gossip. The Post pronounces it the strongest argument ever made in a contested election in congress, and says "he skinned Mr. Renney alive." Mr. Turner has more than justified the anticipations of his friends, and he ranks beyond question among the big brains, and rapidly rising men of congress.

THE MEXICAN BILL.

The debate on the Mexican veteran bill in the senate to-day was moving on smoothly, and the bill was about to go through in its most liberal form, when Mr. Jackson, of Tennessee, made an alleged constitutional argument in favor of the proposed pauper clause in the bill. The speech was generally regretted by the southern men, and the senate answered it by disagreeing to the committee amendment, and voted in favor of pensioning all the survivors of that heroic war. Several other amendments are pending, but Senator Brown thinks the bill will be passed in almost the exact shape it came from the house.

THE MORMON BILL.

Mr. Brown will reply to Mr. Hoar's Mormon speech when the bill comes up again. He will give Mr. Hoar some more plain Anglo-Saxon, which he yesterday used in describing the social condition of New England.

THE MEXICAN PENSIONS.

An Unfortunate Speech by Senator Jackson—The Pauper Clause Stricken Out.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—In the senate, among the bills reported favorably from the committees and placed on the calendar were the following:

By Mr. Hoar, from the committee on claims, to reimburse several states for interest paid on war loans; also to require the payment in cash to the state of Georgia of $35,555.42 appropriated for said state by an act passed last year to refund certain money expended by that state in the common defense in 1777.

Mr. Hoar moved to put the bill upon its passage, explaining that the money was withheld by the treasury department as an offset to Georgia's share of the war tax. The other southern states not having been compelled to pay that tax, it would, in the opinion of the committee on claims, be unjust to insist at present on the payment by Georgia. If by any future action congress should require these states to pay the tax, Georgia would, of course, be subject to the provision, but as that state had expended this money in cash for the common defense of the colonies during the revolutionary war, it should be refunded in cash.

Mr. Voorhees while favoring the bill, objected to its immediate consideration in deference to the pressing claims of the Mexican pension bill.

Mr. Brown appealed to Mr. Voorhees to let the bill pass at once, but Mr. Voorhees would not yield.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the Mexican pension bill was then taken up. The pending question was upon Mr. Logan's motion to strike out part of the amendment proposed by the senate pension committee, that "limits the pension to ex-soldiers and ex-sailors who are dependent in whole or in part on their own labor, or on assistance from others." Mr. Allison said that giving a pension to women who should, after the passage of this act, marry ex-soldiers of the Mexican war, would be establishing a precedent that had not been observed as to prior wars.

Mr. Beck remarked that the youngest of the Mexican veterans was now 62 years old, and if he married at all after that time he would be sure to marry a young woman, and under the proposed amendments, we should have to pay these young women a pension as long as they may live.

Mr. Logan inquired why it was assumed that he would marry a young woman.

Mr. Beck replied that there is a rule with old men, that the older the man, the younger the woman that he will marry. I have no doubt he would marry very young women. (Laughter.)

Mr. Jackson, supporting the amendment, said that [illegible] Mexican soldiers [illegible] as any senator, but he did not believe that pensioning for services was a correct principle. The pensions should be confined to the disabled and the needy. The senate committee's amendment provided for that. [illegible]

The debate on the Mexican pension bill was accordingly continued by Messrs. Logan, McPherson, Sherman, Call and others. [illegible]

Mr. Call thought that the Mexican soldiers [illegible]

Mr. Maxey regretted that the pauper clause had been stricken out [illegible]

Mr. Morgan, in expressing the hope that it would pass as it came from the house, delivered an eloquent eulogium on our Mexican army, [illegible]

Mr. VanWyck asked if Mr. Morgan would give way for a question.

Mr. Morgan said yes.

Mr. VanWyck remarked that he would like to ask the senator from Alabama a question, [illegible]

Mr. Morgan retorted warmly: "Don't include me in your category, I am a gentleman."

Mr. Vanwyck said he [illegible]

Mr. Morgan said there would be no compli[illegible]